



**REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**  
**OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT**  
**NATIONAL IRRIGATION ADMINISTRATION**  
**REGIONAL OFFICE NO. VII (CENTRAL VISAYAS)**



# **ESTABLISHMENT OF PUMP IRRIGATION PROJECTS**

**Construction and Installation of Solar Powered  
Pump Irrigation Projects with AI Satellite-Assisted  
Monitoring and Fertigation System**

**RIO-LMC-04-2025**

**3 June 2025**

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# ***Glossary of Terms, Abbreviations, and Acronyms***

**ABC** – Approved Budget for the Contract.

**ARCC** – Allowable Range of Contract Cost.

**BAC** – Bids and Awards Committee.

**Bid** – A signed offer or proposal to undertake a contract submitted by a bidder in response to and in consonance with the requirements of the bidding documents. Also referred to as *Proposal* and *Tender*. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[c])

**Bidder** – Refers to a contractor, manufacturer, supplier, distributor and/or consultant who submits a bid in response to the requirements of the Bidding Documents. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[d])

**Bidding Documents** – The documents issued by the Procuring Entity as the bases for bids, furnishing all information necessary for a prospective bidder to prepare a bid for the Goods, Infrastructure Projects, and/or Consulting Services required by the Procuring Entity. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[e])

**BIR** – Bureau of Internal Revenue.

**BSP** – Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas.

**CDA** – Cooperative Development Authority.

**Consulting Services** – Refer to services for Infrastructure Projects and other types of projects or activities of the GOP requiring adequate external technical and professional expertise that are beyond the capability and/or capacity of the GOP to undertake such as, but not limited to: (i) advisory and review services; (ii) pre-investment or feasibility studies; (iii) design; (iv) construction supervision; (v) management and related services; and (vi) other technical services or special studies. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[i])

**Contract** – Refers to the agreement entered into between the Procuring Entity and the Supplier or Manufacturer or Distributor or Service Provider for procurement of Goods and Services; Contractor for Procurement of Infrastructure Projects; or Consultant or Consulting Firm for Procurement of Consulting Services; as the case may be, as recorded in the Contract Form signed by the parties, including all attachments and appendices thereto and all documents incorporated by reference therein.

**Contractor** – is a natural or juridical entity whose proposal was accepted by the Procuring Entity and to whom the Contract to execute the Work was awarded. Contractor as used in these Bidding Documents may likewise refer to a supplier, distributor, manufacturer, or consultant.

**CPI** – Consumer Price Index.

**DOLE** – Department of Labor and Employment.

**DTI** – Department of Trade and Industry.

**Foreign-funded Procurement or Foreign-Assisted Project** – Refers to procurement whose funding source is from a foreign government, foreign or international financing institution as

specified in the Treaty or International or Executive Agreement. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[b]).

**GFI** – Government Financial Institution.

**GOCC** – Government-owned and/or –controlled corporation.

**Goods** – Refer to all items, supplies, materials and general support services, except Consulting Services and Infrastructure Projects, which may be needed in the transaction of public businesses or in the pursuit of any government undertaking, project or activity, whether in the nature of equipment, furniture, stationery, materials for construction, or personal property of any kind, including non-personal or contractual services such as the repair and maintenance of equipment and furniture, as well as trucking, hauling, janitorial, security, and related or analogous services, as well as procurement of materials and supplies provided by the Procuring Entity for such services. The term “related” or “analogous services” shall include, but is not limited to, lease or purchase of office space, media advertisements, health maintenance services, and other services essential to the operation of the Procuring Entity. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[r])

**GOP** – Government of the Philippines.

**Infrastructure Projects** – Include the construction, improvement, rehabilitation, demolition, repair, restoration or maintenance of roads and bridges, railways, airports, seaports, communication facilities, civil works components of information technology projects, irrigation, flood control and drainage, water supply, sanitation, sewerage and solid waste management systems, shore protection, energy/power and electrification facilities, national buildings, school buildings, hospital buildings, and other related construction projects of the government. Also referred to as *civil works or works*. (2016 revised IRR, Section 5[u])

**LGUs** – Local Government Units.

**NFCC** – Net Financial Contracting Capacity.

**NGA** – National Government Agency.

**PCAB** – Philippine Contractors Accreditation Board.

**PhilGEPS** - Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System.

**Procurement Project** – refers to a specific or identified procurement covering goods, infrastructure project or consulting services. A Procurement Project shall be described, detailed, and scheduled in the Project Procurement Management Plan prepared by the agency which shall be consolidated in the procuring entity's Annual Procurement Plan. (GPPB Circular No. 06-2019 dated 17 July 2019)

**PSA** – Philippine Statistics Authority.

**SEC** – Securities and Exchange Commission.

**SLCC** – Single Largest Completed Contract.

**UN** – United Nations.

## ***Section I. Invitation to Bid***



## INVITATION TO BID

### ESTABLISHMENT OF PUMP IRRIGATION PROJECTS

#### Construction and Installation of Solar Powered Pump Irrigation Projects with AI Satellite-Assisted Monitoring and Fertigation System

1. National Irrigation Administration - Regional Office 7 (NIA-RO7), through the General Appropriation Act – Establishment of Pump Irrigation Project (GAA-EPIP) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2025 intends to apply the sum of **Ninety Seven Million Twenty Five Thousand One Hundred Fifty Pesos and 83/100 (Php 97,025,150.83)** being the Approved Budget for the Contract (ABC) to payment under contract for **Establishment of Pump Irrigation Project (Construction and Installation of Solar Powered Pump Irrigation Projects with AI Satellite-Assisted Monitoring and Fertigation System)** with Contract No. **RIO-LMC-04-2025**. Bids received in excess of the ABC shall be automatically rejected at bid opening.
2. The NIA-RO7 now invites bid for the above Procurement Project. Completion of the Work is required **One Hundred Eighty (180) calendar days**. Bidders should have completed a contract similar to the project. The description of an eligible bidder is contained in the Bidding Documents, particularly, in Section II. Instruction to Bidders.
3. Bidding will be conducted through open competitive bidding procedures using non-discretionary “*pass/fail*” criterion as specified in the 2016 revised Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of Republic Act (RA) No. 9184.
4. Interested Bidders may obtain further information from the NIA-RO7 and inspect Bidding Documents at the address given below from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM except during declared (special & regular) holidays and weekends.
- 5 A complete set of Bidding Documents may be acquired by interested Bidders who were able to log-in in the Philippine Government Electronic Procurement System (PhilGEPS) wherein the name of the company will be reflected in the Documents Request List of the Bid Notice Abstract of the Procuring Entity, from **June 3, 2025, 8:00 AM to June 23, 2025, 1:00 PM** during office hour from the given address and website(s) below & upon presentation of the payment from NIA-RO7 Cashier of non-refundable fee of **Fifty Thousand Pesos (Php 50,000.00)** only. The Procuring Entity shall allow the bidder to present its proof of payment for the fees in person, or through electronic means.  
  
Interested Bidders’ representatives must also present a letter duly signed by the General Manager/Owner, if a Sole Proprietorship, or authorized Signatory if a Corporation, authorizing him/her to acquire the Bidding Documents.
6. The NIA-RO7 will hold a Pre-Bid Conference on **June 11, 2025, 10:00 AM** at **NIA Regional Office 7 Conference Room, Dao District, Tagbilaran City, Bohol** and/or through videoconferencing/webcasting via Google Meet, which shall be open to prospective bidders.

7. Bids must be duly received by the BAC Secretariat through manual submission at the office address as indicated below on or before **June 23, 2025, 2:00 PM**. Late bids shall not be accepted.
8. All bids must be accompanied by a bid security in any of the acceptable forms and in the amount stated in ITB Clause 18.
9. Bid opening shall be on **June 23, 2025, 2:00 PM at NIA Regional Office 7 Conference Room, Dao District, Tagbilaran City, Bohol** and/or through video conferencing/webcasting Google Meet. Bids will be opened in the presence of the bidders' representatives who choose to attend the activity.
10. The NIA-RO7, reserves the right to reject any and all bids, declare a failure of bidding, or not award the contract at any time prior to contract award in accordance with Sections 35.6 and 41 of the 2016 revised Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of RA No. 9184, without thereby incurring any liability to the affected bidder or bidders.
11. For further information, please refer to:  
NIA-RO7, BAC Secretariat  
J.A. Clarin St., Dao District  
Tagbilaran City, Bohol  
Email Address: niaro7.bacsec@gmail.com  
Telephone No. (038) 501 9421/ (038) 427 1018
12. You may visit the website ([region7.nia.gov.ph](http://region7.nia.gov.ph) and PhilGEPS) for downloading of Bidding Documents.

June 3, 2025

**(Sgd.) ENGR. ALLAN F. REVITA**  
BAC Vice Chairperson



## ***Section II. Instructions to Bidders***

## 1. Scope of Bid

The Procuring Entity, *National Irrigation Administration - Regional Office 7 (NIA-RO7)* invites Bids for the **ESTABLISHMENT OF PUMP IRRIGATION PROJECTS (Construction and Installation of Solar Powered Pump Irrigation Projects with AI Satellite-Assisted Monitoring and Fertigation System)** with Project Identification Number **RIO-LMC-04-2025**.

*[Note: The Project Identification Number is assigned by the Procuring Entity based on its own coding scheme and is not the same as the PhilGEPS reference number, which is generated after the posting of the bid opportunity on the PhilGEPS website.]*

The Procurement Project (referred to herein as “Project”) is for the construction of Works, as described in Section VI (Specifications).

## 2. Funding Information

2.1. The GOP through the source of funding as indicated below for FY 2025 in the amount of **Php 97,025,150.83**.

2.2. The source of funding is:

a. NGA, the General Appropriations Act or Special Appropriations.

## 3. Bidding Requirements

The Bidding for the Project shall be governed by all the provisions of RA No. 9184 and its 2016 revised IRR, including its Generic Procurement Manual and associated policies, rules and regulations as the primary source thereof, while the herein clauses shall serve as the secondary source thereof.

Any amendments made to the IRR and other GPPB issuances shall be applicable only to the ongoing posting, advertisement, or invitation to bid by the BAC through the issuance of a supplemental or bid bulletin.

The Bidder, by the act of submitting its Bid, shall be deemed to have inspected the site, determined the general characteristics of the contracted Works and the conditions for this Project, such as the location and the nature of the work; (b) climatic conditions; (c) transportation facilities; (c) nature and condition of the terrain, geological conditions at the site communication facilities, requirements, location and availability of construction aggregates and other materials, labor, water, electric power and access roads; and (d) other factors that may affect the cost, duration and execution or implementation of the contract, project, or work and examine all instructions, forms, terms, and project requirements in the Bidding Documents.

#### **4. Corrupt, Fraudulent, Collusive, Coercive, and Obstructive Practices**

The Procuring Entity, as well as the Bidders and Contractors, shall observe the highest standard of ethics during the procurement and execution of the contract. They or through an agent shall not engage in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, and obstructive practices defined under Annex “I” of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184 or other integrity violations in competing for the Project.

#### **5. Eligible Bidders**

- 5.1. Only Bids of Bidders found to be legally, technically, and financially capable will be evaluated.
- 5.2. The Bidder must have an experience of having completed a Single Largest Completed Contract (SLCC) that is similar to this Project, equivalent to at least fifty percent (50%) of the ABC adjusted, if necessary, by the Bidder to current prices using the PSA’s CPI, except under conditions provided for in Section 23.4.2.4 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184.

A contract is considered to be “similar” to the contract to be bid if it has the major categories of work stated in the **BDS**.

- 5.3. For Foreign-funded Procurement, the Procuring Entity and the foreign government/foreign or international financing institution may agree on another track record requirement, as specified in the Bidding Document prepared for this purpose.
- 5.4. The Bidders shall comply with the eligibility criteria under Section 23.4.2 of the 2016 IRR of RA No. 9184.

#### **6. Origin of Associated Goods**

There is no restriction on the origin of Goods other than those prohibited by a decision of the UN Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the UN.

#### **7. Subcontracts**

- 7.1. The Bidder may subcontract portions of the Project to the extent allowed by the Procuring Entity as stated herein, but in no case more than fifty percent (50%) of the Project.

The Procuring Entity has prescribed that:

- a. Subcontracting is not allowed.

## **8. Pre-Bid Conference**

The Procuring Entity will hold a pre-bid conference for this Project on the specified date and time and either at its physical address and/or through videoconferencing/webcasting} as indicated in paragraph 6 of the **IB**.

## **9. Clarification and Amendment of Bidding Documents**

Prospective bidders may request for clarification on and/or interpretation of any part of the Bidding Documents. Such requests must be in writing and received by the Procuring Entity, either at its given address or through electronic mail indicated in the **IB**, at least ten (10) calendar days before the deadline set for the submission and receipt of Bids.

## **10. Documents Comprising the Bid: Eligibility and Technical Components**

- 10.1. The first envelope shall contain the eligibility and technical documents of the Bid as specified in **Section IX. Checklist of Technical and Financial Documents**.
- 10.2. If the eligibility requirements or statements, the bids, and all other documents for submission to the BAC are in foreign language other than English, it must be accompanied by a translation in English, which shall be authenticated by the appropriate Philippine foreign service establishment, post, or the equivalent office having jurisdiction over the foreign bidder's affairs in the Philippines. For Contracting Parties to the Apostille Convention, only the translated documents shall be authenticated through an apostille pursuant to GPPB Resolution No. 13-2019 dated 23 May 2019. The English translation shall govern, for purposes of interpretation of the bid.
- 10.3. A valid special PCAB License in case of Joint Ventures, and registration for the type and cost of the contract for this Project. Any additional type of Contractor license or permit shall be indicated in the **BDS**.
- 10.4. A List of Contractor's key personnel (e.g., Project Manager, Project Engineers, Materials Engineers, and Foremen) assigned to the contract to be bid, with their complete qualification and experience data shall be provided. These key personnel must meet the required minimum years of experience set in the **BDS**.
- 10.5. A List of Contractor's major equipment units, which are owned, leased, and/or under purchase agreements, supported by proof of ownership, certification of availability of equipment from the equipment lessor/vendor for the duration of the project, as the case may be, must meet the minimum requirements for the contract set in the **BDS**.

## **11. Documents Comprising the Bid: Financial Component**

- 11.1. The second bid envelope shall contain the financial documents for the Bid as specified in **Section IX. Checklist of Technical and Financial Documents**.

- 11.2. Any bid exceeding the ABC indicated in paragraph 1 of the **IB** shall not be accepted.
- 11.3. For Foreign-funded procurement, a ceiling may be applied to bid prices provided the conditions are met under Section 31.2 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184.

## **12. Alternative Bids**

Bidders shall submit offers that comply with the requirements of the Bidding Documents, including the basic technical design as indicated in the drawings and specifications. Unless there is a value engineering clause in the **BDS**, alternative Bids shall not be accepted.

## **13. Bid Prices**

All bid prices for the given scope of work in the Project as awarded shall be considered as fixed prices, and therefore not subject to price escalation during contract implementation, except under extraordinary circumstances as determined by the NEDA and approved by the GPPB pursuant to the revised Guidelines for Contract Price Escalation guidelines.

## **14. Bid and Payment Currencies**

- 14.1. Bid prices may be quoted in the local currency or tradeable currency accepted by the BSP at the discretion of the Bidder. However, for purposes of bid evaluation, Bids denominated in foreign currencies shall be converted to Philippine currency based on the exchange rate as published in the BSP reference rate bulletin on the day of the bid opening.
- 14.2. *Payment of the contract price shall be made in:*
  - a. Philippine Pesos.

## **15. Bid Security**

- 15.1. The Bidder shall submit a Bid Securing Declaration or any form of Bid Security in the amount indicated in the **BDS**, which shall be not less than the percentage of the ABC in accordance with the schedule in the **BDS**.
- 15.2. The Bid and bid security shall be valid for a period of 120 calendar days from the date of the opening of bids. Any bid not accompanied by an acceptable bid security shall be rejected by the Procuring Entity as non-responsive.

## **16. Sealing and Marking of Bids**

Each Bidder shall submit one copy of the first and second components of its Bid.

The Procuring Entity may request additional hard copies and/or electronic copies of the Bid. However, failure of the Bidders to comply with the said request shall not be a ground for disqualification.

If the Procuring Entity allows the submission of bids through online submission to the given website or any other electronic means, the Bidder shall submit an electronic copy of its Bid, which must be digitally signed. An electronic copy that cannot be opened or is corrupted shall be considered non-responsive and, thus, automatically disqualified.

## **17. Deadline for Submission of Bids**

The Bidders shall submit on the specified date and time and either at its physical address or through online submission as indicated in paragraph 7 of the **IB**.

## **18. Opening and Preliminary Examination of Bids**

18.1. The BAC shall open the Bids in public at the time, on the date, and at the place specified in paragraph 9 of the **IB**. The Bidders' representatives who are present shall sign a register evidencing their attendance. In case videoconferencing, webcasting or other similar technologies will be used, attendance of participants shall likewise be recorded by the BAC Secretariat.

In case the Bids cannot be opened as scheduled due to justifiable reasons, the rescheduling requirements under Section 29 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184 shall prevail.

18.2. The preliminary examination of Bids shall be governed by Section 30 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184.

## **19. Detailed Evaluation and Comparison of Bids**

19.1. The Procuring Entity's BAC shall immediately conduct a detailed evaluation of all Bids rated "*passed*" using non-discretionary pass/fail criteria. The BAC shall consider the conditions in the evaluation of Bids under Section 32.2 of 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184.

19.2. If the Project allows partial bids, all Bids and combinations of Bids as indicated in the **BDS** shall be received by the same deadline and opened and evaluated simultaneously so as to determine the Bid or combination of Bids offering the lowest calculated cost to the Procuring Entity. Bid Security as required by **ITB** Clause 15 shall be submitted for each contract (lot) separately.

19.3. In all cases, the NFCC computation pursuant to Section 23.4.2.6 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184 must be sufficient for the total of the ABCs for all the lots participated in by the prospective Bidder.

## **20. Post Qualification**

Within a non-extendible period of five (5) calendar days from receipt by the Bidder of the notice from the BAC that it submitted the Lowest Calculated Bid, the Bidder shall

submit its latest income and business tax returns filed and paid through the BIR Electronic Filing and Payment System (eFPS), and other appropriate licenses and permits required by law and stated in the **BDS**.

## **21. Signing of the Contract**

The documents required in Section 37.2 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184 shall form part of the Contract. Additional Contract documents are indicated in the **BDS**.

### ***Section III. Bid Data Sheet***



# Bid Data Sheet

ITB Clause																		
5.1	Only Bids of Bidders found to be legally, technically, and financially capable will be evaluated.																	
5.2	The Bidder must have an experience of having completed a Single Largest Completed Contract (SLCC) that is similar to this Project, equivalent to at least fifty percent (50%) of the ABC adjusted, if necessary, by the Bidder to current prices using the PSA’s CPI, except under conditions provided for in Section 23.4.2.4 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184. A contract is considered to be “similar” to the contract to be bid if it has the major categories of work stated <b>Irrigation and Flood Control, Pumps or Solar, Mechanical &amp; Electrical, Drilling</b>																	
7.1	<i>Sub-contracting is not allowed</i>																	
10.3	PCAB license for the following category:  at least “ <b>Medium B</b> ”, license category “ <b>A</b> ” for “ <b>Irrigation and Flood Control</b> ” at least “ <b>Medium B</b> ”, license category “ <b>A</b> ” for “ <b>Mechanical Work</b> ” at least “ <b>Small B</b> ”, license category “ <b>A</b> ” for “ <b>Electrical Work</b> ” with specialty - “ <b>Electro Mechanical Works</b> ”																	
10.4	The key personnel must meet the required minimum years of experience set below: <table><tr><th><u>Key Personnel</u></th><th></th><th><u>Relevant Experience</u></th></tr><tr><td>1 – Project Manager</td><td>-</td><td>Preferably Technical individual with at least eight (8) years’ experience as Project Manager;</td></tr><tr><td>4 – Project Engineer</td><td>-</td><td>A licensed Civil Engineer with at least five (5) years’ experience as Project Engineer in similar works;</td></tr><tr><td>2 – Safety Officer</td><td>-</td><td>With Training Certificate and with at least three (3) years’ experience as Safety Officer;</td></tr><tr><td>7 - Foreman</td><td>-</td><td>with at least five (5) years’ experience as Foreman in similar works;</td></tr></table>			<u>Key Personnel</u>		<u>Relevant Experience</u>	1 – Project Manager	-	Preferably Technical individual with at least eight (8) years’ experience as Project Manager;	4 – Project Engineer	-	A licensed Civil Engineer with at least five (5) years’ experience as Project Engineer in similar works;	2 – Safety Officer	-	With Training Certificate and with at least three (3) years’ experience as Safety Officer;	7 - Foreman	-	with at least five (5) years’ experience as Foreman in similar works;
<u>Key Personnel</u>		<u>Relevant Experience</u>																
1 – Project Manager	-	Preferably Technical individual with at least eight (8) years’ experience as Project Manager;																
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7 - Foreman	-	with at least five (5) years’ experience as Foreman in similar works;																
	<table><tr><td>1 – Electrical Engineer</td><td>-</td><td>with at least five (5) years’ experience in similar works;</td></tr><tr><td>1 – Mechanical Engineer</td><td>-</td><td>with at least five (5) years’ experience in similar works;</td></tr></table>	1 – Electrical Engineer	-	with at least five (5) years’ experience in similar works;	1 – Mechanical Engineer	-	with at least five (5) years’ experience in similar works;											
1 – Electrical Engineer	-	with at least five (5) years’ experience in similar works;																
1 – Mechanical Engineer	-	with at least five (5) years’ experience in similar works;																

1 – Office Engineer	-	With at least two (2) years' experience as Office Engineer and a graduate of any technical courses related to Engineering. Can handle a maximum of two projects;
1 – Surveyor	-	With at least two (2) years' experience as Surveyor. Can manage a maximum of two projects if the project site is not adjacent, or a maximum of three projects if the projects are nearby;
7 – Plumber	-	With at least two (2) years' experience as plumber and other related works;
7 - Welder	-	With at least two (2) years' experience as welder and other related works;
1 – Materials Engineer	-	With at least five (5) years' experience as Materials Engineer duly accredited by the DPWH provided that the limits of:
1 - Materials Engineer - With at least two (2) years' experience as Materials Engineer duly accredited by the DPWH provided that the limits of		
Classification	Max. No. of Projects	Max. Projects/ Aggregate Cost (Php)
Materials Engineer I	1	<500Million
	2	<450Million
	3	<400Million
	4	<350Million
	5	<300Million
Materials Engineer II	1	No limit
	2	<500Million
	3	<450Million
	4	<400Million
	5	<350Million

10.5	<p>The minimum major equipment requirements are the following:</p> <table><tr><th></th><th>Equipment</th><th>Capacity</th><th>Number of Units</th></tr><tr><td>1.</td><td>Cargo/Dump truck</td><td>4 cu.m.</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>2.</td><td>Concrete Mixer</td><td>1 Bagger</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>3.</td><td>Welding Machine</td><td>300A</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>4.</td><td>Bar cutter (manual or cut-off)</td><td></td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>5.</td><td>Concrete Vibrator</td><td></td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>6.</td><td>Vibratory Plate/Rammer Compactor</td><td></td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>7.</td><td>Survey Instrument (Automatic Level/Total Station)</td><td>set</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>8.</td><td>Concrete Cylinder Molds *Note: 1 set = 3cylinder molds</td><td>sets</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>9</td><td>Water Pump</td><td>10Hp</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>10.</td><td>Backhoe (hydraulic)</td><td>0.40 cu.m.</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>11.</td><td>Electrical Tools (set)</td><td>set</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>12.</td><td>Plumbing Tools (set)</td><td>set</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>13.</td><td>Butt Fusion Machine</td><td>set</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>14.</td><td>Compressor</td><td>(160cfm)</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>15.</td><td>Generator Set</td><td>(≥ 25 kVA)</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>16.</td><td>Submersible Pump (for pump testing)</td><td>10HP/15HP</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>17.</td><td>Cut-off Machine</td><td>14” diameter</td><td>3</td></tr></table>		Equipment	Capacity	Number of Units	1.	Cargo/Dump truck	4 cu.m.	3	2.	Concrete Mixer	1 Bagger	7	3.	Welding Machine	300A	7	4.	Bar cutter (manual or cut-off)		4	5.	Concrete Vibrator		7	6.	Vibratory Plate/Rammer Compactor		7	7.	Survey Instrument (Automatic Level/Total Station)	set	2	8.	Concrete Cylinder Molds *Note: 1 set = 3cylinder molds	sets	4	9	Water Pump	10Hp	7	10.	Backhoe (hydraulic)	0.40 cu.m.	2	11.	Electrical Tools (set)	set	7	12.	Plumbing Tools (set)	set	7	13.	Butt Fusion Machine	set	1	14.	Compressor	(160cfm)	1	15.	Generator Set	(≥ 25 kVA)	1	16.	Submersible Pump (for pump testing)	10HP/15HP	1	17.	Cut-off Machine	14” diameter	3
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15.1	<p>The bid security shall be in the form of a Bid Securing Declaration or any of the following forms and amounts:</p> <p>a. The amount of not less than <i>two percent (2%) of ABC</i>, if bid security is in cash, cashier’s/manager’s check, bank draft/guarantee or irrevocable letter of credit;</p> <p>b. The amount of not less than <i>five percent (5%) of ABC</i> if bid security is in Surety Bond.</p>																																																																								
19.2	Partial bids are not allowed.																																																																								
20	None																																																																								
21	Additional contract documents relevant to the Project that may be required by existing laws and/or the Procuring Entity, such as construction schedule and S-curve, manpower schedule, construction methods, equipment utilization schedule, construction safety and health program approved by the DOLE, and other acceptable tools of project scheduling.																																																																								

## ***Section IV. General Conditions of Contract***

## 1. Scope of Contract

This Contract shall include all such items, although not specifically mentioned, that can be reasonably inferred as being required for its completion as if such items were expressly mentioned herein. All the provisions of RA No. 9184 and its 2016 revised IRR, including the Generic Procurement Manual, and associated issuances, constitute the primary source for the terms and conditions of the Contract, and thus, applicable in contract implementation. Herein clauses shall serve as the secondary source for the terms and conditions of the Contract.

This is without prejudice to Sections 74.1 and 74.2 of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184 allowing the GPPB to amend the IRR, which shall be applied to all procurement activities, the advertisement, posting, or invitation of which were issued after the effectivity of the said amendment.

## 2. Sectional Completion of Works

If sectional completion is specified in the **Special Conditions of Contract (SCC)**, references in the Conditions of Contract to the Works, the Completion Date, and the Intended Completion Date shall apply to any Section of the Works (other than references to the Completion Date and Intended Completion Date for the whole of the Works).

## 3. Possession of Site

3.1 The Procuring Entity shall give possession of all or parts of the Site to the Contractor based on the schedule of delivery indicated in the **SCC**, which corresponds to the execution of the Works. If the Contractor suffers delay or incurs cost from failure on the part of the Procuring Entity to give possession in accordance with the terms of this clause, the Procuring Entity's Representative shall give the Contractor a Contract Time Extension and certify such sum as fair to cover the cost incurred, which sum shall be paid by Procuring Entity.

3.2 If possession of a portion is not given by the above date, the Procuring Entity will be deemed to have delayed the start of the relevant activities. The resulting adjustments in contract time to address such delay may be addressed through contract extension provided under Annex "E" of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184.

## 4. The Contractor's Obligations

The Contractor shall employ the key personnel named in the Schedule of Key Personnel indicating their designation, in accordance with **ITB** Clause 10.3 and specified in the **BDS**, to carry out the supervision of the Works.

The Procuring Entity will approve any proposed replacement of key personnel only if their relevant qualifications and abilities are equal to or better than those of the personnel listed in the Schedule.

## **5. Performance Security**

- 5.1. Within ten (10) calendar days from receipt of the Notice of Award from the Procuring Entity but in no case later than the signing of the contract by both parties, the successful Bidder shall furnish the performance security in any of the forms prescribed in Section 39 of the 2016 revised IRR.
- 5.2. The Contractor, by entering into the Contract with the Procuring Entity, acknowledges the right of the Procuring Entity to institute action pursuant to RA No. 3688 against any subcontractor be they an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, or association supplying the Contractor with labor, materials and/or equipment for the performance of this Contract.

## **6. Site Investigation Reports**

The Contractor, in preparing the Bid, shall rely on any Site Investigation Reports referred to in the **SCC** supplemented by any information obtained by the Contractor.

## **7. Warranty**

- 7.1. In case the Contractor fails to undertake the repair works under Section 62.2.2 of the 2016 revised IRR, the Procuring Entity shall forfeit its performance security, subject its property(ies) to attachment or garnishment proceedings, and perpetually disqualify it from participating in any public bidding. All payables of the GOP in his favor shall be offset to recover the costs.
- 7.2. The warranty against Structural Defects/Failures, except that occasioned-on force majeure, shall cover the period from the date of issuance of the Certificate of Final Acceptance by the Procuring Entity. Specific duration of the warranty is found in the **SCC**.

## **8. Liability of the Contractor**

Subject to additional provisions, if any, set forth in the **SCC**, the Contractor's liability under this Contract shall be as provided by the laws of the Republic of the Philippines.

If the Contractor is a joint venture, all partners to the joint venture shall be jointly and severally liable to the Procuring Entity.

## **9. Termination for Other Causes**

Contract termination shall be initiated in case it is determined *prima facie* by the Procuring Entity that the Contractor has engaged, before, or during the implementation of the contract, in unlawful deeds and behaviors relative to contract acquisition and implementation, such as, but not limited to corrupt, fraudulent, collusive, coercive, and obstructive practices as stated in **ITB** Clause 4.

## **10. Dayworks**

Subject to the guidelines on Variation Order in Annex “E” of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184, and if applicable as indicated in the **SCC**, the Dayworks rates in the Contractor’s Bid shall be used for small additional amounts of work only when the Procuring Entity’s Representative has given written instructions in advance for additional work to be paid for in that way.

## **11. Program of Work**

11.1. The Contractor shall submit to the Procuring Entity’s Representative for approval the said Program of Work showing the general methods, arrangements, order, and timing for all the activities in the Works. The submissions of the Program of Work are indicated in the **SCC**.

11.2. The Contractor shall submit to the Procuring Entity’s Representative for approval an updated Program of Work at intervals no longer than the period stated in the **SCC**. If the Contractor does not submit an updated Program of Work within this period, the Procuring Entity’s Representative may withhold the amount stated in the **SCC** from the next payment certificate and continue to withhold this amount until the next payment after the date on which the overdue Program of Work has been submitted.

## **12. Instructions, Inspections and Audits**

The Contractor shall permit the GOP or the Procuring Entity to inspect the Contractor’s accounts and records relating to the performance of the Contractor and to have them audited by auditors of the GOP or the Procuring Entity, as may be required.

## **13. Advance Payment**

The Procuring Entity shall, upon a written request of the Contractor which shall be submitted as a Contract document, make an advance payment to the Contractor in an amount not exceeding fifteen percent (15%) of the total contract price, to be made in lump sum, or at the most two installments according to a schedule specified in the **SCC**, subject to the requirements in Annex “E” of the 2016 revised IRR of RA No. 9184.

## **14. Progress Payments**

The Contractor may submit a request for payment for Work accomplished. Such requests for payment shall be verified and certified by the Procuring Entity’s Representative/Project Engineer. Except as otherwise stipulated in the **SCC**, materials and equipment delivered on the site but not completely put in place shall not be included for payment.

## **15. Operating and Maintenance Manuals**

15.1. If required, the Contractor will provide “as built” Drawings and/or operating and maintenance manuals as specified in the **SCC**.

- 15.2. If the Contractor does not provide the Drawings and/or manuals by the dates stated above, or they do not receive the Procuring Entity's Representative's approval, the Procuring Entity's Representative may withhold the amount stated in the **SCC** from payments due to the Contractor.



## ***Section V. Special Conditions of Contract***

# Special Conditions of Contract

GCC Clause	
2	Mobilization of Equipment - within 7 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed
4.1	The Contractor shall commence the works within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the Notice to Proceed.
6	However, the prospect bidder/s is/are strongly encouraged to conduct Site Inspection on June 17, 2025 assembly time at 8:00 o' clock in the morning at NIA Regional Office 7, Dao District, Tagbilaran City, Bohol.
7.2	Five (5) years.
10	a. Dayworks are applicable at the rate shown in the Contractor's original Bid.
11.1	The Contractor shall submit the Program of Work to the Procuring Entity's Representative within seven (7) days upon delivery of the Notice of Award.
11.2	Submission of updated Program of Work will be as needed within seven (7) calendar days upon the approval of the Variation/Change Order.
13	<p>As per Memorandum Circular No. 73 series of 2024 regarding the Streamlining the Processing of the 15% Advance Payment for Infrastructure Contracts signed by NIA Administrator on June 21, 2024,</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Full 15% Advance Payment shall be made directly, in lieu of the option of the two (2) installments; and</li> <li>2. The mobilization of equipment and/or key personnel as a requirement for the release of the 15% Advance Payment shall be excluded since these are integral parts of the Implementation Program to be submitted.</li> </ol> <p>As per Memorandum Circular No. 42 series of 2025 regarding the Accelerated Recoupment of the 15% Advance Payment for Infrastructure Contracts signed by NIA Administrator on May 26, 2025, provides:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The total amount of the advance payment shall be recouped or deducted from the Contractor's Progress Billings; wherein the advance payment must be fully recovered upon reaching 50% accomplishment. To attain this, 30% must be deducted from the certified gross amount of each Progress Billing until such time that the advance payment is fully recovered.</li> <li>2. In addition, in case of delay, fault or breach of contract by the Contractor, the total amount of unrecouped advance shall be deducted or recouped from the Contractor's Progress Billings and/or any amount due under the contract, without prejudice to other remedies of NIA available under the existing procurement act and other applicable laws, rules, and regulations.</li> </ol>

14	Materials and equipment delivered on the site but not completely put in place may be included for payment as stated in the Bill of Quantities.
15.1	As-built and Operating and Maintenance manuals are required upon Final Billing.

## ***Section VI. Specifications***

## **SECTION I**

### **TEMPORARY WORKS, CONSTRUCTION PLANT, MOBILIZATION OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND DEMOBILIZATION WORK**

#### **101    SCOPE**

##### **(A) Temporary Works**

The Contractor shall furnish all materials, labor, equipment, tools and install such temporary works as are necessary for the successful completion of the Contract Work. The Contractor shall negotiate the site for his construction camp, office and work areas.

These temporary works and construction plant shall include but will not be limited to the following:

- 1) Construction of temporary facilities shall have a minimum floor area of 42 (6x7) square meters.
- 2) Facilities such as potable water, drainage, lighting, sewage, disposal, sanitation, first aid and fire protection facilities.
- 3) Workshops, warehouses, site offices, stockpile areas, storage areas for materials, equipment, spare parts, fuel and oil.
- 4) All other temporary facilities not specifically listed but nevertheless required for the proper functioning of the camp set-up and construction activities.

Temporary works shall conform to all government standards and codes and shall meet the sanitary requirements of the Department of Health.

Contractor shall submit to the Assistant Administrator for Project Development and Implementation for approval layout drawings, program of erection and specifications for the Temporary Works within 30 calendar days following the date of receipt of the Notice to Proceed. No construction or erection of Temporary Works shall be started without the approved layout drawings, program of erections & specifications.

##### **(B) Mobilization of Equipment**

The Contractor shall mobilize and move into the Project Temp. Works, Const. Plant, Mob. of Const. Equip. and Demobilization Work Site within 7 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed the required initial equipment requirement as listed in the Bid Documents.

Notwithstanding the mobilization of the initial equipment requirements, the Contractor shall mobilize to the Site the additional equipment requirement within 20 calendar days upon receipt of the approved Equipment Moving-in and Utilization Schedule.

If for the reasons or causes other than "major calamities", the Contractor fails to mobilize fully the initial equipment required within said period, and all other equipment listed in his approved Equipment Moving-in and Utilization Schedule, at the discretion of the Head of Office, he may be given an extension of time to mobilize them fully but in no case shall it exceed 30 calendar days. Failure to fully mobilize the required construction equipment within said period will be a ground for contract rescission. During said extension period liquidated damages equivalent to the daily operated ACEL rental rate of eight hours of the undelivered equipment per day of delay shall be imposed and collectible from any subsequent payment due the Contractor. If delays are caused by "major calamities", the corresponding number of calendar days caused by such calamities will not be counted. Delays shall be reckoned starting at 12:00 o'clock noon of the succeeding day after the date scheduled for the mobilization of the programmed equipment. The Engineer shall certify to the date of actual mobilization of the programmed equipment to the site.

The Engineer shall check and verify the number, type and actual condition of the equipment moved into the Project Site. The NIA reserves the right to order the removal of such equipment that are not in good working condition from the Project Site at the Contractor's expense and said equipment are not to be counted for as mobilized.

Construction equipment once moved into the Project Site, checked and accounted for by the Engineer shall not be permitted, prior to the completion of the Contract Work, to be moved out or transferred by the Contractor to another Project Site without the written approval of the Engineer.

Periodic check-up of the Contractor's equipment moved-in for the Contract Work shall be conducted by NIA. The Contractor will pay to NIA the amount equivalent to the ACEL Rental Rate of any equipment not accounted for during said check-up for the number of calendar days the equipment have been removed (without the written consent of the Engineer) from the Project Site until said equipment have been returned. Such cases are grounds for disapproval of claims by the Contractor for time extensions.

### **(C) Demobilization**

Demobilization shall include dismantling and removal from the site of Contractor's Construction Plant, materials and equipment and all Temporary Facilities with the exception of some facilities which NIA shall consider to remain and which shall be handed over to NIA at the time of demobilization in a fully operational condition. Demobilization shall also include clean up of the site after completion of the Contract Work as approved and accepted by NIA and transportation of Contractor's employees from the site.

## **102 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Payment for furnishing of all materials, equipment and labor for the temporary works, mobilization of construction equipment including demobilization work, shall be made at the fixed lump sum price or lump sum bid price whichever is stated in the Bill of Quantities which shall not be subject to price escalation and adjustment, in accordance with the following:

1. Twenty percent (20%) of the lump sum price will be paid upon complete mobilization of the initial equipment requirement and submission of certificate of joint inspection conducted by Central Office and Field Office personnel.

2. Ten percent (10%) of the lump sum price will be paid upon submittal and approval by the NIA of the Contractor's plan for the temporary works including list of equipment requirement based on his work schedule as approved by NIA.
3. Twenty percent (20%) of the lump sum price will be paid upon completion of the Contractor's temporary Works.
4. Thirty percent (30%) of the lump sum price will be paid upon completion of moving-in of all the construction equipment approved under Equipment Moving-in and Utilization Schedule, duly certified by the Engineer, Project Auditor or their duly authorized representatives. Partial payment of this 30% may be given on a pro-rata basis after fifty percent (50%) of the approved equipment has been moved-in to the Project Site.

For purposes of computing the percentage of equipment moved-in, corresponding number of points for each equipment listed in the Equipment Moving-In Utilization Schedule shall be provided by NIA to serve as the basis for any partial payment.

5. The remaining twenty percent (20%) of the lump sum price will be paid to the Contractor upon final acceptance of the Contract Work.

## **PROJECT SIGN BOARD**

### **SCOPE**

The Contractor shall furnish all materials, labor, and tools and install the Project Sign Board. The said project sign board/s shall be placed near the project site that is visible to the public.

### **METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

The Contractor shall provide 2 project sign boards. One (1) sign board in the standard format of the signage of the Commission on Audit (COA) with a standard dimension of 8'x8' and one (1) sign board in the standard of the Procuring Entity with a standard dimension of 8'x4'.

### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Payment for the installation shall be 50% upon installation of one (1) project signboard and 100% upon installation of the two (2) project sign boards.



## **CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH**

### **SCOPE**

This Section includes the Contractor's responsibility for the project's Construction Safety and Health Program in accordance with Department Order No. 13 s.1998 of the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE)

### **SUPERVISION, CONTROL & MONITORING**

#### **1. Construction Safety and Health Program**

Within 10 calendar days from the receipt of the Notice of Award (NOA), the Contractor shall submit to the Procuring Entity the approved Construction Safety and Health Program. The Project In-Charge should check if the number of workers, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), First-Aid, Health Care Medicines, safety signage and overall safety of the construction site is in accordance with the approved Construction Safety and Health Program of the Contractor.

#### **2. Safety Officer**

The principal function of the safety officer assigned to the project is to act as the employer's (needs identification) principal assistant and consultant in the application of programs to remove the hazard from the workplace and to correct unsafe work practices. For this purpose, the safety officer has the following duties:

- a. Acts as an advisory capacity on all matters pertaining to health and safety for the guidance of the employer and the workers.
- b. Conducts investigation of accident and submits separate report and analysis of accident to the employer (needs identification).
- c. Conduct health and safety inspections.
- d. Maintains or helps in the maintenance of an efficient accident record system and coordinates actions taken by supervisors to eliminate accident causes.
- e. Provide assistance to government agencies in the conduct of safety and health inspection, accident investigation, or any other related program.
- f. For the purpose of effectiveness in the project site, the Safety Officer is to report directly to the employer.

On the other hand, the Project In-Charge shall ensure that the Safety Officer is present at site and is performing his/her duties as Safety Officer of the project.

#### **3. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

The Contractor shall, at his own expense, furnish his workers with protective equipment for eyes, face, hands, feet, lifeline, safety belt/harness, protective shields, and barriers whenever necessary by reason of the hazardous work process or environment, chemical or radiological or other mechanical irritants or hazards capable of causing injury or impairment in the function or any part of the body through absorption, inhalation or physical agent.

Provision of PPE shall be in accordance with Rule 1080 of the OSHS (*must include Rule 1070 for noise*). The equivalent cost for the provision of PPE (*life span, depreciation, replacement, etc.*) shall be an integral part of the project cost.

**3.a. Basic PPE's for Workers:**

- A.1. Helmet/Safety Hardhat
- A.2. Safety Shoes/Rubber Boots
- A.3. Protection/Working Gloves
- A.4. Raincoats

**3.b. Cleaning and Proper Maintenance of PPEs**

It is important that all PPE be kept clean and properly maintained. The Contractor's supervisors/safety officers are responsible for ensuring that users properly maintain their PPEs in good condition. The Safety Officer/Project Engineer and Project In-Charge must ensure that PPEs must not be shared between workers or employees until it has been properly cleaned and sanitized. PPEs are distributed for individual use whenever possible. If workers or employees provide their own PPEs, the Safety Officer/Project Engineer and Project In-Charge shall make sure that it is adequate for the workplace hazards, and that it is maintained in a clean and stored in conducive condition. Defective or damaged PPEs shall not be allowed to be used and should be immediately discarded and replaced to avoid any unintentional use.

**4. First-Aid & Health Care Medicines**

The Contractor shall provide first-aid kits and health care medicines for workers on the site in accordance with the requirements of Rule 1960 of the OSHS.

**4.b. First Aid/Emergency Response**

- B.1. Safety Kit with basic medicines
- B.2. Fire Extinguisher
- B.3. Safety Signages at Construction Site

**METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

The number or quantity of Workers, basic PPEs and first aid/emergency response shall depend upon the quantity indicated in the approved Construction Safety and Health Program of the Contractor. It is the responsibility of the Project In-Charge, in coordination with the Implementing Agency, to monitor whether the approved Construction Safety and Health Program submitted by the Contractor was properly implemented/followed.

**BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Payment for Construction Safety and Health will be paid for at the contract unit price in accordance with the following schedule:

- a) Fifty percent (50%) shall be paid upon full delivery of personal protective equipment (PPEs) and first-aid & health care medicines.
- b) Fifty percent (50%) will be allotted for the supervision of the implementation of the Construction Safety and Health Program and will be distributed over the total project duration. Payment will be based on the number of days from the effectivity of

contract/Notice to Proceed up to the cut-off date of the Contractor's billing multiplied to the remaining fifty percent (50%).

## **SECTION II**

### **CLEARING AND GRUBBING**

#### **201    SCOPE**

The work under this Section shall include clearing, grubbing and disposal, in a manner approved by the Engineer of all vegetation such as trees, stumps, roots, brush; rubbish and all objectionable matters within the entire right-of-way for canals, farm ditches, drainage ditches, diversion work and over borrow areas, road surfacing materials sources, stockpile areas and elsewhere mutually agreed upon by the Engineer and the Contractor all in accordance with the Drawings and these Specifications.

#### **202    METHOD OF CONSTRUCTIONS**

##### **(A)   Clearing on Lightly Vegetated Areas**

The areas over which diversion works shall be constructed, the entire right-of-way for canals, farm ditches and drainage ditches, side borrow areas, borrow haul areas, aggregate sources and stockpile areas shall be cleared of all vegetation, trees and all other matters, except such trees or shrubs which the Engineer may order to be preserved. All trees and shrubs ordered to be preserved including all existing adjacent facilities, properties and utilities, if any, shall be protected from injury or damage resulting from the Contractor's operations. All combustible materials from clearing operations shall be burned thoroughly or removed from the site of work or otherwise disposed to designated areas as directed by the Engineer.

All materials to be burned shall be piled neatly and when in a suitable condition shall be burned thoroughly. Piling for burning shall be done in such a manner and in such locations as to cause the least fire risk. The Contractor shall at all times take special precautions to prevent fire from spreading and shall have available at all times suitable equipment and supplies for use in preventing and fighting fires. In this connection, the Contractor shall be liable for all costs and damages resulting from such incidents.

No clearing shall be done on any areas where there are standing crops until such crops have been harvested or unless the Contractor shall have secured written permission from NIA.

##### **(B)   Clearing on Swampy Areas and/or Second Growth Forested Areas**

Clearing on swampy areas and/or second growth forested areas where canals are passing thru shall only be started when said areas are suitably dry or when directed by the Engineer. Clearing includes felling and bucking of trees using chain saws and cutting of tree branches extending over the entire right-of-way. Felled trees shall be cut into the longest usable lengths and shall be hauled and neatly stocked at designated stockpile areas. Small trees and stumps, branches, grass and litters shall be burned in accordance with the preceding paragraph (a).

### **(C) Grubbing**

Grubbing shall consist of the removal of all trees, stumps, roots, brush and rubbish from the above mentioned work areas. No roots shall be left within 50 cm. from the ground surface. It shall include necessary stripping of the natural ground surface to a depth not more than 10 centimeters by effective means to remove all objectionable materials or organic matters from the said work areas, except for damsite where stripping shall be in accordance with sub-section 403(b) of Section IV of these Technical Specifications. Stripping beyond the limit of 10 centimeters shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer and payment thereof shall be considered included under Section IV, Canal Excavation.

If required by the Engineer, stripped top soil shall be temporarily stored at the edges of the right-of-way for subsequent use on slopes to encourage vegetative growth and minimize erosion.

### **203 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

The area to be measured for payment shall be within the limit of the entire right-of-way as shown on the Drawings or as staked by the Engineer during Construction Operations.

All clearing and grubbing operations for side borrow areas, borrow haul areas, aggregate sources, stockpile areas and elsewhere are considered subsidiary works required for other pay items in the Bill of Quantities and will not be measured for payment under this Section. The costs of such works shall be considered included in the contract unit price for the various items in the Bill of Quantities where clearing and grubbing are required.

### **204 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The cleared and grubbed areas measured as provided above shall be paid at the contract unit price per square meter in the Bill of Quantities which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, equipment, supplies and all incidentals or subsidiary works (including stripping within the 10 centimeters limit) necessary for the successful completion of the work. No payment shall be made on cleared and grubbed areas where no excavation or embankment construction have been undertaken.

## **SECTION III**

### **DIVERSION AND CARE OF RIVER DURING CONSTRUCTION AND UNWATERING FOUNDATION**

#### **301 GENERAL**

The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the successful diversion and care of the river and dewatering of all excavations, foundations and elsewhere as required to undertake construction works in the dry.

The Contractor shall construct and maintain all necessary cofferdams, channels, flumes, drains and sumps and/or temporary diversion and protective works during construction operations. The Contractor shall furnish, install, maintain and operate all necessary pumping and other equipment for the diversion and care of river and the removal of water from excavations, foundations and the various parts of the works as required for construction. After having served their purpose, all cofferdams or other protective works, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, shall be removed or leveled to give a sightly appearance and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation of the Project.

If materials removed from "structure excavation" are used by the Contractor for the construction of cofferdams and other temporary protective works and are washed out and carried away by floods, or rendered unsuitable for "structure backfill" by virtue of such use by the Contractor, these materials shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expenditures.

#### **302 METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION**

##### **A) Diversion and Care of River**

The Contractor shall submit to NIA for approval any amendment to his proposed schemes for handling the river during construction within 30 calendar days after the date of receipt of the Notice to Proceed.

The arrangement of the cofferdams and the materials used for their construction, the height of these structures, and the decision for scheduling diversion and care of the river shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. However, the location of the cofferdams, the materials used in these structures and the procedure of placing and compacting the fill materials shall be subject to the approval of the NIA. If steel sheet piles are necessary in the construction of the cofferdams, same shall be furnished and installed or driven by the Contractor and all expenses incurred thereof shall be considered included in the fixed lump sum price or lump sum bid price whichever is stated in the Bill of Quantities for the Diversion & Care of River during construction and unwatering foundation.

The Contractor's method of dewatering excavations and foundations shall be subject to the approval of the NIA. Where foundation excavation extend below the water table in common materials, the portion below the water table shall be dewatered in advance of excavation. The dewatering shall be accomplished in a manner that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of the excavation and will result in all construction operations being performed in the dry. The Contractor will also be required to control seepage along the bottom of the excavation.

### **303 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The cost of furnishing all labor, equipment and materials for construction of cofferdams, dikes, channels, flumes, sumps and other diversion and protective works, where required; maintaining the work free from water as required or removal of water from excavations and foundations; disposing of materials in cofferdams; and all other works required by this Section shall be included in the fixed lump sum price or lump sum bid price whichever is stated in the Bill of Quantities for the Diversion and Care of River during Construction and Unwatering Foundation. These items of work are not subject to price adjustment due to variation in quantities.

In order to have a working basis for making progress payments, the Contractor shall submit a detailed drawings of their proposed cofferdams covering several stages corresponding to the number of dry season period to enable computation of cofferdam fill volume. Payment for the construction of cofferdams for a certain stage can be made to the Contractor on a pro-rata basis using the cofferdam fill volume for that particular stage as proportioned against the total cofferdam fill volume for all stages and shall further be made on the following basis:

1. Fifty percent (50%) of the corresponding lump sum price will be paid after completion of the cofferdamming work.
2. Thirty percent (30%) of the corresponding lump sum price will be paid for maintenance after all works within the said enclosing cofferdam have been satisfactorily completed.
3. The remaining twenty percent (20%) of the corresponding lump sum price will be paid after the removal of all cofferdams and/or temporary diversion and protection works and corresponding clean-up operations shall have been satisfactorily undertaken by the Contractor.

All dewatering in excavations and foundations for structures along canals other than bridges and siphons which may pass across rivers are considered subsidiary works for the construction of said canal structures and will not be included for payment under this Section. The cost of such work shall be considered included under Section VI, Structure Excavation, in the Bill of Quantities.

## **SECTION VI**

### **STRUCTURE EXCAVATION**

#### **601    SCOPE**

Structure Excavation includes the removal of all materials within the structure lines including necessary dewatering operations not otherwise specified. It shall also include additional excavations within the vicinity of the structure in order to shape the ground as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **602    CLASSIFICATION**

Structure excavation shall be classified in accordance with paragraph 402.

#### **603    CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

All excavation requirements described in paragraph 403 are applicable under this Section.

#### **604    METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION**

All structures, where practicable shall be constructed in open excavation. The method of construction or excavations shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of paragraph 404 and the following requirements.

Foundations shall be excavated according to the outline of the footings and floors of structure as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer, and shall be of sufficient size to permit free movement of workers.

On excavation of common materials the foundation bed upon which structures are to be placed shall be finished accurately to the established lines and grades after a thorough compaction and trimming of the foundation with the use of suitable tools and equipment. As soon as the foundation excavations have been trimmed to their final level, it should be protected from degradation by weathering. Should the foundation material soften through exposure then the soft material shall be removed and replaced at the Contractor's expense. If at any point, material is excavated beyond the lines and grades of any part of the structure, the over-excavation shall be filled with selected materials approved by the Engineer and shall be placed in layers of not more than 20 centimeters thick, moistened and thoroughly compacted by special roller, mechanical tampers or by other approved methods. A density not less than 90% of the maximum dry density determined by ASTM test D-698 is required. The cost of filling over-excavation ordered by the Engineer shall be borne by the Contractor.

On excavation of rock materials, the bottom and side surfaces of excavated rock excavation upon or against which concrete and weep holes are to be placed shall conform to the required grades and dimensions as shown on the drawings or as established by the Engineer. If at any point, materials are excavated beyond the required limits, the over-excavation shall be filled with concrete at the expense of the Contractor including the cost of all materials required.



When concrete is to be placed upon or against rock, the excavation shall be of sufficient depth to provide for the minimum thickness of concrete at all points and any deviation from the required minimum thickness of concrete shall be avoided as much as possible. The surface on which concrete will be laid shall be trimmed and thoroughly cleaned as directed by the Engineer.

When excavation of rock materials reaches the surface upon or against which concrete is to be placed, blasting shall be stopped and the remaining mass of rock shall be carefully removed by means of jack-hammer or any appropriate hand tool. The point beyond which blasting will not be allowed shall be determined by the Engineer. All damages to the rock foundation caused by improper blasting operation shall be repaired by the Contractor at his own expense in a manner acceptable to the Engineer.

All foundations for bridge pier footings shall be excavated to such depths as may be necessary to secure stable bearing for the structure. Whenever the safe bearing power of the soil as uncovered is less than that called for on the Drawings, pilings or appropriate spread footings will be used. The elevations of the bottoms of footings, as shown in the Drawings shall be considered as approximate, and the Engineer may order, in writing, such changes in elevations and dimensions of footings as may be necessary to ensure a satisfactory foundation. Bearing tests, upon written order of the Engineer, shall be taken to determine the supporting power of the soil. Cost of bearing test will be paid as "Extra Work".

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the material at the base of the excavation is unsuitable for foundation he shall instruct the Contractor to either a) Carry out additional excavation to a depth of 50 cm. below the proposed bottom of concrete shown on the Drawings and to maximum depth of 60 cm. outside of the outermost lines of said base and replace with backfill compacted to at least 90% of the maximum dry density or b) strengthen the soft material by ramming in gravel and cobbles until a firm foundation is obtained. Measurement and payment for the backfill shall be made under Section XII, "Structure Backfill".

## **605 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

Structure Excavation shall be measured by the cubic meter in its original position before being excavated in accordance with the Drawings, or as may be ordered by the Engineer. No excavation beyond the paylines shown on the Drawings will be measured for payment. For canal structures, the limit of measurement along the lines perpendicular to the flow of water shall be the vertical planes at the outer edges of the inlet cut-off walls. The upper limits of the solid measured for payment shall be the canal bottom for canal structures or the original ground surface in case of diversion structures. The lower limit shall be the bottom of the required excavation. Excavated materials not vertically above the boundaries as specified above shall not be measured for payment. The volume measured shall not include water and other liquids removable by pumping. Such materials as mud, muck, quagmire and other similar semi-solids not removable by ordinary pumping shall be considered pay quantities and shall be measured and paid for as "Structure Excavation".

However, in case structure excavation for canal structures is done before canal excavation, the upper limit of the solid measured for payment shall be the original ground surface in accordance with the structure excavation paylines.

## **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The volume measured as provided above will be paid per cubic meter, which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, supplies, labor, equipment, tools and incidentals and subsidiary works necessary to complete the work described under this Section.

For diversion works, canal siphons and bridge structure excavations, the cost of dewatering operation unless otherwise specified in the Bill of Quantities shall be paid under a separate item in the Bill of Quantities. For all other structure excavations, dewatering operations involved are considered subsidiary works and the cost thereof shall be considered included in the unit price of structure excavation.

The Contractor shall be paid sixty percent (60%) of the pay quantities of the actual excavation acceptably accomplished in accordance with the paylines as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. The remaining forty percent (40%) will be paid upon pouring of concrete for the foundation or upon placing of riprap, gravel blanket or grouted riprap in accordance with the Drawings and Specifications.

## **SECTION XII**

### **STRUCTURE BACKFILL**

#### **1201 SCOPE**

The work under this Section shall include hauling (if necessary) and backfilling with suitable materials taken either from Structure Excavation, Canal Excavation, Side Borrow or Borrow Haul all spaces excavated and not occupied by the structure and spaces between the natural ground surface and the finish lines indicated to be filled and all other sections directed to be filled by the Engineer, all in accordance with these specifications and in conformity with the lines, grades and dimensions shown in the Drawings or as ordered by the Engineer. It shall also include the dewatering and removal of all unsuitable materials as ordered by the Engineer from the spaces to be backfilled or filled.

#### **1202 METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION**

All spaces to be backfilled or filled shall be cleared of all rubbish and other objectionable matter. The excavation pit to be backfilled shall be dewatered and all mud and loose materials shall be removed before backfilling. The filling materials, with the proper moisture content determined by the Engineer, shall be deposited loose and in layers not exceeding 30 centimeters and then thoroughly compacted by ramming, rolling or by means of mechanical tampers or portable vibratory compactors to obtain at least 85% compaction behind bridge abutments, retaining walls, cut-off walls and immediately above pipes, box or barrel conduits and gradually increasing to at least 90% compaction up to the surface of the roadway in the case of approaches to bridges, Road Crossing or Culvert Structures. The time when to start backfilling operation shall be determined by the Engineer.

The compacted backfill above pipes, barrels and other conduits, shall be brought at least 60 centimeters before any compacting equipment utilized in embankment construction shall be used or allowed to pass. Additional layers above 60 centimeters can be completed by the use of roller type compacting equipment employed in embankment compaction.

Materials for structure backfill shall be as described in Paragraph 902 (c).

#### **1203 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

Structure backfill shall be measured in cubic meters in its final compacted and uncompacted position within the limits of structure excavation paylines and surfaces of concrete in contact with the backfilled material as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. Volumes occupied by the structure and other features will not be included.

#### **1204 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Structure Backfill will be paid for at the contract unit price per cubic meter, which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for side borrow, borrow haul and overhaul operations and for furnishing all labor, equipment, tools and all incidentals and subsidiary works necessary for the successful completion of the work under this Section.

For newly constructed Drainage Culvert, the volume between the original ground surface and the top of the canal embankments is part of the embankment construction operation and therefore shall not be included for payment under this Section (which payment shall be included under embankment construction and compaction).

## SECTION XV

### CONCRETE

#### 1501 SCOPE

This Section covers all the materials as cement, aggregates, water, admixtures and proportioning, mixing, transporting, placing, finishing, curing and protecting of concrete, including supplies, equipment, tools and all other incidentals necessary for concrete works.

All the applicable provisions of the latest revision of the ACI Building Code (ACI-318-63) and American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) shall govern in all cases not specifically provided for herein.

#### 1502 CONCRETE COMPOSITION

Concrete shall be composed of portland cement, fine and coarse aggregates, water, and if necessary, admixtures or agents approved by NIA. The design of concrete mixtures and consistency shall be as specified in this Section.

#### 1503 CEMENT

a) **General.** The cement shall conform to the requirements of the standard specifications for Portland Cement (ASTM: C-150 Type 1). Special Cement may be used subject to the approval of the Engineer provided it meets the requirements of Portland Cement with regards to strength, soundness and setting time.

b) **Storage.** Contractor shall, immediately upon delivery of cement to the jobsite, store the same in a dry, weathertight and properly ventilated structure with adequate provisions for the prevention of absorption of moisture. All storage facilities shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer and shall be such as to permit easy access for the inspection and identification. In order that cement may not become unduly aged after delivery, the Contractor shall use any cement of the same type, which has been stored at the site for 60 days or more before using cement of lesser storage age. Any cement stored at the project site over four months shall not be used unless retest proves it to be satisfactory. Sacked cement shall not be stocked higher than 14 sacks for storage for a period of not longer than 30 days and not higher than seven sacks for longer period.

c) **Payment.** Payment for cement shall be considered included in the contract unit price for the various items of concrete in the Bill of Quantities for which cement is used.

#### 1504 ADMIXTURES

In order to reduce the cement content and/or the amount of mixing water, and to improve the concrete workability, the Contractor may be allowed to use Admixtures and as such he shall submit to NIA for approval such Admixture he proposes to use. The Contractor shall be required to submit manufacturer's brochures and data sheets for review together with detailed proposals on how the admixtures will be used in the works. This information should be

supported with mix designs and the results of trial mixes. All admixtures shall be used strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. However no additional payment will be made by NIA to the Contractor in view of this as the cost thereof is considered included in the contract unit price for the different classes of concrete.

The following type of admixtures will be given consideration by the NIA provided that they conform to the provisions of this Paragraph:

1. Air entraining agent
2. Water reducing admixtures
3. Water reducing and retarding admixtures
4. Water reducing and accelerating admixtures

Admixtures shall be furnished in a powder or liquid form. If furnished in a solution it shall contain at least 50% solids and a mold inhibitor. The admixtures effect on the properties of Portland cement concrete mixtures shall meet the requirements of ASTM: C-494.

Admixtures will be accepted on manufacturers certification of conformance with the specifications but permission to slip on certification shall in no way relieve the Contractor of responsibility for furnishing an admixture not meeting specification requirements. Where the Engineer has reason to believe that testing is necessary to prove compliance with the requirements of these specifications, it may order these admixtures to be sampled and tested anytime. The Contractor shall provide facilities satisfactory to the Engineer for readily procuring samples for test.

Air Entraining Agent. Concrete produced with water reducing agents shall contain four to six per cent of air entraining agent by volume. The air entraining agent shall conform to the requirements of ASTM: C 260, and shall be tested in accordance with ASTM: C 233. The total calculated air content of the concrete as discharged from the mixer shall be as follows:

<b>Coarse Aggregates Maximum Size</b>	<b>Total Air - Per cent by Volume of Concrete</b>
2 cm.	5 + 1
3.8 cm.	4 + 1

The agent in solution shall be maintained at uniform strength and shall be added to the batch in a portion of the mixing water. This solution shall be batched by means of a mechanical batcher capable of accurate measurement. When a retarder dispersing agent is used in the concrete, the portion of the mixing water containing the air-entraining agent shall be introduced separately into the mixer.

Water Reducing Agent or Water Reducing and Set Retarding Agent. The Contractor may be allowed to use an approved water reducing agent, or water-reducing and set retarding agent in concrete. The ASTM designations for these admixtures are Type A and Type D, respectively. The agent used shall be either suitable calcium, sodium or ammonium salts of lignosulfonic

acids or of the nonlignin, hydroxylated carboxylic and acid groups. The agent shall be of uniform consistency and quality within each container and from shipment to shipment.

The amount of water reducing, or water reducing and set retarding agent to be used in each concrete mix shall in general be within the following limits:

Lignosulfonic Acid Type - 0.27 to 0.37 percent of solid rystalline ligning, by weight, of cement.

Hydroxylated Carboxylic Acid Type - 0.25 to 0.50 percent of liquid, by weight of cement.

Water Reducing and Accelerating Admixture. The ASTM designation for this admixture is Type E. Water reducing and accelerating admixture may be used by the Contractor for speeding up precasting and post-tensioning operations for precast and prestressed beams, girders, slabs and bearing pads, if approved.

## **1505 WATER**

The water used in concrete, mortar and grout shall be free from objectionable quantities of silt, organic matter, alkali, salts and other impurities. The recommendation of the seventh edition of the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Concrete Manual for mixing water shall be followed.

## **1506 FINE AGGREGATES**

a) General. The term "Fine Aggregates" is used to designate aggregates in which the maximum size of particles is 5 millimeters. Fine aggregates for concrete, mortar and grout shall be provided by the Contractor and shall consist of natural sand, manufactured sand, or a combination of both. The different components shall be batched separately, or subject to the written approval of the Engineer, or blended prior to delivery to the batching plant.

As a means of providing moisture control, the Contractor may be required to stockpile the fine aggregates over porous storage to drain excessive water and to stabilize moisture content.

b) Quality. Fine aggregates shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C-33 and shall consist of hard, tough, durable, uncoated rock particles. The Contractor shall exercise every possible precaution in transporting, washing and screening operations to prevent contamination of sand particles. Fine aggregates shall conform to the following requirements:

1. **Grading** -It is assumed that the sand available in natural deposits will require processing to provide a suitable gradation. Regardless of the source, the fine aggregates shall be well graded from fine to coarse and the gradation as delivered to the mixers shall conform to the following requirements unless otherwise approved:

<b>Sieve Designation</b> <b>US Standard Square</b> <b>. M e s h .</b>	<b>Percent by Weight</b> <b>Passing Individual</b> <b>. S i z e s .</b>
3/8" (9.50mm)	100
No. 4 (4.75mm)	95-100

No. 8 (2.36mm)	85- 95
No. 16 (1.18mm)	60- 85
No. 30 (600um)	25- 60
No. 50 (300um)	10- 30
No. 100 (150um)	2- 10

In addition to the grading limits shown above, the fine aggregates as delivered to the mixer shall have the fineness modulus of not less than 2.30 or more than 3.00. The grading of the fine aggregates also shall be controlled so that the fineness moduli of at least 9 to 10 test samples of the fine aggregates as delivered to the mixer shall not vary more than 0.10 from the average fineness modulus of all samples previously taken. The fineness modulus shall be determined by dividing by 100, the sum of the cumulative percentages retained on US standard sieves No. 4, 8, 16, 30, 50 and 100. At the option of the Contractor fine aggregates may be separated into two or more sizes or classifications, but the resulting sand when combined before entering the concrete mixer shall be of uniform grading within the limits specified above.

**2. Particle Shape.** The shape of the particles shall be generally spherical or cubical and reasonably free from flat or elongated particles. A flat or elongated particle is defined as a particle having a maximum dimension in excess of five times the minimum dimension. Rocks which breaks down into such shape, regardless of the type of processing equipment used, will not be approved for use in the production of fine aggregates.

**3. Deleterious Substances.** the maximum percentages of deleterious substances in the fine aggregates as delivered to the mixer shall not exceed the following values:

	<b><u>Percent by Weight</u></b>
Materials passing no. 200 Screen (Designation 16)*	3
Shale(Designation 17)	1
Clay (designation 13)	1
Total of other deleterious substances (such as alkali, mica, soft, flaky particles and loam)	2

\* The designation in parenthesis refers to methods of testing described in the seventh (7th) edition of the US Bureau of Reclamation Concrete Manual and ASTM.

The sum of the percentages of all deleterious substances shall not exceed 5% by weight. Fine aggregates producing a color darker than the standard in the colometric test for organic impurity (USBR designation 14 or ASTM C-40) may be rejected. Fine aggregate having specific gravity (USBR Designation 9 or ASTM C-128, saturated surface dry basis) of less than 2.60 may be rejected. The fine aggregate may be rejected if the portion retained on No. 50 (300 um) screen, when subjected to five cycles of sodium sulphate test for soundness (USBR designation 19 or ASTM C-88) shows an average loss of more than 18% by weight. Fine aggregates delivered to the batching plant may be rejected if it contains more than 0.10% soluble sulphate for any



one sample or more than 0.10 for an average of at least 9 out of 10 consecutive test samples of finished sand, when samples are taken hourly. The percent soluble sulphate in fine aggregates shall be determined in accordance with the method of test prescribed in subparagraph 4. below.

4. **Sampling** - Sampling of fine and coarse aggregates shall be done in accordance with paragraph 1509. The source from which fine and coarse aggregates is to be obtained shall be selected well in advance of the time when the materials will be required in the work. Unless otherwise specified, all test samples shall be taken under the supervision of the Engineer in sufficient time as approved to permit adequate testing and examination of results sufficiently in advance of the time for use in concrete. Routine control test and analysis of the fine and coarse aggregates at various stages in the processing operation shall be made. The approval of a source shall not be construed as containing approval of all materials from the source, and the Contractor will be held responsible for the specified quality of all such materials used in the work.

(c) **Storage** - Fine aggregates shall be stored in such a manner as to avoid the inclusion of any foreign materials in the concrete. The storage or stockpile shall be constructed so as to prevent segregation. Depositing of materials in storage and its removal therefrom shall be done in such a manner as to result in increasing the uniformity of the grading insofar as this is practicable. All fine aggregates shall remain in free drainage storage for at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to use. Sufficient live storage shall be maintained at all times to permit continuous placement of concrete.

(d) **Measurement and Payment** - Fine aggregates will not be measured for payment. The cost of excavation, stockpiling, transporting, processing, blending, handling and other costs for providing fine aggregates shall be considered included in the unit price bid for the various items in the Bill of Quantities for which fine aggregates are used.

## **1507 COARSE AGGREGATES**

(a) **General** - The term "Coarse Aggregate" is used to designate aggregates of such sizes as to fall within the range of 0.5 cm. to 7.5 cm or any size or range of sizes within such limits. The coarse aggregates shall be reasonably well graded within the nominal size ranges hereinafter specified. Coarse aggregate for concrete shall be furnished by the Contractor and shall consist of crushed rock or mixture of natural gravel and crushed rock as provided in paragraph 1508. Coarse aggregate, as delivered to the batching plant shall have a uniform and stable moisture content. Any rewashing found necessary to provide clean aggregates shall be done prior to finish screening. Rewashing shall not be performed in finish screen.

(b) **Quality** - Coarse aggregates shall conform to the requirement of ASTM C-33 and shall consist of hard, dense, uncoated durable rock fragments.

1. **Grading** - The coarse aggregates shall be well graded from fine to coarse. It shall be separated into the following specific size groups. The grading of the aggregates within the separated size groups as delivered to the mixer shall be as follows:

**7.2.****S I Z E G R O U P S**

<b>Sieve Sizes</b>		<b>Per Cent by Weight Passing Individual Sizes</b>				
US Std. Sq. Mesh		12.5 mm	18 mm	37.5mm	50mm	75mm
6"	(150 mm)	-		-	-	-
3"	(75mm)	-		-	-	100
2-1/2"	( 63 mm)	-		-	100	90-100
2"	( 50 mm)	-		100	95-100	35-70
1-1/2"	(37.5mm)	-		90-100	-	0-15
1"	( 25 mm)	-	100	20-55	35-7	-
3/4"	( 19 mm)	100	90-100	0-15	-	0-5
1/2"	(12.5mm)	90-100	-	-	10-30	-
3/8"	(9.5 mm)	40-70	20-55	0-5	-	-
No. 4	(4.75mm)	0-15	0-10	-	0-5	

Coarse aggregates shall contain not more than 1.5 per cent of materials passing the No. 200 sieve by meshing, nor more than 5% of soft fragments.

It shall have an abrasion loss of not more than 45 per cent at 500 revolutions.

Unless otherwise directed, the maximum sizes of aggregates to be used in concrete for the various parts of the work shall be in accordance with the following:

<b><u>General Use</u></b>	<b><u>Maximum Aggregate Diameter</u></b>
Lean Concrete to control water Intrusion and other miscellaneous uses	37.5 mm
Concrete for Footings, Walls, Slabs Beams, 0.22 to 0.75 meters thick	37.5 mm
Concrete for thin walls, slabs, beams, less than 0.22 meters thick	19 mm
Concrete for reinforced concrete pipes	12.5 mm

In all cases, the diameter of the aggregate shall not exceed 1/2 the distance between the reinforcing steel bars of the members being placed.

**2. Particle Shape** - The particle shape of the crushed coarse aggregate shall be generally spherical or cubical and reasonably free from flat or elongated particles. A flat or elongated particle is defined as a particle having a maximum dimension in excess of five times the minimum dimensions. Rocks which breaks down into such shape will not be approved for the production of aggregate.

**3. Deleterious Substances** - The deleterious substances in any size of coarse aggregate, as delivered to the mixer, shall not exceed the following values:

	<u>Per Cent By Weight</u>
Material Passing No. 200 (Screen Designation 16)*	1/2
Shale (Designation 18)	1
Clay Lumps (Designation 13)	1/2
Other deleterious substances	1

\* The designations in parenthesis refers to methods of Testing described in the seventh edition of the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Concrete Manual and ASTM.

The sum of the percentages of all deleterious substances in any size, as delivered to the mixer, shall not exceed 3% by weight. Coarse aggregate may be rejected if it fails to meet the following requirements:

- 1) **Petrographic Examination** - If more than 10% of poor aggregate particles can be identified in physical quality test and in case 20% of the particles would be classified with respect to the chemical quality (USBR Desig. 7 or ASTM C-295).
- 2) **Sodium-sulphate Test for soundness** (USBR Desig. 9 or ASTM C-88)- If the weighted average loss, after 5 cycles is more than 10% by weight.
- 3) **Specific Gravity** (USBR Desig. 10 or ASTM C-127) - If the specific gravity (saturated surface-dry basis) is less than 2.60.
- 4) **Sampling** - All sampling of coarse aggregates shall be in accordance with Paragraph 1509.

c) Storage - Coarse aggregate storage or stockpiles shall be built in such a manner as to avoid the inclusion of any foreign materials in the concrete and to prevent segregation and excessive breakage. Water sprayers shall be installed to keep that portion of the coarse aggregate stockpiles saturated which is intended for immediate use in the concrete. Sufficient live storage shall be maintained at all times to permit continuous placement of concrete.

d) Measurement and Payment - Coarse aggregates will not be measured for payment. The cost of excavation, stockpiling, processing, blending, handling and other cost for providing coarse aggregates shall be considered included in the unit price bid for the various items in the Bill of Quantities for which coarse aggregates are used.

## **1508 PRODUCTION OF FINE AND COARSE AGGREGATES**

(a) **Source of Aggregates** - Fine and coarse aggregates for concrete, and fine aggregate for mortar and grout may be obtained by the Contractor from any approved source. Approval of deposit shall not be construed as constituting approval of all materials taken from the deposit, and the Contractor shall maintain the specified quality of all such materials used in concrete works. If the aggregates are to be obtained from deposits or quarry sources not previously tested and approved by NIA, Contractor shall submit, for preliminary test and approval, a representative, 90 kilograms (approximately 200 pounds) sample of the fine aggregate and of

the 0.5 centimeters to 2 centimeter size of coarse aggregate and a 45 kilograms (approximately 100 pounds) sample of each of the other sizes of coarse aggregate proposed for use in the work, at least 90 days before the materials are required for use.

(b) **Developing Aggregate Deposit.** The Contractor shall carefully clear the area, from which aggregates are to be taken, of trees, roots, brush, sod, soil, unsuitable sand and gravel or aggregates, and other objectionable matter. The portion of the deposit used shall be located and operated so as not to detract from the usefulness of the deposit or of any adjacent property and so as to preserve, insofar as practicable, the future usefulness or value of the deposit. Waste materials removed from aggregate borrow areas shall be disposed of in approved locations.

(c) **Processing Raw Materials.** The Contractor shall employ processing equipment which will ensure well-shaped particle in all aggregate sizes and a minimum of particle which are flat or elongated. Processing of raw materials shall include screening, washing, and blending if necessary to produce fine and coarse aggregate meeting the requirements of Paragraphs 1506 and 1507. Processing of aggregates produced from any source shall be done at an approved site. Water used for washing aggregates shall conform to Paragraph 1505. To utilize the greatest practicable yield of suitable materials in the portion of the deposit being worked, the Contractor may crush oversize material and any excess materials of the size of coarse aggregate to be furnished, until the required quantity of each size has been secured, provided, that the crushed aggregates shall be blended uniformly with the uncrushed aggregates. Crushing and blending operations shall at all times be subject to approval by the Engineer.

Aggregates, as delivered to the mixers, shall consist of clean, hard and uncoated particles. When required, dust shall be removed from the coarse aggregate by adequate washing.

(d) **Moisture Control.** The free moisture control of the fine aggregate and smallest size group of coarse aggregate as delivered to the mixers shall be controlled so as not to exceed the value of 6.0 and 1.5, respectively, expressed as a percentage by weight of the saturated, surface dry aggregates. The percent variation of free moisture content in fine aggregate and the smallest size of coarse aggregate shall not exceed 0.5% and 2.0%, respectively, during any one hour of mixing plant operation. The free moisture of the other sizes of coarse aggregates shall be the least amount when delivered to mixers and variations shall be the least practicable under all job conditions. Sand shall have a uniform and stable moisture content. Under no conditions shall the other sizes of coarse aggregates be delivered to the mixing plant bins dripping wet. The Contractor may accomplish the required moisture control by use of free drainage storage, mechanical dewatering devices, or any other satisfactory means of dewatering.

## **1509 AGGREGATE SAMPLING AND TESTING**

Sampling of the aggregate materials approved for use in the work shall be done by the contractor in accordance with ASTM Sampling Method at 10 days in advance of the time when placing of concrete is expected to begin. Aggregate studies and tests will be made by the contractor at its own expense. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to designate the source(s) of aggregates early enough to give NIA sufficient time to obtain the necessary samples and have them subjected to tests.

The samples of aggregates shall be obtained and tested in accordance with the following ASTM standard methods:

Sampling aggregate	- C 75
Sieve Analysis	- C 136
Amount of material finer than 200 sieve	- C 117
Organic impurities	- C 40
Mortar Strength	- C 87
Soundness	- C 88
Soft Particles	- C 235
Abrasion	- C 131
Clay lumps	- C 142

No aggregate shall be used until official advice has been received that it has satisfactorily passed all tests, at which time written authority shall be given for its use. Material from source which has been previously tested and shown satisfactory compliance with all the requirements given herein may be used without further testing upon written permission of NIA. Test reports for previous tests must be available before approval can be given.

During construction, aggregates will be sampled as delivered to the mixer to determine compliance with specification provisions. Test shall be made in accordance with the applicable ASTM Standards. Routine control test and analysis of aggregates at various stages in processing, transporting, stockpiling, redraining, and batching, if used will be made by the contractor. The Contractor shall provide such facilities as may be considered necessary for the ready procurement of representative test samples. All test will be made by the contractor under the supervision of NIA.

## 1510 CLASSIFICATION AND PROPORTIONING OF CONCRETE MIXTURES

(a) **Classification and Design Mixtures.** The mixture for all classes of concrete shall be designed by the Contractor and approved by NIA to obtain the compressive strength at the age of 28 days as specified below:

Class	Minimum Strength (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Maximum Aggregate Size (mm)	Minimum Cement (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Maximum Water/Cement Ratio
X	300	19	375	0.55
Y	210	12.5	350	0.60
AA	210	19	325	0.60
A	210	37.5	300	0.60
B	170	50	250	0.70
C	170	75	225	0.70
Z	140	75	200	0.85
Blinding (Concrete)	70	37.5	150	no limit

(b) **Aggregate Content.** - Concrete mixtures shall be designed to use the largest size and the maximum amount of coarse aggregate as practicable for the intended use of the concrete.

(c) **Consistency.** - The amount of water to be used in the concrete shall be regulated as required to secure concrete of the proper consistency and to adjust for any variation in the moisture content or grading of the aggregates as they enter the mixer.

It shall be such consistency that it will flow around reinforcing steel bar but individual particles of the coarse aggregate when isolated shall have coating of mortar containing its proportionate amount of sand. The consistency shall be gauged by the ability of the equipment to properly place it and not by the difficulty in mixing or transporting. Addition of water to compensate for stiffening of the concrete before placing will not be permitted. Uniformity in concrete consistency from batch to batch will be required.

The slump of the concrete at the time of placing shall not exceed 5 centimeters in heavy concrete sections and at top of walls, piers and parapets, 10 centimeters for pumped or air placed concrete, and 7.5 centimeters for concrete elsewhere.

The Engineer reserves the right to require a lesser slump whenever concrete of lesser slump can be consolidated readily into place by means of the vibration specified in Paragraph 1517.

(d) Notwithstanding the approval by NIA of the design mixtures and the above specified minimum cement content for different classes or gradation of aggregates, the Contractor shall be responsible that all the concrete meet the desired strength.

#### **1511 MEASUREMENT OF MATERIALS**

All materials from which the concrete will be manufactured shall be mechanically measured by weight, except as otherwise specified and/or authorized by the Engineer and admixture solutions which may be measured by volume.

Measuring devices shall be suitably designed and constructed for the purpose and shall be weighing separately the cement, fine and coarse aggregates. The accuracy of all weighing devices shall be such that successive quantities can be measured to one per cent of the desired weights. Cement in standard bags (40 kilograms) need not be weighed. The water measuring devices shall be of such type and make to be readily controlled to obtain an accuracy of one-half per cent of the desired quantity of water.

Whenever volumetric proportioning and measurement is permitted due to failure or malfunction of weighing devices the equivalent volumetric proportions of weighed representative samples of the concrete ingredients shall be computed taking into consideration bulking effect of cement and variations of moisture content of the aggregates.

When sack or bag cement is used, the quantities of aggregates for each batch shall be for one or more full sack of cement. No batch requiring a fractional sack of cement will be tolerated.

#### **1512 MIXING AND DELIVERY**

Ready-mixed concrete shall be mixed and delivered to the point designated by the Engineer by means of one of the following combination of operations:

- Mixed completely in a stationary mixer and the mixed concrete transported to the point of delivery in a truck mixer operating at agitator speed or in non-agitating equipment when approved by the Engineer. (Known as central-mixed concrete).

- Mixed completely in a truck mixer at the batching point or while in transit. (Known as transit-mixed concrete).

- Mixed completely in a truck mixer at the point of delivery following the addition of mixing water. (Known as truck-mixed concrete).

Truck mixers and truck agitators shall be operated within a capacity not to exceed 63 or 80 percent, respectively of the gross volume of the drum and at a speed of rotation for mixing or agitating as designated by the manufacturer of the equipment. A truck mixer or truck agitator used for transporting concrete that has been completely mixed in a stationary mixer shall be operated within the limits of capacity and speed of rotation designated by the manufacturer for agitating, except that the agitator capacity shall in no event exceed 80 percent of gross drum volume.

When a stationary mixer is used for the complete mixing of the concrete, the mixing time for mixers having a capacity of 10 cubic yards (7.6 m<sup>3</sup>) or less shall be not less than 60 seconds. For mixers of more than 10 cubic yards (7.6 m<sup>3</sup>) capacity, the mixing time shall be determined by the Engineer. The time is valid provided mixer efficiency tests prove the concrete is satisfactory for uniformity and strength. Mixing time shall be measured from the time all cement and aggregates are in the drum. The batch shall be so charged into the Mixer that some water will enter in advance of cement and aggregates, and all water shall be in the drum by the end of the first one-fourth of the specified mixing time.

When a truck mixer is used for complete mixing, each batch of concrete shall be mixed for not less than 70 nor more than 100 revolutions of the drum or blades at the rate of rotation designated by the manufacturer of the equipment on the metal plate on the mixer as mixing speed. Additional mixing, if any, shall be at the speed designated by the manufacturer of the equipment as agitating speed. All materials including mixing water shall be in the mixer drum before actuating the revolution counter for determination of the number of revolutions of mixing.

When a truck mixer or truck agitator is used for transporting concrete that has been completely mixed in a stationary mixer, mixing during transport shall be at the speed designated by the manufacturer of the equipment as agitating speed.

When a truck mixer or truck agitator is used for transporting concrete, the concrete shall be delivered to the site of the work and discharge shall be completed within 1 hour after the addition of the cement to the aggregates. Each batch of concrete delivered at the job site shall be accompanied by a time slip issued at the batching plant, bearing the time of charging of the mixer drum with cement and aggregates. In hot weather or under conditions contributing to quick stiffening of the concrete, or when the temperature of the concrete is 30°C (85°F) or above, the time between the introduction of the cement to the aggregates and discharge shall not exceed 45 minutes. When a truck mixer is used for the complete mixing of the concrete, the mixing operation shall begin within 30 minutes after the cement has been added to the aggregate.

- The concrete when discharged from truck mixers or truck agitators, shall be of the consistency and workability required for the job. The rate of discharge of the plastic concrete from the mixer drum shall be controlled by the speed of rotation of the drum in the discharge direction

with the discharge gate fully open. If additional mixing water is required to maintain the specified slump and is added with the permission of the Engineer, a minimum of 20 revolutions of the truck mixer drum at mixing speed shall be required before discharge of any concrete.

When approved by the Engineer, central-mixed concrete which is designated for the purpose may be transported in suitable non-agitating equipment.

When non-agitating equipment is used for transportation of concrete the following requirements shall apply.

- Bodies of equipment shall be smooth, water-tight, metal containers equipped with gates that will permit control of the discharge of the concrete. Covers meeting the approval of the Engineer shall be provided for protection against the weather.

- The concrete shall be delivered to the site of the work in a thoroughly mixed and uniform mass and discharged with a satisfactory degree of uniformity. Slump tests of representative samples taken during the discharge shall not differ by more than 2 inches (50.8 mm). Discharge shall be completed within 30 min. after introduction of the mixing water to the cement and aggregates.

Concrete delivered in outdoor temperatures lower than 5°C (40°F) shall arrive at the work having a temperature not less than 15.6°C (60°F) nor greater than 32.2°C (90°F).

The volume of concrete mixed or transported shall not be less than 15 percent of the gross volume of the drum.

### **1513 RE-TEMPERING**

Concrete, mortar and grout mixers which have developed initial set shall not be used. Concrete, mortar and grout which have partially hardened shall not be retempered or remixed.

### **1514 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF CONCRETE**

The Contractor shall provide the required samples of Concrete to be furnished by the Contractor without cost to NIA. Sampling will, in all cases be performed by the contractor under the direct supervision of the Engineer and Contractor shall provide without cost to NIA all available tools and labor as may be required. Concrete sampling shall be carried on during concrete operations at the rate of one standard sample for each 75 cubic meters of concrete or fraction thereof placed during each continuous placing operations but in no case shall there be less than one sample for each day concreting. Each standard sample shall consist of three standard cylinders (6-inch diameter by 12-inches high.) The Contractor shall keep a record of the samples and the portion of the structures and volume represented which shall be available to NIA on demand.

Sampling shall conform to ASTM Designations C-172, preparation, storage and curing to ASTM Designation C-31 and testing to ASTM Designation C-39. NIA shall have the sample tested by an approved testing laboratory at the expense of the Contractor.



## **1515 CONVEYING AND PLACING CONCRETE**

(a) **General.** Approval of the Engineer shall be obtained before starting any concrete pour. Concrete placement will not be permitted when, in the opinion of the Engineer, conditions prevent proper placement and consolidation. Before concrete is placed, all saw dust, chips, and other construction debris and extraneous matters will be removed from the interior of forms, struts, stays, and braces, serving temporarily to hold the forms in correct shape and alignments, pending the placing of concrete at their location, shall be removed when the concrete placing has reached an elevation rendering their services unnecessary as may be. These temporary members shall be entirely removed from the forms and not to be buried in concrete. Surfaces of existing concrete left after partial demolition against which new concrete is to be placed, shall be cleared thoroughly of all loose concrete coatings or concrete dust by brushing or other effective means followed by thorough washing or jetting. Such surfaces shall be kept moist for at least 24 hours before pouring the new concrete.

Concrete shall be placed only in the presence of the Engineer or his duly authorized representatives. Any and all concrete placed in the absence of the Engineer or his duly authorized representatives will not be considered for measurement and payment, and shall be removed at the discretion of the Engineer with the Contractor assuming all losses.

Concrete shall be conveyed from mixer to forms, as rapidly as practicable, by methods which will prevent segregation, or loss of ingredients. In case of circular siphons, pumpcrete shall be used. There shall be no vertical drop greater than 1.50 meters except where suitable equipment is provided to prevent segregation and where specifically authorized by the Engineer. Belt conveyors, clutch or similar continuously exposed flow, will not be permitted.

(b) **Concrete on Earth Foundation.** All concrete shall be placed upon clean and dump surfaces free from standing or running water. Prior to placing concrete, the earth foundation shall be satisfactorily compacted in accordance with these Specifications.

(c) **Concrete on Rock or Other Concrete.** Rock surface or hardened concrete upon or against which concrete is to be placed shall be clean, free from oil, standing or running water, mud, drummy rock objectionable coatings, debris, loose and semi-detached or unsound fragments. Fault, fissures and seams in rock shall be cleaned to a satisfactory depth and to firm rock on the sides. Immediately before concrete is placed, all surfaces shall be cleaned thoroughly by the use of high velocity, air water jets, wet sand blasting or other satisfactory means. When required by the Engineer, roughening by grooving with pneumatic tool, of existing concrete surfaces against which concrete is to be placed may be required. All surfaces shall be wetted before placing concrete and approximately horizontal surface shall be covered immediately, before the concrete is placed, with a layer of mortar not to exceed 15 millimeters in thickness and of the same cement-sand ratio as used in the concrete.

(d) **Lift in Concrete.** The permissible depth of concrete placed in one lift will be as shown in the detailed Drawings or as directed for each structure by the Engineer. Unless otherwise authorized or shown, lifts of mass concrete shall not exceed 1.5 meters in height, and a minimum of 72 hours shall elapse between the placing of each successive lifts. Lifts of three meters will be permitted in piers and walls. Height of lift specified herein will not apply where the use of slip form has been approved. All concrete, when placed and vibrated shall be approximately horizontal layers not to exceed 50 centimeters in thickness unless otherwise specifically authorized. The placement of concrete surfaces shall not have reached their initial

set before additional concrete is placed thereon. Slabs shall generally be placed in one lift unless the depth is so great that this procedure will produce objectionable results.

(e) **Consolidation of Concrete.** Consolidation of concrete shall be by the use of mechanical vibratory equipment. The vibrating equipment shall be of the internal type and shall at all times be adequate in number of units and the power of each unit shall be capable to properly consolidate all concrete. The frequency of vibration shall not be less than 6,000 revolutions per minute. Form or surface vibrators shall not be used, unless otherwise specified in other Sections of this Technical Specifications. The duration of vibration shall be limited to that necessary to produce satisfactory consolidation without causing objectionable segregation. In consolidating each layer of concrete the vibrating head shall be allowed to penetrate under the action of its own weight and revibrate the concrete in the upper portion of the underlying layer.

At least one spare vibrator in working order shall be available at any location where concrete is being placed.

(f) **Finishing of Concrete Lift Surfaces.** The manipulation of the concrete adjacent to the surface of the lift in connection with completing lift placement shall be the minimum necessary to produce not only the degree of consolidation desired in the surface layer of concrete but also a surface with the desired degree of roughness for bond with the next lift. Surface vibration or excessive surface working will not be permitted. All unfinished top surface not covered by forms and which are not to be covered by additional concrete or backfill, shall be carried slightly above grade, as directed, and struck off by board finish.

(g) **Placing Concrete Through Reinforcement.** In placing concrete through reinforcement, care shall be taken so that no segregation of the coarse aggregate occurs. On the bottom of beams and slabs, where the congestion of steel near the forms makes placing difficult, a layer of mortar of the same cement-sand ratio as used in the concrete shall be first deposited to cover the surface.

(h) **Depositing Concrete in Water.** When specifically authorized, concrete may be deposited in water. The methods and equipment used shall be subject to approval of the Engineer.

## **1516 FORMS**

(a) **General.** Forms shall be used wherever necessary to confine the concrete during vibration and to shape it to the required lines. Forms shall have sufficient strength to withstand the pressure resulting from placement and vibration of the concrete, and shall be maintained rigidly in position. The strength and rigidity of the forms shall be such that formed surfaces will conform to specification requirements relating to surface irregularities and tolerances for concrete construction. Forms shall be tight to prevent loss of mortar from the concrete.

Chamfer strips shall be placed in the corners of forms for exposed exterior corners so as to produce beveled edges. Interior corners and edges of formed joints shall not be beveled unless the requirement therefore is shown on the Drawings.

The tolerance limits specified in Paragraph 1521 and the surface irregularity limits specified in Paragraph 1521 are the maximum permissive limits of misalignment or irregularity surface which may occur despite workmanlike effort to construct and maintain the forms to the specified surfaces. These limits pertain only to inadvertent and occasional irregularities, even

though these irregularities are within the maximum permissive limits, will be rejected. Accordingly, these limits, shall not be construed to be tolerances for aligning forms or determining acceptability of form materials.

Stub walls shall not be used, except that stub walls shall be used for walls having fillets at the bottom.

Concrete in such stub walls shall be re-vibrated after adjacent floor concrete is placed.

Forms for finishes F2 and F3 shall be constructed with grade strips at the horizontal construction joints, unless the use of groove strips is specified on the Drawings. Such forms shall be removed and reset from lift to lift, they shall be continuous from lift to lift. Sheathing of reset forms shall overlap the previous lift by not less than 25 mm. Forms shall be tightened against the concrete so that the forms will not spread and permit abrupt irregularities or loss of mortar or paste. Supplementary bolts or form ties shall be used as necessary to hold the rested forms against the concrete.

Forms for all wall openings shall be constructed so as to facilitate loosening.

(b) **Form Sheathing and lining.** Wood sheathing or lining shall be of such kind of quality and shall be so treated or coated that there will be no chemical deterioration or discoloration of the formed concrete surfaces. The type and condition of form sheathing and lining, and the fabrication of forms for finishes F2, F3 and F4 shall be such that the form surfaces will be even and uniform. The ability of forms to withstand distortion caused by placement and vibration of concrete shall be such that formed surfaces will conform with applicable requirements of these specifications pertaining to finish of formed surfaces. Where finish F3 is specified, the sheathing or lining shall be placed so that the joint marks on the concrete surfaces will be in general alignment, both horizontally and vertically.

Plywood used for sheathing or lining shall be high density overlaid plywood specially manufactured for use in construction concrete forms as approved. Materials used for form sheathing or lining shall conform with the following requirements, or other materials producing equivalent results as approved by the Engineer.

<u>Req'd Finish of Formed Surface</u>	<u>Wood Sheathing or Lining*</u>	<u>Steel Sheathing or Lining**</u>
F1	Any grade, surfaced on 2 edges (S2E) with no limits to defects except imposed by other requirements of these specifications.	Steel Sheathing permitted Steel Lining permitted
F2	Selected lumber, surfaced on side and two edges (SIS2E) or plywood sheathing or lining.	Steel Sheathing permitted Steel Lining permitted
F3	Selected lumber, surfaced on four sides (S4S) or plywood sheathing or lining.	Steel Sheathing permitted Steel lining not permitted
F4	For plane surfaces, selected lumber surfaced on four sides (S4S) T & G or plywood. For warped surfaces, the	Steel sheathing permitted.

lumber shall be free from knots and other imperfections and which can be cut and bent accurately to the required curvatures without splintering or splitting.

\* The lumber shall be free from warp and knotholes and shall have no knots larger than five centimeters in diameter. All knots shall be sound and tight. There will be no pitch pockets, barb or lack of wood on the face of the lumber against which concrete is to be placed.

\*\* Steel sheathing denotes steel sheets not supported by a backing of wood boards.

(c) **Form Ties.** Embedded ties for holding forms shall remain embedded and, except for F1 finish, shall terminate within the concrete approximately two diameters or twice the minimum dimensions of the tie from the formed faces of the concrete. Embedded ties for F1 finish shall terminate within the concrete or shall be cut-off flush with the faces of the concrete, at the Contractor's option.

The ties shall be so constructed that ends and end fasteners can be removed by unskilled workmen without causing spalling at the faces of the concrete.

(d) **Cleaning and Oiling of Forms.** The surfaces of the forms in contact with the concrete shall be free from encrustations of mortar, grout or other foreign material when the concrete is placed. The surfaces of the forms to be in contact with the concrete shall be coated with an approved coating which will enable the ready release of the forms and will not contaminate the concrete surfaces. Except as provided below, forms for surfaces which are to be painted shall be coated with straight, refined, pale, paraffin mineral oil, or other approved coating, and the coating for steel forms shall consist of refined mineral oil suitably compounded for the purpose.

(e) **Forms of Curved Surfaces.** Curved surfaces have been dimensioned at several sections. The Contractor shall interpolate intermediate sections as necessary and shall construct the forms so that the curvature will be continuous between sections. Where necessary to meet requirements for curvature, the form lumber shall be built up to laminated splines cut to make tight, smooth form surfaces. The forms shall be constructed so that the joint marks on the concrete surfaces generally will follow the line of water flow. After the forms have been constructed, all surface imperfections shall be corrected, and all surface irregularities at packing faces of form materials shall be dressed to the specified curvature.

(f) **Forms for Slopes or Battered Surfaces.** Forms for sloped or battered surfaces shall be built so that the sheathing can be placed board-by-board immediately ahead of concrete placement so as to enable ready access for placement, vibration, and inspection of the concrete. The sheathing shall be built so that the sheathing can be removed board-by-board from the bottom to top.

(g) **Forms for Open Channel Transitions.** When warped surfaces of transitions are not backformed, natural or compacted earth shall be shaped to the specified surface and covered immediately with a plaster coat of cement-sand mortar at least 0.95 centimeter.

Forms for the warped surfaces shall be tied securely to the floor slab and braced against spreading. In the upper surface, forms shall be butt and removed as specified in sub-paragraph

(j), so as to enable ready access for placement, vibration, inspection, and repair and finishing of the concrete.

(h) **Forms for Bridges.** Forms for girders and slabs shall be cambered as specified by the Engineer.

Forms shall be constructed so that form marks will conform to the general lines of the structure. Column form marks shall be spaced symmetrically.

Form bolts or clamps shall be used to fasten forms. The use of ties consisting of twisted wire loops will not be permitted. Bolts or clamps shall be positive in action and shall be of sufficient strength and number to prevent displacement of the forms. They shall be of such type that they can be entirely removed or cut back one inch or more below the finished surface of the concrete leaving no metal within one inch of the concrete surface. All forms for the outside surfaces shall be constructed with rigid wales at right angles to the studs and all form clamps shall extend through and fasten such wales.

Forms for exposed surfaces shall be constructed of plywood or material which will produce an equivalent surface. Form panels shall be furnished and placed in uniform widths of not less than 90 centimeters and in uniform lengths of not less than 1.8 meters, except where the dimensions of the member formed are less than the specified panel dimensions. Plywood panels shall be placed with the grain of the outer piles perpendicular to the studding of joists, unless otherwise permitted by the Engineer. Where form panels are attached directly to the studding or joists, the panels shall not be less than 1.6 centimeters thick, and the studding or joists, shall be spaced not more than 30 centimeters center to center. Form panels less than 1.6 centimeters thick, which otherwise conform to the requirements specified in this Paragraph, may be used with a continuous backing of surfaced material 1.9 centimeters thick. Form panels more than 1.6 centimeters thick attached to studding or joists spaced at 30 centimeters center to center may be used, provided the deflection of the panel between studding or joists does not exceed that of a 1.6 centimeters panel attached to a studding or joists spaced at 30 centimeters center to center. All form panels shall be placed in a neat, symmetrical pattern subject to the approval of the Engineer.

(i) **Falsework for Bridges and Other Superstructures.** False work for the support of a bridge or other superstructure shall be designed and constructed to support the loads that would be imposed where the entire structure placed at one time.

Suitable jacks, wedges or camber strips shall be used in connection with falsework or centering to set the forms to the required grade or camber and to take up any settlement in the formwork either before or during the placing of concrete.

(j) **Forms for Large Circular Siphons.** The Contractor shall submit to NIA a detailed Drawings for a collapsible steel forms to be used as inner forms of the monolithic barrels. The length of one section of the barrels is at every 9.15 meters bar length intervals as shown on the Drawings. The outer forms intervals as shown on the Drawings. The outer forms of the concrete barrels shall be made with butt joints throughout and form surfaces to be in contact with concrete shall be smooth and true. All forms shall be sufficiently tight with suitable gaskets provided at all form joints and gates to prevent leakage of mortar. Forms shall be braced and sufficiently stiff to withstand, without detrimental deformation, all operations incidental to the

proper placement of concrete within the forms. All forms shall be cleaned and oiled before pouring concrete.

(k) **Removal of Forms.** Forms shall be removed as soon as possible to enable the earliest practicable repair of surface imperfections, but in no case shall they be removed before approval of the Engineer. Any needed repair or treatment shall be performed at once, and be followed immediately by the specified curing. Forms shall be removed with care so as to avoid injuring of the concrete and any concrete so damage shall be repaired.

In field operation that are not controlled by beam or cylinder test the removal of forms and supports shall be governed by the following:

<u>Type of Structure</u>	<u>Time of Removal After the Last Pouring</u>
Arch, beam, girders and slabs	14 days
Slab in close span of less than three meters	7 days
Side forms for beams, railings parapets, balustrade, walls and columns	Not less than 12 hours and more than 48 hours

## **1517 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS**

(a) **General.** After the top surface of a lift is finally compacted, it shall be immediately and carefully protected from direct rays of the sun, pedestrian traffic, materials being placed thereon, running water, heavy rains, or any activity upon the surface that in any manner will affect the setting of the concrete. Unless otherwise specified, vertical and horizontal joints on exposed faces shall be chamfered as shown on standard detailed drawings and formed to produce a uniform and neat appearance.

(b) **Cleaning.** Horizontal construction joints on lifts with relatively open and accessible surfaces may be prepared for receiving the next lift by either wet sand blasting or by cutting with an all-water jet, as specified below. If the surface of the lift is congested with reinforcements, or is relatively inaccessible or, if for any other reason the Engineer considers it undesirable to disturb the surface of a lift before final set has taken place, surface cutting by means of air-water jets will not be permitted and the use of wet sand blasting or light brush hammering will be required. After approved cleaning, the surface of the construction joints shall be kept continuously wet for at least 12 hours immediately prior to placing concrete. A mortar coating of approximately one centimeter in thickness shall be applied to all approximately horizontal surfaces immediately prior to the placing of the next lift of concrete. The mortar shall have the same cement sand ratio as the concrete. Any free water on the joint surface shall be removed prior to placing the mortar. The Contractor shall ensure that the surface of any horizontal joints (and the formwork in general) is completely clean of any dust, weed, wood showings or other deleterious material prior to the placing of concrete.

1. **Air-Water Cutting** - Air-Water cutting of construction joint shall be performed after initial set has taken place but before the concrete has obtained its final set. The surface shall be cut with a high pressure air-water jet to remove all laitance and expose clean, sound

aggregate, but not to undercut the edges of the larger particles of aggregate. After cutting, the surface shall be washed and rinsed as long as there is a trace of cloudiness of the wash water.

2. **Wet Sandblasting**. When employed in the preparation of construction joints, wet sandblasting shall be performed immediately before placing the following lift. The operation shall be continued until all unsatisfactory concrete and laitance, coatings, stain, debris, and other foreign materials are removed. The surface of the concrete shall then be washed thoroughly to remove all loose materials.

3. **Cleaning Vertical Construction Joint**. The vertical construction joints shall be cleaned by wet sand blasting or by brush manner.

## **1518 REPAIR OF CONCRETE**

No repair of work or plaster finish of formed concrete in structures will be permitted, unless otherwise provided in these Specifications or directed by the Engineer in writing. All defective concrete shall be removed and replaced with the Contractor assuming all expenses and losses. Plastering without permission will be assumed as defective works. If directed, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer of the start of the repair work at least 24 hours in advance thereof and shall repair concrete only in the presence of the Engineer or its authorized representative, unless inspection of such repair work is waived.

Drypack shall be used for filling holes having at least one surface dimension smaller, if any greater than the hole depth; for narrow slots cut for repair of cracks for grout pipe recesses; and for tie-rod fastener recesses as specified. Drypack shall not be used for filling behind reinforcement or for filling holes that extend completely through a concrete section. Mortar filling, placed under impost by use of a mortar gun, maybe used for repairing defects on surfaces designated to receive F1 and F2 finishes where the defects are too wide for drypack filling and too shallow for concrete filling and no deeper than the far side of the reinforcement that is nearest the surface. Concrete filling shall be used for holes extending entirely through concrete sections; for holes in which no reinforcement is encountered and which are greater in area than 900 square centimeters and deeper than 20 cm.; and for holes in reinforced concrete which are greater in area than 400 square centimeters and which extends beyond reinforcement.

Workmanship methods, preparation of concrete for repair, materials, and curing shall be as directed. Only workmen skilled in the repair of concrete shall perform such work. Repairs of defective concrete shall be made within 48 hours after removal of forms.

Surfaces to which concrete is to be bonded shall be clean and dry when coated with epoxy.

Surfaces of concrete to be repaired with sealing compound method shall be cured by the water curing method for one day before application of the sealing compound. All repair shall be sound and free from shrinkage cracks and drummy areas after they have been cured and have dried 30 days.

Surfaces of repairs which will be exposed to view shall blend inconspicuously with surrounding concrete surfaces.

Fins and encrustations shall be removed from surfaces which will be exposed to view.

## 1519 FINISHES AND FINISHING

(a) **General.** Allowable deviations from established lines, grades and dimensions are set forth in Paragraph 1521. These allowable deviations are defined as "tolerance" and are to be distinguished from surface irregularities in finish as described herein. The class of finish and the requirements for finishing concrete shall be as specified in this Paragraph.

Finishing of concrete surfaces shall be performed only by skilled workmen. The Contractor shall advise the Engineer as to when concrete will be finished. Unless inspection is waived in each specific case, finishing of concrete shall be performed only in the presence of the Engineer. Concrete surfaces will be tested by the Engineer to determine that surface irregularities are within the limits hereinafter specified.

Surface irregularities are classified as "abrupt" or "gradual". Offsets caused by displaced or misplaced form sheathing or lining or form sections or by loose knots in forms or otherwise defective form lumber will be considered abrupt irregularities, and will be tested by direct measurements. All other irregularities will be considered to be gradual irregularities, and will be measured as the departure from the testing edge of an approved template held parallel to and in contact with the surface. The template shall consist of a straight-edge or the equivalent thereof for curved surfaces.

(b) **Formed Surfaces.** The classes of finish for formed concrete surfaces are referred to by symbols F1, F2, F3 and F4 faces. Grinding will not be required on formed surfaces except as necessary to reduce protrusions to specified limits. Recesses from removal of form ties shall be filled with dry pack or epoxy mortar at the Contractor's option: except that filling recesses in Finish F1 surfaces will be required only if the recesses are deeper than 2.5 centimeters in walls, less than 30 centimeters thick or if unfilled, recesses would reduce the required cover over reinforcements.

The filled recesses shall blend inconspicuously with the surrounding concrete surfaces or concrete that will be exposed to view.

The classes of finish and their application are as follows:

Finish F1 - Finish F1 applies to formed surfaces where fill material or concrete is to be placed. The surfaces require no treatment after form removal except for repair of defective concrete and specified curing. Correction of surface irregularities will be required only for depressions which exceed 2.5 centimeters, when measured as described in sub-paragraph (a).

Abrupt irregularities on surfaces to which pre-molded joint filler is to be applied shall not exceed 0.30 centimeter.

Finish F2 - Finish F2 applies to all formed surfaces not permanently concealed by fill materials or concrete, or not required to receive Finish F3. Surface irregularities, measured as described in sub-paragraph (a) shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter for abrupt irregularities and 1.20 centimeters for gradual irregularities.



Finish F3 - Finish F3 applies to formed surfaces of the stoplog guides, exposed faces of abutments, wing walls, girders, curbs, parapet railings, and decorative features on bridges. Surface irregularities, measured as described in sub-paragraph (a) above, shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter for gradual irregularities and 0.30 centimeter for abrupt irregularities, except that abrupt irregularities will not be permitted at construction joints.

Finish F4 - Finish F4 applies to formed surfaces for which accurate alignment and evenness of surfaces are of paramount importance from the standpoint of eliminating destructive effects of high velocity flows. Formed surfaces to receive an F4 finish includes formed surfaces exposed to high velocity flowing water.

Except as hereinafter provided, abrupt irregularities on surfaces to receive F4 finish, when measured as described in sub-paragraph (a), shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter for irregularities parallel to the direction of the flow and 0.30 centimeter for irregularities not parallel to the direction of the flow. Gradual irregularities on surfaces to receive an F4 finish shall not exceed 1.60 centimeters.

Abrupt irregularities on formed surfaces exposed to high velocity flows shall be eliminated by grinding on a bevel of 1:20 ratio of height to length.

The Contractor will not be entitled to any extra payment or compensation for reducing or eliminating irregularities on formed concrete surfaces which do not meet specification limits.

(c) Unformed Surfaces - The classes of finish for unformed concrete surfaces are referred to by symbols U1, U2, U3, or U4. Exterior surfaces will be sloped for drainage where shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. Exterior surfaces which otherwise would be level shall be sloped for drainage. Unless the use of other slopes or level surfaces is indicated on the Drawings or directed by the Engineer narrow surfaces, such as tops of walls and burbs, shall be sloped approximately 3 centimeters per meter of width; broader surfaces, such as walks, roadways, platforms, and decks shall be sloped approximately 2 centimeters per meter. These classes of finish and their applications are as follows:

Finish U1 - Finish U1 (screeded finish) applies to unformed surfaces that will be covered by fill material or by concrete. Finish U1 is also used as the first stage of finishes U2 and U3. Finishing shall consist of sufficient leveling and screening to produce even uniform surfaces. Surface irregularities, measured as described in sub- paragraph (a) shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter.

Finish U2 - Finish U2 (floated finish) applies to unformed surfaces not permanently concealed by fill material or concrete, or not required to receive finishes U3 and U4. Finish U2 is also used as the second stage of finish U3. Floating may be performed by use of hand or power driven equipment. Floating shall be started as soon as the screeded surface has stiffened sufficiently, and shall be the minimum necessary to produce a surface that is free from screed marks and is uniform in texture. If finish U3 is to be applied, floating shall be continued until a small amount of mortar without excess water is brought to the surface, so as to permit effective trowelling. Surface irregularities measured as described in sub-paragraph (a), shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter.

Finish U3 - Finish U3 (trowelled finish) applies to inside floors of buildings. When the floated surface has hardened sufficiently to prevent excess of fine material from being

drawn to the surface, steel trowelling shall be started. Steel trowelling shall be performed with firm pressure, so as to flatten the sandy texture of the floated surface and produce a dense uniform surface, free from blemishes and trowel marks. Surface irregularities, measured as described in sub-paragraph (a), shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter.

Finish U4 - Finish U4 applies to canal lining. The finished surface shall be equivalent in evenness, smoothness and freedom from rock pockets and surface voids to that obtainable by effective use of a long-handled steel trowel. Light surface fitting and light trowel marks will not be considered objectionable. Surface irregularities measured as described in sub-paragraph (a), shall not exceed 0.60 centimeter for bottom slabs and 1.20 centimeter for side slopes.

(d) Moisture Control for Unformed Surfaces - In warm, dry or windy weather the moisture control measures specified herein shall be taken to inhibit loss of moisture from the surface of the concrete. Such surfaces shall be fog-sprayed, covered completely with white polyethylene sheet, or otherwise treated as approved. The curing specified in Paragraph 1520 shall be started as soon as the concrete hardens, however, the surface of the concrete shall be kept wet during the change in curing methods.

If surfaces are fog sprayed, the fog spray shall maintain a sheet of moisture on the concrete but shall not displace cement or create a wet surface during finishing operations. Surfaces shall be fog sprayed during and immediately following finishing operations, and fog spraying shall be interrupted only to enable finishing operations. Such interruptions shall be of minimum duration and shall occur only in the immediate area being finished.

Plastic shrinkage cracks which occur before the concrete hardens shall be closed. Shrinkage cracks shall be closed by working; cracks shall not be sealed by trowelling only.

## **1520 CURING**

### **(a) General**

All concrete except interior surfaces, shall be cured for a period of not less than 14 consecutive days.

All horizontal slabs or surfaces shall be cured by water curing in accordance with sub-paragraph (c) and all inclined or vertical surfaces of concrete shall be applied with membrane curing immediately after removal of forms to prevent dehydration in accordance with sub-paragraph (b) except that membrane curing shall not be allowed for mass concrete and for construction joints. Contractor shall have all equipment needed for adequate curing and protection of the concrete on hand and ready for use before actual concrete placement begins. The curing medium and method or the combination of mediums and methods used shall be subject to the approval of the Engineers.

(i) Floors, stair threads, and horizontal construction joints shall be cured for 14 days by a covering of damp sand or curing mats, except that curing of construction joints surfaces may be discontinued in less than 14 days when the surfaces are to be covered with fresh concrete. The sand or curing mats shall not be kept so wet as to allow water to drain from it and stain concrete walls. The sand or curing mats shall be removed after the expiration of the curing period.

(ii) Interior Surfaces

Concrete surfaces of interior walls, including ceilings and surfaces of construction joints and vertical construction joints will require no curing other than resulting from forms being left in place for at least two days. Interior walls shall be washed during and after completion of concrete operations at higher elevations. The washing shall be sufficient to keep the walls free from drips or runs of material that would cause streaking or staining of the concrete. Stair risers and large repairs on interior walls shall be cured for at least four days by damp mats but the mats shall not be wet enough to cause dripping of water on completed concrete. Small repairs and filled core holes on interior walls shall be cured for at least four days by masking tape or similar covering.

**(b) Membrane Curing Method.**

The concrete shall be sprayed uniformly with sealing compound in accordance with the manufacturer's written recommendation, copies of which shall be furnished to the Engineer for approval in advance of the material being used. The sealing compound shall conform to AASHTO Designation: M-148, Type II. The component shall be of uniform consistency and quality within each container of each shipment and from shipment to shipment. Sealing compound used in confined spaces shall not be toxic to workmen. The Contractor shall furnish a manufacturer's certificate of compliance for the compound prior to its use on the work. The certificate shall identify the batch and include certified test results covering all requirements of the specifications for the sealing compound material.

Sealing compound shall be applied to unformed concrete surfaces immediately upon completion of moisture control measures taken as specified in Paragraph 1519 (d). Where such measures are not required, sealing compound shall be applied as soon as the concrete is hard enough to preclude damage from application of the sealing compound. The Engineer will require that the side slopes and bottom of the canal lining be sprayed separately unless the surfaces are ready, simultaneously, to receive the sealing compound.

Sealing compound shall be applied to formed concrete surfaces immediately upon removal of the forms as specified in Paragraph 1516. The moisture control measures shall be taken until the forms have been removed. Formed surfaces shall be sprayed with water immediately after the forms have been removed until the surfaces are saturated. The sealing compound shall be applied as soon as the surface film or water has disappeared but while the surface is still damp.

Sealing compound shall be applied in one coat to provide a continuous uniform membrane. Special care shall be taken to ensure coverage of edges, corners, and rough spots of formed surfaces. The compound shall be agitated continuously in the spray pressure tank.

Concrete repair work shall be performed after the sealing compound has been applied and is dry to touch. In the event that application of sealing compound is delayed or interrupted, water shall be applied as approved, until application of sealing compound is started or resumed.

Any membrane that is damaged or is determined to be defective within 28 days after application shall be repaired or replaced without delay, as approved. If the Contractor's operations require traffic on coated surfaces, the membrane shall be protected from damage.

Payment for membrane curing shall be included in the contract unit price for concrete in the Bill of Quantities where they are required.

**(c) Water Curing**

Water curing shall start as soon as practicable after placement of the concrete and shall continue until completion of the specified curing period or until covered with fresh concrete. Concrete, if cured by water, shall be kept wet by ponding method or by covering with an approved water saturated materials, or by a system of perforated pipes, mechanical sprinklers, porous hose, or by any other methods approved by the Engineer which will keep all surfaces to be cured continuously (not periodically) wet.

Water used for curing shall be free of chemicals which may have an adverse effect on the concrete. For example, water containing sulfates or chlorides is not acceptable.

**1521 TOLERANCES FOR CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION**

(a) **General.** Permissible surface irregularities for the various classes of concrete surface finish, specified in Paragraph 1519 are defined as "finishes", and are to be distinguished from tolerances that are consistent with modern construction practice, yet governed by the effect that permissible deviations will have upon the structural action or operational function of the structure. Deviations from the established lines, grades and dimensions will be permitted to the extent set forth herein.

Where tolerances are not stated in the Specifications or Drawings for any individual structure or feature thereof, permissible deviations will be interpreted in conformity with the provisions of this paragraph. Concrete work that exceeds the tolerance limits specified will be rejected and shall be corrected or removed and replaced, as ordered.

**(b) Tolerance for Canal Structure**

1. Concrete canal lining:

Departure from established alignment

- 5 cm. on tangents
- 10 cm. on curves

Departure from established profile grade

- 2.50 cm.

Reduction in thickness of lining:

10 per cent of the specified thickness; provided that the average of all thickness measurements made in 40 meters of lining shall be not less than the specified thickness, and provided further that the quantity of concrete actually used in 40 meters of lining shall be not less than the theoretical quantity, based on the lines shown on the Drawings.

Variation from specified width of section at any depth	-	3 cm.
Variation from established depth of lining	-	3.7 cm.

Variation in surface:

Invert, in 3 meter	-	0.60 cm.
Side slopes, in 3 meter	-	1.20 cm.

2. Bridges, inlets, chutes and structures:

Departure from established alignment	-	1.20 cm.
Departure from established grades	-	1.20 cm.

Variation from the plumb or the specified batter in the lines and surfaces of columns, piers, walls and in arises:

Exposed in 3 meters	-	1.20 cm.
Backfilled in 3 meters	-	2.00 cm.

Variation in cross-sectional dimensions of columns, walls, piers, slabs, beams and similar parts

Minus	-	0.60 cm.
Plus	-	1.20 cm.

3. Bridge Slabs:

Variation in thickness of slab:

Minus	-	0.30 cm.
Plus	-	0.60 cm.

Variations from specified width over curbs	-	0.60 cm.
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Variations from specified grade of top of curb in cambered position	-	0.60 cm.
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4. Foundations:

Variations in dimensions in plan:

Minus	-	2.50 cm.
Plus	-	5.00 cm.

Variations from established grade:

Minus	-	1.20 cm.
Plus	-	2.00 cm.

Misplacement of eccentricity:

2 percent of the footing width in the direction of misplacement but not more than	-	5.00 cm.
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5. Bridge Seats:

Variation of any one bearing from established elevation	-	0.30 cm.
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Difference in elevations of bearings for

adjacent spans, maximum	-	0.60 cm.
Difference in elevations of bearings for zone span on any one pier, maximum	-	0.30 cm.
Horizontal misplacement for any one bearing, maximum	-	0.70 cm.
Variation in the sizes and locations of slabs and wall openings	-	1.20 cm.
Skills and side walls for radial gates and similar watertight joints:		
Variation from the plump level		not greater than 0.30 cm. in 3 meters

6. Stop Log Slots:

Variation from a common plane between the sealing surfaces of each pair of related stop log slots shall be no greater than	-	0.15 cm.
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Variation of widths of stop log guides:

Minus	-	0.30 cm.
Plus	-	0.60 cm.

(c) **Tolerances for Cast-In-Place Concrete Pipe:**

Departure from established alignment or from established grade	-	2.50 cm.
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Variation in thickness at any point: Minus 2-1/2% or 0.60 cm. Whichever is greater  
Plus 5% or 1.20 cm. whichever is greater

Variation from inside diameter	-	0.5%
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Variation in surface invert	-	0.60 cm. in 3 meters
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(d) **Tolerances for Placing reinforcement steel:**

Variation from indicated protective cover:

For 5 cm. cover	-	0.60 cm.
For 7.5 cm. cover	-	1.20 cm.
Variation from indicated spacing	-	2.50 cm.

**1522 FAILURE TO CURE**

The Engineer shall have the authority to suspend the work whole or in part, by written order, for such period as he may deem necessary for failure on the part of the Contractor to perform proper curing of the concrete work and to withhold payment for the corresponding work pending results of test, that shall subsequently be made on these concrete works. The Contractor shall immediately secure core samples of such members and from parts of the structure as shall be designated by the Engineer and shall have them tested in a Testing Laboratory approved by the NIA. If the results of tests are found satisfactory, payment of the concrete in question shall be made and the work ordered resumed, but if the results of test are unsatisfactory to meet the structural requirements, the Contractor shall remove, wholly or partly, the concrete work in question at the discretion and upon written order of the Engineer and the Contractor shall replace such parts at his own expense.

### **1523 FAILURE TO MEET CONCRETE REQUIREMENTS**

All concrete designed, prepared and placed by the Contractor for bridges that fails to meet the specified strengths shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at his own expense. For other structures, concrete that fails to meet the specified strengths may be accepted provided the Contractor shall pay as liquidated damages the amount based on the following schedule:

<u>Percent (%) lower than the specified strength</u>	<u>Reduction in Price per cu.m. of Concrete</u>
Up to -5	less 10% of contract unit price
Above -5 to -10	less 20% of contract unit price
Above -10 to -20	less 30% of contract unit price

Concrete for all structures other than bridges which are more than twenty percent (20%) lower than the specified strength shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.

### **1524 PROTECTION OF CONCRETE WORKS**

The Contractor shall protect all concrete against injury until final acceptance by the NIA. Final acceptance shall be construed to mean acceptance of the whole work after the Contract has been completed or satisfactory terminated.

## **SECTION XVII**

### **CONCRETE STRUCTURES**

#### **1701 SCOPE**

The Contractor shall construct all concrete structures shown on the Drawings.

Concrete shall be proportioned, mixed, placed, finished and cured as specified in Section XV, Concrete, except as modified herein. The sequence of construction of the structures shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer. Where the thickness of any portion of a concrete structure is variable, it shall vary uniformly between the dimensions shown. Cement mortar plastering is not allowed in the construction of structures, unless otherwise specified elsewhere in these Specifications.

#### **1702 CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION**

All concrete construction shall conform to the provisions of Section XV, Concrete and the detailed requirements of the following paragraphs. Concrete finished shall conform to Paragraph 1519 and/or shall be as noted on the Drawings.

All structures shall be built to the specified lines, grades and dimensions. The location of all construction joints shall be shown on the Drawings or as approved by the Engineer. Construction joints shall be constructed as shown on the Drawings. The Contractor shall place and embed or attach to each structure all timber, metal or other accessories necessary for its completion as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer.

The dimensions of each structure shown on the Drawings will be subject to change as may be found necessary by the Engineer to adopt the structures to actual field conditions and conditions disclosed by excavation.

#### **1703 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

Measurement for payment of any and all classes of concrete will be made by the number of cubic meter computed to the neat lines of the structure, unless otherwise specifically shown on the Drawings or specified in these Specifications. In the event cavities resulting from careless excavation or from excavation performed to facilitate the Contractor's operations, as determined by the Engineer, are required to be filled with concrete. Such refilling will be made by at the expense of the Contractor. In measuring concrete for payment, the volume of all openings, embedded pipes, woodwork and metal work within the concrete will be deducted.

#### **1704 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Payment for any and all classes of concrete in various parts of the work will be made at the applicable contract unit prices per cubic meter which price and payment shall include cost for furnishing all materials, equipment and labor, and all operations required in the construction as specified under Section XV, Concrete, except that payment for reinforcing bars and joint materials will be made at the applicable separate contract unit prices in the Bill of Quantities.



If during the implementation of the project, the sources of aggregates differ from those chosen by the Contractor considered in the derivation of his unit bid price for concrete, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any claim for unit price adjustment as a result of such alteration of sources.

## **1705 CONCRETE FOR ALL STRUCTURES**

### **(a) General**

The item "Concrete for All Structures" in the Bill of Quantities include all concrete in diversion works (except Rubble Masonry), canal structures and road structures such as siphons, bridges, drainage culverts, road crossings, pipe crossings, ungated thresher crossings, control structures, drop structures, headgates and turnouts and all other structures not otherwise specified elsewhere in these Specifications.

Small concrete structures, at the option of the Contractor, may be installed as precast units provided that precast structures installed in place are equal in all respect to cast-in-place construction as specified in these specifications.

Concrete for diversion works, canal structures and other structures will be measured and paid for as specified in Paragraphs 1703 and 1704, respectively. Structures not fully and acceptably completed will not be measured for payment. Precast structures installed and acceptably completed in place shall be paid for as specified in Paragraph 1704.

All materials used like cement, admixtures, aggregates and steel reinforcing bars shall conform to the provisions of Section XV, Concrete and Section XXIII, Reinforcing Steel Bars, respectively. Classes of concrete to be used shall be those specified in the Drawings.

### **(b) Curing and Joints**

All concrete shall be cured in accordance with paragraph 1522, except that concrete for canal siphon shall be cured until the concrete test cylinders shall have attained a strength of at least 210 kg. per square cm. (3,000 pounds per square inch).

The Contractor shall construct expansion and construction joints at sections specified on the drawings all in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 1517 and Section XXI, Concrete Joints and Joint Materials, and elsewhere in these Specifications.

## **1706 PRE CAST CONSTRUCTION**

### **(a) Scope and Description**

Pre-casting of reinforced concrete may be resorted to as an alternative to poured-in-place concrete for certain structures such as headwalls and collars, parshall flumes, turnouts, division boxes, and other structures. Should the Contractor choose to employ pre-cast construction on these structures, he must so inform the Engineer in writing, submitting in detail his proposed design, modifications of concrete sections, concrete specifications, reinforcements and schemes of construction of all pre-cast units. The NIA may further required the Contractor to submit all other additional informations as may deemed necessary.

The NIA may approve the construction proposed on precasting of concrete with or without correction. The approval, however, does not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility if such work does not meet specified results.

Reinforced concrete pipes and concrete hollow blocks are not considered pre-cast construction, hence, are excluded under this Section.

**(b) Transporting and Placing**

Extreme care should be observed in handling, storing, moving and erecting to avoid cracking, twisting, or other distortions that would result to cracking or damage to the precast concrete. Pre-cast concrete members shall be handled, transported and erected in an upright position and the points of support and directions of the reactions with respect to the members shall be approximately the same as when the member is in final position.

**(c) Sampling and Testing**

The individual components of precast concrete structures, shall conform to the applicable provision of Section XV, Concrete and will be subject to the usual test for reinforced concrete.

**(d) Measurement and Payment**

Measurement of concrete in pre-cast structures will be measured by the number of cubic meter. It shall be computed to the neat lines as if these structures were constructed to the details shown on the Drawings.

The Contractor will be paid for all pre-cast structures acceptably installed or completed in place. He shall be paid for each pre-cast unit as if the units were constructed to the details shown on the Drawings, regardless of the actual dimensions of the pre-cast unit.

**1707 LEAN CONCRETE**

In the construction of siphons, the bottom of the cast-in-place concrete barrels will be exposed to high velocity flow of seepage during pouring which will absorb or wash out the cement in the concrete poured. To minimize the effect of seepage, a blinding concrete with minimum strength of 70 kg/sq. cm. shall first be poured to the lines, grade and dimensions on which the barrels will be constructed as shown on the Drawings.

Lean concrete shall be measured and paid for as specified in paragraphs 1703 and 1704, respectively.

**1708 STAFF GAGES**

The Contractor shall install two vertical staff gages, one upstream and one downstream, in all parshall flumes and turnouts with valve structures and in all check structures in the laterals as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. The porcelain plated or enameled steel staff gages and other materials and accessories necessary for the installation shall be supplied by the Contractor.

Installation of staff gages will not be measured for payment including all the channels, anchors, anchor bolts and other metal materials necessary to install the staff gages at the parshall flumes and check structures. The cost of installation and other materials supplied by the Contractor shall be included in the contract unit price for concrete in the respective structure where gages are required.

## **SECTION XIX**

### **RUBBLE MASONRY**

#### **1901 SCOPE**

The work under this Section shall include furnishing all materials, supplies, tools and equipment; construction of all necessary form work; placing rubble stone and concrete binder on an approved foundation and form work; the removal of forms and curing of the rubble masonry, all in accordance with the Drawings and these Specifications or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **1902 MATERIALS**

Rubble stones shall consist of field stones that are clean, sound, durable, resistant to the action of water, and must have specific gravity of at least two and six tenths (2.6), and diameters ranging from 15 centimeters to 60 centimeters, sixty per cent (60%) which comprises the bigger sizes. Stones shall have the prior approval of the engineer before their use. Materials for concrete binder shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section XV. Concrete binder shall be Class "A" concrete with 37.50 millimeters maximum size of aggregates.

#### **1903 METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION**

Preparation and handling of the concrete binder shall be in accordance with Section XV. The stones shall be thoroughly wet before they are installed in place. The entire surface of every stone shall be thoroughly covered with concrete binder. In general, one cubic meter of rubble masonry will require one-half cubic meter of concrete binder. Actual variation in this proportion will not entitle the Contractor to any price adjustment. It is expected that the whole rubble masonry especially in the case of dam and apron as well as other structures should be well encased and covered by the concrete so that it forms the hearting of the body of dam and apron and will act contiguous with the concrete shell. This can be achieved by tamping the stones into the concrete using heavy wooden blocks handled by one or two people. After the bed has been prepared as required the first layer of mortar should be laid and rubble embedded in them. The thickness of mortar should be such that each rubble could be embedded at least 50 % of its longest dimension in the mortar so that when the next layer of mortar is poured the rubble which has been embedded is not disturbed. The next layer of boulders can be arranged in the mortar now placed following the same procedure. This will ensure that all the boulders are fully covered with mortar and they are well entrenched and stable in the mortar so that they are not disturbed when subsequent layers of mortar stones are poured. The stones shall be well set such that no stone will project beyond the lines indicated on the Drawings. The concrete binder shall be properly worked into the spaces between stones so that no void is left within the rubble masonry. In case reinforcements are placed, no stone shall be closer than four inches (10 centimeters) to the nearest reinforcing bars. Rubble masonry shall be cured by water for five days.

The general construction procedure should be always to start from lowest elevations so that the sub-grade on which the concrete is laid is not disturbed by the seepage forces when the higher layers are excavated and prepared for concrete pouring.

In situations where rubble masonry is directly constructed on the sub-grade, the sub-grade should be prepared exactly as for any other concrete structures. In these cases, also the first layer can consist of concrete of 15 centimeters thickness in the case of minor structures and 20 centimeters in the case of major structures. The concrete manufacture etc. will be as specified under Section XV and the strength will be as of Class "A" concrete.

#### **1904    METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

"Rubble Masonry" will be measured in cubic meters in its final position based on the neat lines of the structure as shown on the Drawings.

#### **1905    BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The volume measured as provided above will be paid at the contract unit price per cubic meter, which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, supplies, labor, tools, equipment and all incidentals or subsidiary works necessary for the successful completion of the work described under this Section.

## SECTION XXIII

### REINFORCING STEEL BARS

#### 2301 SCOPE

All reinforcing steel bars required for the works as detailed in the Construction Drawings or as directed by the Engineer shall be furnished by the Contractor.

The work under this Section includes the hauling of all reinforcing steel bars required for the works to the project site, storing, cutting, bending and proper placing, all in accordance with the drawings and these Specifications.

The length for each size of reinforcing steel bar to be furnished by the Contractor shall be computed by taking the theoretical length of steel bars shown on the drawings multiplied by 1.07 to get the approximate length required for the work. All reinforcing steel bars shall be furnished in commercial standard lengths and the Contractor shall cut and bend the reinforcing steel bars to the detail and dimensions shown on the Drawings.

#### 2302 MATERIALS

All reinforcing steel bars to be furnished by the Contractor shall be Grade 40 or PS 275, deformed type and conforming to the requirements of ASTM A-615. The nominal dimensions and unit weights of bar designation shall be in accordance with the following table:

Nominal Bar Diameter	Unit Weight (kg/m.)	Nominal Dimensions	
		Cross Section Area (sq.mm.)	Perimeter (mm.)
6 mm.	0.222	28.27	18.85
8 mm.	0.395	50.27	25.13
10 mm.	0.616	78.54	31.42
12 mm.	0.888	113.10	37.70
16 mm.	1.579	201.10	50.27
20 mm.	2.466	314.20	62.83
25 mm.	3.854	491.90	78.54
28 mm.	4.833	615.75	87.96
32 mm.	6.313	804.25	100.53
36 mm.	7.991	1,017.90	113.10

The nominal diameter of a deformed bar is equivalent to the diameter of a plain bar having the same weight per unit length of the deformed bar.

#### 2303 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENT

Workmanship shall be at the highest grade and shall be in accordance with the latest standard practice of the industry.

**1. Cutting and Bending.** Cutting and bending of reinforcing bars may be done in shop or at the job site. All bending works shall be in accordance with the latest standard practice and by approved machine methods. Radii for bends and hooks will be specified on the approved detailed reinforcement Drawings in accordance with sound design procedures.

**2. Placing.** Reinforcement shall be laid, anchored and embedded in the concrete as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. Unless otherwise directed, the spacing of reinforcement bars shall be measured along the centerline of the bars. Reinforcement shall be inspected for compliance with requirements as to size, length, splicing, position and number after placement based on the approved reinforcement drawings.

Before reinforcement are placed, the surfaces of the bars and the surfaces of any metal bar support shall be cleaned of heavy flaky rust, loose scales, dirt, grease or other foreign substance which, in the opinion of the Engineer, are objectionable. Heavy flaky rust that can be removed by firm rubbing with burlap or equivalent treatment is considered objectionable. After being placed, the reinforcing bars shall be maintained in a clean condition until completely embedded in concrete.

Reinforcing bars shall be accurately placed and secured in position so as to avoid displacement during the pouring of concrete. Special care shall be exercised to prevent any disturbance of the embedded reinforcement during the setting of concrete. Metal chairs, hangers, spacers or other approved support may be used by the Contractor for supporting reinforcing bars. Metal supports shall be galvanized when they are to be exposed to view on completed concrete surfaces or where it is use will contribute in any way to the discoloration or deterioration of the concrete.

**3. Relation of Bars to Concrete Surfaces.** The minimum cover for all reinforcements shall conform to the dimensions shown on the detailed reinforcement Drawings.

**4. Splicing.** All splices in reinforcement shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer. The lapped ends to bars shall be either supported sufficiently to permit the embedment of the entire surface of each bar in concrete or shall be securely wired.

**5. Welding.** Welding of bars shall be performed only where shown on the Drawings or as authorized in writing by the Engineer and shall conform to the requirements of AWS: D12.1, latest revision. All welders employed shall show proof of their welding qualifications to the Engineer. All welding shall be done using metal arc welding, pressure gas welding, submerged arc welding or thermit welding. All electric shall be acceptable to NIA. Coverings of low hydrogen electrodes must be thoroughly dry when used. The surfaces to be welds shall be clean and shall be free from rust and dirt. All welds shall develop the full strength of the bar or the smaller bar when two different sizes are welded. Test will be required of not more than five percent of the welds. Approved testing equipment for testing welds shall be furnished by Contractor.

**6. Protection.** Reinforcement to remain exposed and intended for future concrete embedment shall be protected from corrosion or other damages in an approved manner where directed. The reinforcement protection shall be of such nature that it can be thoroughly cleaned without difficulty prior to encasement in concrete.

## **2304 PREPARATION OF REINFORCEMENT DRAWINGS**

Contractor shall submit for the approval of NIA detailed reinforcement drawings in accordance with Article GC-47. These drawings will include bar-placing drawings, bar bending drawings, bar list, and any other reinforcement drawings as may be required to facilitate placement and checking of reinforcing bars. No work shall be done by contractor until such approval has been secured from NIA.

The Reinforcement Drawings submitted shall show the name of the structure location by stationing where the reinforcement drawings is intended and all the necessary pieces of information required by NIA. It shall likewise bear the stamp or seal of Contractor as evidence that the Drawings have been checked by Contractor.

Contractor shall be held responsible for any delay in the progress of the work occasioned by his failure to observe the requirements and the time for the completion of the contract will not be extended on account of his failure to promptly submit said drawings in strict adherence herewith.

#### **2305 SAMPLING FOR TESTING AND ACCEPTANCE OF MATERIALS THAT FAIL TO MEET CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS (FOR STEEL BARS FURNISHED BY CONTRACTOR)**

Sampling of reinforcing steel bars furnished by the Contractor for incorporation in the Permanent Works shall be carried out by NIA at the manufacturer's stockyard before delivery to the project site. The NIA authorized representative shall, at random, take two representative samples of reinforcing steel bars per lot covered by the manufacturer's mill certificate. A lot shall consist of all steel bars of the same heat or blow as shown in the mill certificate, and the same nominal cross-section and grade. Samples shall be tested at the manufacturer's testing laboratory, if any, or to any approved Government testing laboratory at Contractor's expense. A lot or lots represented by samples tested which failed to meet specified requirements shall be rejected and will not be counted for delivery to the project site. Sampling and testing shall be in accordance with ASTM requirements. All deliveries shall be subject to prior approval of NIA.

The NIA reserves the right to accept steel bars that fail to meet the contract requirement provided that the deficiency is not more than nine percent (9%) of the requirement per each type of test and provided further that a corresponding reduction in the unit price will be made. The percentage of reduction equal to the percentage of deficiency based on the minimum requirement of the ASTM A-615 Standard. For example, if the value of the test result for one type of test is five per cent (5%) below the minimum requirement, the unit price for payment will be reduced by 5%. If the non-compliance with the test requirements is on two or more tests, the price reduction will be the summation of the percentage of the deficiencies.

#### **2306 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

##### **A. Furnishing and Stockpiling**

Measurement for payment for the furnishing and stockpiling of reinforcing steel bars shall be made on the actual deliveries to the project site and after presentation of the following documents:



- a) Delivery receipt duly acknowledged by the Engineer and the Project Auditor or their duly authorized representatives
- b) Manufacturer's certificate showing the details of manufacture, composition and physical properties of the steel bars.
- c) Certificate of acceptance by the Engineer of the actual quantity delivered at the site

#### **B. Cutting, Bending and Placing**

Measurement for payment of reinforcing steel bars will be made on the weight of reinforcing steel bars actually placed with the concrete structure and drilled holes for anchorage in accordance with the Drawings and Bar Schedule approved by NIA or as directed by the Engineer and weights will be computed based on the published manufacturer's weights or in the absence thereof, on the weights specified in the table presented in Paragraph 2302. Steel bars in laps or splices indicated in the approved reinforcement Drawings, as required by NIA will be measured for payment. Additional steel bars in laps which are authorized for the convenience of the Contractor and such items as wires, clips, chairs, or other devices for securing the steel bars in place will not be measured for payment. Where weld splices are specified on the Drawings, weld splices will not be measured for payment but the weight for its equivalent lap splices will be measured for payment instead. Where contractor chooses to weld reinforcement bars for his convenience and welding is not specified, no separate payment will be made for such welds. Where Contractor substitute welded splices for lapped splices, separate payment will not be made for such welds, but instead the weight for the lapped splices shown on the Drawings will be measured for payment.

### **2307 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

Payment for reinforcing steel bars measured as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per kilogram which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, equipment and all incidentals and subsidiary works necessary for the successful completion of the work described under this Section.

As indicated in the Bill of Quantities, payment per kilogram of reinforcing steel bars (same measurement as provided above) shall be made separately and in accordance with the following schedule:

- a) Ninety percent (90%) of furnishing and delivery cost which shall include all labor, tools, equipment and supplies involved in the manufacture, and delivery to the project site which includes loading, hauling, unloading and stockpiling at the delivery site;
- b) Ten percent (10%) of furnishing and delivery cost shall be paid upon successful completion of the works under this Section.
- b) installation cost which shall include all labor, tools and equipment involved in cutting, bending and placing into permanent structures and all incidentals necessary for the successful completion of the work under this Section.

## **SECTION XXXIII**

### **STEEL GATES AND LIFTING MECHANISM**

#### **3301 SCOPE**

The Contract work calls for the fabrication, supply, delivery and installation supervision of steel gates, stoplog, lifting mechanism, embedded parts including all accessories and field painting all in accordance with these specifications and the drawings:

#### **3302 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS**

All materials and equipment to be incorporated in the works shall conform to the latest applicable standards and specifications as specified in the Contract Documents or to approved equivalent applicable standards and specifications established and adopted in the country of manufacture of the materials and equipment.

Reference to standards and specifications or to materials shall be considered as followed by the words "or equivalent". Contractor may propose equivalent standards, specifications and materials which shall conform to that specified.

If Contractor proposes equivalent standards and specifications or equivalent materials, Contractor shall state the exact nature of the change, and shall submit complete standards and specifications of the materials for the approval of NIA.

Such submittals shall be along with the bid and failure to do so, or purchase of any proposed equivalent materials prior to approval of NIA, will be at the Contractor's risk.

Abbreviations of the titles of official bodies which issue standards or specifications whenever referred to in these specifications are as follows:

ASTM	- American Society for Testing Materials
AISC	- American Institute of Steel Construction
AISI	- American Iron and Steel Institute
ANSI	- American National Standards Institute
AISE	- Association of Iron and Steel Engineers
AWS	- American Welding Society
JIS	- Japanese Industrial Standards
SSPC	- Steel Structures Painting Council
AGMA	- American Gear Manufacturers Association
SAE	- Society of Automotive Engineers
ASME	- American Society of Mechanical Engineers

#### **3303 MATERIALS**

##### **A. General**

All materials shall be new and shall be the best available for the purpose for which they will be used, considering strength, ductility, durability for the intended service and best engineering practice.

Materials to be used for the various components of gates and hoists shall conform to the following specifications:

Components	Material	International Specifications
Fixed wheel gates frames, girders, sill beam, rail beams, guide frames, seal clamps and other miscellaneous fabricated parts	Structural Steel	ASTM A36 Specifications for Structural Steel
Gate Wheels & Guide Rollers	Wrought Steel	ASTM A-504/A-148 Specifications for Wrought Carbon Steel
Wheel pins	Corrosion Resistant Steel	ASTM A-276 Specifications for Hot-Rolled and cold finished corrosion resisting steel bars Type 316
Seal seats and clamp plates for rubber seals	Corrosion Resistant Steel	ASTM A-240 Specifications for Chromium-Nickel Stainless Plate, Sheet and Strip
Standard steel bolts, nuts and washers	Galvanized Steel	ASTM A-307 Specifications for Low Carbon Steel Externally Threaded Fasteners
High strength steel bolts, nuts and washers	Carbon Steel	ASTM A-325 Specifications for Steel bolts and studs with suitable nuts and plain washers
Rope drum	Cast steel	ASTM A-27/ASTM A-36 Specifications for mild to medium strength carbon steel castings for General Applications
Gears/Pinions	Cast Steel/Forged Steel	ASTM A-27/ASTM A-291 Specifications for Alloy and Carbon Steel Forgings for Gears and Pinions
Worm Gear	Phosphor Bronze	SAE 65
Worm	Case hardened Ground Steel	AISI-3120
Iron Castings		ASTM A-48, Class 30
Stems & Shaftings	Carbon Steel	ASTM A-108, Grade 1018 or Grade 1117 Specifications for cold finished carbon steel bars and shaftings
Wire Rope	Improved Plow Steel	R R W-410 Fed. Specifications
Bronze bushings, bearings, washers	High Lead Tin Bronze or Manganese Bronze	ASTM B-144 or B-147
Covers	Mild Steel	ASTM A-36
Bronze casting for lift nut, thrust nut	Manganese Bronze	ASTM B-147 Specifications for Manganese Bronze Sand Castings- Alloy 8A

Anti-friction Bearing	Ball & Roller Bearings shall be equivalent to those manufactured by SKF Industries
Gear Housing Oil Seals	Spring loaded and made of synthetic compound enclosed in a metal retainer, "Synthetic Seals" or equivalent
Lubricating Fitting	Alemite type 1610-3 or equivalent

#### Rubber Seal

The rubber seal shall be molded from natural or synthetic rubber containing not less than one percent by weight of copper inhibitor and shall have the following physical properties:

Property	Limit	ASTM-Test
a) Shore A Durometer Hardness	65 + or - 5	D-675
b) Minimum Elongation	450 percent	D-412
c) Ultimate Tensile Strength (min.)	14.5 N/sq.mm	D-412
d) Water Absorption (70 <sup>0</sup> C - 7 days)	Less than 10% by weight	D-471
e) Tensile strength after accelerated ageing test of 48 hours in oxygen at 70 <sup>0</sup> C and 2.1 N/sq.mm pressure	80 or more percent of strength before ageing	D-572
f) Compression Set (Max.)	30 percent	D-395

#### B. Tests of Materials

- i. All materials, supplies, parts, assemblies used for the work to be done under these Specifications shall be tested according to modern approved methods for the particular type and class of work. Certified copies in triplicate of the tests made and results thereof shall be made available to NIA as soon as possible. The data shall be in such a form as to provide means of assessing compliance with the applicable relevant specifications for the material tested. The Contractor shall state in his tender the place of manufacture, testing, inspection of the various components of the work included in the contract.
- ii. Wherever required, at their discretion, NIA may nominate an Inspector to inspect the tests or trials on their behalf. Sufficient notice must be given by the Contractor to the Inspector to enable him to reach the site of tests/trials except the pay and expenses of the Inspector shall be included in the quoted price. All authorized representatives of NIA shall have free access to the work premises of the contract at all reasonable times and shall be provided by the Contractor full facilities and safety to inspect the process of manufacture and the materials used. NIA will reject any material/work that in their opinion does not conform to the specifications and will order the same to be removed and replaced or altered at the expense of the Contractor to conform to the specifications.
- iii. If materials are not referred to in the applicable Standard Specifications but are required to have certain physical and /or chemical properties, such properties shall be checked by two chemical samples for each 5 tons of materials and fractions thereof in each lot. For lots less than 250 kilograms, Contractor's warrants will be

acceptable in lieu of actual tests provided heat treatment of the fabricated parts using such materials is not required. A lot shall consist of all materials of the same physical size and conditions submitted at one time in which the material is from the same melt or heat and on which any subsequent heat treatment has been performed at the same conditions. Not more than two heat treatment to attain the desired physical properties shall be permitted.

- iv. Notwithstanding the above tests, examination and inspection, the Contractor shall be responsible for the acceptability of the finished work.

### **C. Manufacturing/Fabrication Program**

- i. The fabricator/manufacture shall prepare a manufacturing/fabrication program in Bar Graph Form showing the activities and its sequencing in sufficient details such that the contract works can be properly monitored from commencement to completion.
- ii. The fabricator/manufacture shall submit said program within thirty (30) calendar days after the date of receipt of Notice of Award.
- iii. The fabricator/manufacture shall show the target dates for commencing and completing the principal activities as required for in the contract works including but not limited to the following:
  - a. procurement of materials and the like
  - b. fabrication and manufacture
  - c. painting
  - d. delivery dates

### **D. Pre-fabrication Inspection Works**

- i. The fabricator/manufacture shall be required to submit mill and/or manufacturer's certificate for the steel materials, welding electrode, paints, etc. intended for use in the works.
- ii. Materials to be used in the fabrication shall be adequately sampled and tested to check its compliance with the specification/standard requirements.
- iii. No fabrication work and/or use of materials in such works shall commence unless materials for said works are duly inspected, tested, and certified by NIA or his authorized representatives as to conformity with the specification/ standard requirements.
- iv. NIA technical inspector shall prepare and submit inspection and acceptance report on materials for use in the fabrication works.

### **E. Inspection Works During Actual Fabrication**

- 1. The NIA should assign a knowledgeable and experienced technical inspectors, to conduct inspection.
- 2. The NIA's authorized technical inspector shall be entitled at all reasonable time free access to the manufacturer's/fabricator's plant to conduct inspection during fabrication, to ascertain that all the works shall comply in all aspect with the standards and requirements set forth in the contract documents.
- 3. The NIA technical inspectors shall monitor progress and conduct of the fabrication works and prepare and submit progress report on said works at regular intervals.

## **F. Final Inspection Works**

### **1. Intake Gates, Main Canal Gates, Lateral and Turnout Gates**

- i. The NIA technical inspector shall conduct final inspection based on the approved fabrication drawings and specifications.
- ii. The gates should be properly marked with the corresponding identification as per approved schedule of dimension such as size of gate, lateral, stationing for proper identification by the end user.

### **2. Sluice Gate, Barrage, Stoplog and Radial Steel Gates**

- i. The NIA technical inspector should see to it that all component parts should be properly pre-assembled at the fabricator's/manufacturer's shop to ascertain the proper fitness of all adjoining parts and should be properly punch mark before disassembling for guidance and reference during field installation.
- ii. The NIA shall issue certificate of pre-delivery inspection and acceptance of completed fabrication works as a basis for the final inspection and acceptance by the field office of deliveries made at the site.

## **3304 WORKMANSHIP**

### **A. General**

- i) All works shall be performed in accordance with the best modern practice of the manufacturer of high grade machinery. All parts shall have accurately machined mounting and bearing surfaces so that they can be assembled without filing, chipping, or remachining. All parts shall conform accurately to the design dimensions and shall be free from any defect in workmanship or material that will impair their services. All attaching bolt holes shall be accurately drilled to the layout indicated on the approved drawings. The steel gates shall be completely shop assembled to insure the proper fit and adjustment.

### **B. Welding**

#### *i) General*

Whenever welding is specified or permitted, the electric arc welding process, manual or machine welding shall be used.

Contractor shall provide adequate amount of materials for each type of welding and shall specify the materials on all relevant drawings. Contractor shall also provide detailed drawings showing joint preparation required for each type of welding to be carried out on the site.

#### *ii) Preparation*

The parts to be joined by electric welding shall be cut precisely to the correct size by machine methods suitable for the type of weld to be used and to allow the proper penetration and good fusion of the weld with the base metal. The cut surfaces shall not

have visible defects such as scabs, superficial defects caused by shearing or torch cutting operations or any other damaging effect. The surfaces of a 40 mm wide strip on each side of the plate adjacent to the edge and the edges to be welded shall be free from rust, oil, grease and other foreign matter.

iii) *Lamination*

Any plate in which lamination has been discovered after cutting shall be rejected unless the laminated portion of plate is local and can be cut out and replaced by the welding of a sound plate in the cut out area with the approval of NIA. Repaired surfaces shall be ground smooth to assure neat appearance.

iv) *Welding Methods and Welder's Qualifications*

The welding method that would be employed by the Contractor shall be submitted to NIA for approval. Welds shall be balanced as far as possible to minimize distortion. Welding shall conform to AWS D1.1, Parts Procedures (Welding of Stressed Structural Components) not only with regard to workmanship but also with regard to qualifications of welders. Welders should be certified in the trade and such certification shall be submitted to NIA.

v) *Electrodes*

Contractor shall indicate on all detailed drawings the type and size of electrode he proposed for use for shop and/or field welding.

In general, welding electrodes for structural steel shall conform to Table 1.17.2 of the AISC Specification for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings.

Contractor shall provide the net quantity plus ten percent (10%) of each type of electrode required to complete each field welded joint.

**C. Non-Destructive Testing**

i) *General*

All tests shall be conducted with the approval of NIA and the cost of tests shall be borne by the Contractor.

Radiographic, ultrasonic, magnetic particles or liquid dye penetrant tests shall be conducted on components as specified below. Where ultrasonic or magnetic particle tests indicate the possibility of a flaw, the suspected part shall be tested by radiography. All flaws shall be removed by thermal or mechanical gauging processed and replaced by welding. The replacement weld and contiguous parts of the original weld, if any, shall then be tested radiographically. All radiographs shall become the property of NIA.

The acceptability of parts inspected by magnetic particle and liquid dye penetrant test and the acceptability of use of these methods will be subject to agreement between Contractor and NIA.

ii) *Welds*

Radiographic examination shall be applied to the whole length of butt welds in plate furnishing stressed members.

Ultrasonic examination shall be applied to all other stressed groove welds.

Radiographic and ultrasonic examination shall be in accordance with AWS D1.1, Section 6.

iii) *Castings*

Castings shall be of fine grain quality and the surfaces which do not undergo machining, particularly those of steel or iron in contact with water, shall be dressed smooth in the foundry with all joints blended into adjacent surfaces and shall be free from foundry irregularities, such as projections, ridges, hollows, honeycombing, pock marks, blow holes and crack or chip marks, so that they will not require surface smoothing operations prior to painting. All defects shall be fully explored and castings shall be repaired, plugged or welded to the satisfaction of NIA.

iv) *Carbon Steel Plates and Shapes*

Carbon steel plates, shapes, bars, etc. for welded construction shall conform to materials specifications ASTM A-36, Steel shapes shall be in accordance with ASTM specifications. Plates from which webs, flanges and other stressed members are cut shall be ultrasonically tested for laminations according to ASTM A-578 at the place of manufacture.

v) *Forgings*

Forgings shall conform to ASTM A-668 Class D and shall be free from defects affecting their strength and durability, including seams, pipes, flaws, cracks, scales, fins, porosity, hard spots, excessive non-metallic inclusions and segregations.

The largest fillets compatible with the design shall be incorporated wherever a change in section occurs.

Tool marks or tearing of the metal by the finishing tools will not be acceptable on the surface of fillets. Such marks if it occurs, shall be removed by grinding or polishing. All finished surfaces of forging shall be smooth and free from tool marks.

All forgings in excess of 150 mm diameter shall be subjected to examination internally for the detection of flaws and to heat treatment for the relief of residual stresses.

**D. Fastenings**



- i) All screws, bolts, studs and nuts shall be of International Standard (Metric) form of threads. Bolt heads and nuts shall be hexagonal. Hexagonal recesses shall be provided in the head of countersunk head bolts and machine screws. The bolt length shall be such as to ensure that at least two full threads are projecting after the nut has been tightened.
- ii) Nuts and bolts for pressure containing parts shall be of best quality bright steel machined on the shank and bearing faces of head and nut.
- iii) Where there is risk of corrosion, bolts shall be finished flush with the top of the nut after tightening, except in cases where the connected components are required to be frequently removed for replacement or adjustment when the bolts and nuts shall be of corrosion resisting steel or bronze.

All nuts shall be provided with washers, parallel or taper as appropriate. Mechanical locking devices of an approved form shall be provided where there is a possibility of nuts becoming loose due to vibration. Spring type washers will not be permitted where they maybe damaged any protective coating. Special locking compounds may be used as an alternative to mechanical devices subject to NIA approval.

#### **E. Structural Work**

- i) Unless otherwise, specified, design and fabrication of structural parts shall conform to the applicable provisions of the AISC "Specifications for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel in Building" of the AISC "Code Standard Practice for Steel Building and Bridges".

#### **F. Machine Work**

All tolerances, allowances and gauges for metal shall conform to the ASA Standard B42, Tolerances, Allowances and Gauges for Metal Fits, for the class of fits as required.

Finished contact or bearing surfaces shall be true and exact to secure full contact. All holes or field assembly with bolts shall be accurately located and drilled for shop assembly. Journal surfaces shall be polished and all surfaces shall be finished with sufficient smoothness and accuracy to insure proper operation when assembled. All drilled holes for bolts shall be accurately located and drilled from template.

### **3305 PROTECTION OF MACHINED SURFACES**

Machined finished surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of foreign matter. Finished surfaces of large parts and other surfaces shall be protected with wooden pads or other suitable means. Unassembled pins and bolts shall be oiled and wrapped with moisture resistant paper or protected by other approved means.

### **3306 FABRICATION**

a. General

All members shall be free from twist, bonds or other deformations, and all surfaces that will be in contact shall be thoroughly cleaned before assembling.

All parts shall be cut accurately to the dimensions shown on the drawings. All edges shall show sound metal, free from laminations, surface cracks and other injurious defects.

Bumping or heating will not be allowed. Parts shall be adjusted to fit, and shall be firmly bolted or otherwise held securely together so that surfaces are in closer contact before welding is commenced. Close adherence to the dimensions and tolerance called for in the drawings is required.

b. Straightening

Rolled materials shall be straight and true before being laid out or worked. Necessary straightening shall be accomplished by methods that will not injure the metal. Sharp kinks or bents will be considered causes for rejection.

c. Bending

Where bending or forming of plates or shapes is required, the plates or shapes shall be bent to the proper curvature by cold forming. Heating shall not be employed except with specified approval of the Administrator, and special precautions, therefore shall be taken to avoid overheating. Prior to rolling or bending the plates, the edges shall be pressed properly to the correct curvature, as determined by templates, to produce continuity from the edges. Corrections of curvature by hammering will not be permitted.

d. Shearing, Chipping and Flame-Cutting

All plates or shapes shall be cut accurately to shape and size, with the edges to be joined by welding formed properly to suit the selected type of welding and to allow thorough penetration of the weld metal. Sheared edges shall be machined to a depth of not less than one-quarter of the thickness of the materials, to remove surface cracks caused by the shearing operation. Flame-cut edges shall be uniform and smooth and shall be free from loose scale and slag accumulations before being welded. Whenever possible, flame-cutting shall be guided by mechanical means. No materials shall be cut by electric arc. Chipping shall be done neatly and accurately, and exposed edges, shall be smooth.

e. Preparation for Field Welding

All necessary chipping, grinding, leveling and other preparation for joints or splice to be made by field welding shall be done in the shop.

f. Punching

In punch works, holes in materials having a thickness of less than three-quarter of an inch may be punched to full size. Holes in material having a thickness equal to or greater than three-quarter of an inch shall be drilled to full size. All holes shall be clean-cut, without torn or ragged edges.

g. Drilling, Reaming, Countersinking and Tapping

Unless otherwise called for on the drawings and except where reaming or tapping is required or where tight bolts are to be used, full sized drill and/or reamed holes shall be not less than 1.59 millimeter not more than 2.38 millimeter larger than the nominal drilled and/or reamed perpendicular to the face of the member and if necessary, shall be drilled to a template. Countersinking, where required, shall be true and square with the holes. Outside burns shall be removed. Tapped holes shall be drilled to the proper diameter for the tap used and shall be tapped carefully so that the threads will be continuous, smoothly cut, and free from imperfection.

h. Tolerance

Contact faces of gates and guides shall not depart more than 1 millimeter from a plane surface. Bottom contact edges shall not depart more than 2 millimeters from the designated planes. Fits, tolerance and finish when not specified, shall conform with the best modern shop practice in the manufacture of finished products of similar nature.

i. Lubrication

Before assembly all bearing surfaces, journals, grease and oil grooves shall be carefully cleaned and lubricated with an approved oil or grease. After assembly each lubricating system shall be filled with an approved lubricant.

**3307 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INSTALLATION AND OPERATING ARRANGEMENT**

**A. Sluice Gates**

Sluice gates as shown on the Drawings are to be installed to desilt the sluiceway. The gates shall be of fixed wheel type. Each gate shall consist of an upstream skin plate supported by vertical and horizontal stiffeners spaced at required intervals which in turn shall be supported by end vertical girders. Wheels are to be mounted on the end vertical girders and provided with necessary bronze bushings. The total horizontal load on the gate shall be transmitted through the wheels on to the wheel track plates fixed on the piers with necessary embedments. Rubber seals on sides and bottom shall be provided on the upstream side of the gate to render the gate leak proof.

**B. Intake Gates**

- i) Intake Gates of different sizes as shown on the drawing are to be installed to regulate the flow of water through the intake. The gates shall be of sliding type. Each gate shall consist of a downstream skin plate supported by vertical stiffeners spaced at required intervals and horizontal girders which in turn shall be supported by end vertical girders. The total horizontal load on the gate shall be transmitted to the

vertical frame fixed on the piers with necessary embedments. The details of construction are shown in the NIA bid drawings.

- ii) The gates are to operate at water level corresponding to normal and high flood level condition and the operation is hydraulically unbalanced.
- iii) The gates are to be operated through manually operated pedestal lift with rising stem, of adequate capacity.

### **C. Flap Gate**

#### *a. General*

Flap gates are to be installed to allow free flow through the gate and to close automatically to prevent backflow should a head reversal occur.

#### *b. Flap Cover and Frame*

The flap gate cover shall be made of steel and shall consist of an upstream skin plate supported by vertical and horizontal stiffeners spaced at required intervals. Music note type rubber seals shall be provided on the two sides as well as on the top and bottom of the upstream side of the flap to render the gate leak proof. These rubber seals shall be fixed to the flap by means of clamp steel plate and stainless steel bolts.

The flap gate shall be provided with arms mounted on steel hinges of the double pivot type using stainless steel pins and bronze bushings. A concrete counterweight shall be provided and attached to the arms in such a way that its position is adjustable in order to ease the opening of the flap gate. Final position of this counterweight will be determined by the field office.

All edges of the gate opening where the music note type rubber seal is in contact shall be provided with stainless steel seal seats. This seal seats shall be fixed/welded to the steel frames embedded on the concrete.

## **3308 STRUCTURAL DESIGN CRITERIA FOR GATES**

#### *a. General*

The design shall ensure that:

- 1) The gates shall be reasonably watertight.
- 2) They shall be capable of being raised or lowered by the hoist at the speed specified.
- 3) Since all the gates are for regulation, they shall be held in partially open position within the range of travel to pass the required discharge without undue vibration.

#### *b. Wheels and Wheel Tracks*

- 1) The gate wheels shall be suitable to withstand the stresses developed due to the loads they carry.
- 2) The wheels and wheel tracks shall be machined true and shall operate smoothly without vibration and without undue drift.

- 3) The hardness of wheel track shall be 50 points Brinell Hardness Number (BHN) higher than the BHN of the wheel tread.

c. Wheel Bearing

- 1) The wheel bearing shall be bronze bushing with grooves for lubrication.

d. Wheel Pin

- 1) The wheels shall be mounted on fixed pins and the pin shall be harder than the bushing. Wheel pin shall be of stainless steel and the contact surfaces shall be finished smoothly.
- 2) The wheel pin shall be of cantilever type with support from the cantilever box of the end vertical girder. The rigidity of cantilever box should be ensured.

e. Seals and Accessories

- 1) Seals shall be fixed by means of stainless steel seal clamps and galvanized steel bolts to ensure positive water pressure between the seal and the gate and to bear tightly on the seal seat to prevent leakage. Edges of seal clamp adjacent to seal bulb shall be rounded.
- 2) Side rubber seals shall be flat or angle shape type - Bottom seal may be of wedge type.
- 3) The initial interference of side rubber seals shall be 3 mm pre-compression. The projection of bottom wedge seal shall be 6 mm. Suitable chamfer shall be provided at the bottom of skin plate/clamp plate to accommodate the bottom wedge seal in compressed position.

f. Guides and Sill Frames

- 1) The guide frames and sill frames shall be composed of steel plates and steel sections so built up as to suit the gate structure. They shall be securely fixed in concrete by means of anchor members to ensure that all hydraulic loads exerted on the gate will be safely carried and transmitted to the concrete works.
- 2) The guide frames shall be true and shall be sufficient for the lifting height of the gate.
- 3) The side seal seat shall be stainless steel with a minimum width of 75 mm. The seal seat shall be fixed on the seal seat base by welding. The fixing of the seal seat on its base shall ensure rigidity and watertightness. The seal seat shall be finished smooth and the edges shall be rounded/chamfered to prevent damage to the seal.
- 4) All the seal seat base including the sill beam shall be embedded in concrete.
- 5) Sill beam flange width shall not be less than 100 mm and the length shall cover the entire waterway. The seal seat (stainless steel plate) welded to the top flange shall be at least 25 mm wider than the top flange width of sill beam. It shall be flushed with surrounding concrete. Each end of sill beam shall have provision for the connection of each side vertical frame to facilitate their location.

g. Embedded Parts

- i) All structural parts of the guides, seal seats, wheel tracks shall be constructed straight and be free from twists and warping. The ends of sections of side guides shall be machined so that when assembled, the finished surfaces of adjoining sections shall be flushed and ends shall butt firmly to form watertight joints. The faces of all seal seats shall be in a true common plane and this plane shall be parallel to the plane tangent to wheel-track face. The ends of track sections shall also be machined smooth and square so that when tracks are assembled to the track base, the ends of adjoining sections shall butt firmly.

### **3309 HOISTS**

#### **A. Hoist for Sluice Gate**

##### *1. General*

- a) The Contractor shall provide manually operated rope drum hoist of adequate capacity complete in every respect along with hoist supporting units and all accessories that would be required for the satisfactory operation of the sluice gates.
- b) Each hoist mechanism shall consist of gear reducers, wire ropes, rope drums, shaftings, bearings, sprockets for diesel engine drive and all other mechanical accessories for the satisfactory operation of hoist.
- c) The hoisting equipment shall be designed to raise, lower and hold the gate in any position between fully opened and fully closed positions. Hoisting equipment shall be enclosed in dust proof housing with suitable lugs and eye bolts for handling.
- d) The complete equipment shall rest on a steel base framework which shall rest on the pier top.

#### **B. Mechanical Parts**

##### *1. General*

- a) The components of the hoist mechanism shall be so proportioned as to take the severest load coming on individual components.

##### *2. Wire Rope*

- a) The wire rope shall be made from improved plough steel of 6 x 37 construction with steel center, right regular lay, preformed and lubricated.
- b) A turnbuckle shall be provided on one side of the wire rope connecting the gate and hoist to equalize the tension in the rope. Turnbuckle and wire rope fitting shall be galvanized.
- c) The breaking strength of wire rope shall be as per standard manufacturer's specifications.
- d) The strength of socket end of wire rope shall be approximately equal to the strength of the rope itself. The ends shall be safely secured against twisting.

##### *3. Drums*

- a) The groove drum shall be of such size that there will be not more than one layer of rope on the drum when the rope is in its fully wound position.

- b) The length of drum shall be such that each lead-off rope has minimum two full turns on the drum when the gate is at its lowest position and one spare groove for each lead-off of the drum when the gate is at its highest position.
- c) If the ends of the drum are flanged, the flanges shall project to a height not less than two rope diameters above the rope. A spur gear secured to the drum may be regarded as forming as one of the flanges.
- d) The lead angle (fleet angle) of the ropes shall not exceed 5 degrees or 1 in 12 on either side of helix angle of groove in the drum.
- e) The drum shall be made of cast steel.
- f) The drum shall be machined groove. Grooving shall be finished smooth and edges between groove rounded. The contour at the bottom of the grooves shall be circular over an angle of at least 120 degrees. The groove radius shall be 0.53 times the diameter of rope. The depth of groove shall not be less than 0.35 times the diameter of the rope.
- g) The pitch of the grooves shall be such that the clearance between adjacent turn of rope is at least:

1.5 mm for ropes up to 12 mm diameter

2.5 mm for ropes over 12mm diameter up to 30 mm diameter and

3.0 mm for ropes of over 30 mm diameter

- h) The ends of the rope shall be fixed to the drum to such a way that the fixing device is accessible. Each rope shall be wound at least two turns before it is fixed (dead wrap).

#### 4. *Gearing*

- a) The reduction units of the hoist shall be composed of spur gears, bevel gears, worm and worm gears. The gears shall be machined cut with smooth finish.
- b) Tooth form of spur and bevel gears shall be 20 degrees full depth involute system.
- c) Spur and bevel gears shall be of cast steel, forged steel or surface hardened steel. The gears and pinions shall be made from two different grades of materials; the higher strength grade material for the pinion.
- d) Standard worm and worm gears shall be high grade reduction unit of good efficiency suitable for long service life. The proportioning of parts therein shall be in accordance with the best engineering practice. The bearing section of the rotating shaft shall be fitted with anti-friction bearings designed for thrust and radial loads and the helical angle of the worm shall be designed for self-locking.
- e) Keys in gear trains shall be fitted and secured that they should not work loose when in service.
- f) Gears shall have removable housing with provision for convenient access for lubrication. All bolts and cap screws shall be provided with lock washers. All machined units shall be thoroughly cleaned to ensure that they are free of cutting and objectionable and abrasive material.

#### 5. *Shafts*

- a) The shafts shall be designed for appropriate torque/load that is being transmitted. Shafts shall have liberal factor of safety for strength and rigidity and shall have adequate bearing surfaces. They shall be finished smooth and, if shouldered, shall be provided with fillets of large radius.
- b) All shafts shall be designed for safety against simple bending, pure torsion and the combined effect of bending and torsion.

#### 6. *Bearings*

- a) All the running shafts shall be provided with ball, roller or bush bearings. Selection of bearings shall be done on consideration of duty, load and speed of the shaft.
- b) Bearings shall be easily accessible for lubrication and/or replacement.

### **C. Intake Gate Hoists**

#### 1. *General*

Intake gate hoist shall be manually operated. The pedestal lift shall be crank operated and the direction of rotation of the crank to open the gate shall be clearly indicated on the lifting mechanism.

#### 2. *Manual Operation*

- i) The manual operation should be designed in such a manner that the continuous effort per man does not exceed a crank force of 98 Newtons (10 Kgf) with 400 mm of crank radius at a continuous rating of 24 RPM.

#### 3. *Gate Stem, Coupling and Stem Guides*

- i) Stems shall be of cold finished steel. Each stem shall be of adequate size to safely withstand operation of the gate (both raising and lowering) under the specified head and shall be furnished in sections of suitable length with necessary couplings to facilitate removal and replacement, if necessary. The couplings shall be of the same materials as the stem and shall be safely pinned, bolted or threaded and keyed to the stem. The bolts and pins shall be of stainless steel. The stems shall be provided with suitable stop nuts with provision for adjustment to prevent damage to the bottom of the gate due to overrun of the gate when closing.
- ii) Stem guides shall be as recommended by the manufacturer and shall be adjustable in two directions. Stem guides shall be provided with either bronze-bushed cast iron or steel collars bolted into place.

#### 4. *Pedestal and Lifting Mechanism*

- i) The pedestal shall have a cast bronze lift nut threaded to fit the operating stem. Ball thrust bearings shall be provided above and below the flange of this lift nut to take the computed maximum thrust developed in opening and closing the gate.
- ii) Gears shall be of cast steel accurately machined with cut teeth and smooth operating with drive shafts running in bronze sleeve bearing of ample size.



- iii) All gears and bearings shall be enclosed in a cast iron housing. The gears and bearings shall be easily accessible for maintenance and lubrication. The housing shall be adequate to withstand the tropical climate.
- iv) The lift mechanism shall be provided with a cast iron or structural steel pedestal machined and drilled to accommodate the gear housing and suitable for bolting to the operating floor.
- v) The crank shall be of cast iron and detachable and provided with a rotating handle.

#### **D. Lubrication**

##### *1. General*

- i) All bearings, journals and locations where sliding between parts takes place shall be provided with adequate means of lubrication.
- ii) Adequate seals shall be provided wherever necessary to prevent the escape of lubricants during normal operation and the entry of foreign matter.
- iii) All the equipment covered under the scope of this contract shall be handed over to NIA in running order with all moving parts properly lubricated and fully charged with the recommended lubricant.
- iv) Contractor shall provide a list of all recommended lubricants for each location and the compatible types of lubricant from the product line of all major companies in the Philippines.

##### *2. Grease Lubrication*

- i) Unless otherwise specified, all greasing shall be effected by high pressure hand grease gun.
- ii) All fittings shall, if possible, be of the same size.
- iii) Underwater equipment shall be charged with lithium based grease, for other locations the grease shall be calcium based.

##### *3. Oil Lubrication*

- i) Gear boxes shall be provided with an oil level sight glass or dipstick, a screw capped filling hole and drain cock.
- ii) Where pressure oil lubrication of bearings is adopted, a filter and overload facility shall be provided in an accessible position.
- iii) All opening or joints in the gear box casing shall be provided with gaskets to avoid oil leakage.
- iv) Contractor shall provide the net quantity plus ten percent (10%) of the required oils and grease for the first filling and charging of the equipment at site.
- v) The oil shall be delivered in steel drums and grease in steel kegs. The containers shall be non-returnable.

### **3310 LIFTING MECHANISM INSTALLATION, TESTS AND ADJUSTMENTS**

The installation of the lifting mechanism and anchorage shall be in accordance with the details as shown on the Drawings. The Contractor shall send qualified and experienced Installation Supervisor who will supervise the installation of the lifting mechanism.

Lifting mechanism shall be installed complete with gear reductions, couplings, shafting, shaft bearings, drums, wire ropes, anchor bolts and all other materials for complete assembly. Lifting mechanism shall be assembled and accurately placed in correct alignment by the use of shims and wedges between the sole plates or base plates and concrete. Dry packing shall be done after the dry-pack has set.

After the lifting mechanism have been completely installed, adjusted and made ready for operation, the Contractor shall conduct test runs for the gates and lifting mechanism. All units shall be tested for normal operating speed to ensure that all necessary clearances and tolerances have been provided and that no binding occurs in any moving part. The cost of performing all the required test shall be borne by the Contractor.

All tests shall be performed in the presence of an authorized representative of NIA. All data shall be certified correct and submitted to NIA. All defects found during the test as a result of the installation work shall be corrected accordingly to the satisfaction of NIA.

### **3311 EMBEDDED PARTS**

Special attention shall be given to the method by which embedded parts are aligned during erection and secured against movement during the placing of the second stage concrete.

The proposed method which is indicated on the Drawings utilize adjusting anchors welded at one end to anchor plates embedded in first stage concrete and fastened by means of two adjusting nuts at the other end to the embedded parts.

### **3312 ANTI-CORROSION MEASURES AND PAINTING**

#### **a. General**

- i. The steel gate shall be designed to minimize as much as possible the effects of localized corrosion. Drain holes shall be provided in all locations where the entrapment of water can occur.
- ii. All steel surfaces except stainless steel surfaces shall be coated and/or painted with a protective film specified under Section C below.
- iii. Crevices over which the protective film can bridge shall be retouched or repaired prior to coating.
- iv. Boxed in members shall be provided with access holes or shall be treated internally with an effective coating material.
- v. All coating or paint materials to be used shall be original sealed container bearing the manufacturer's label revealing complete identification of content and shall be subject to inspection by NIA prior to coating and/or painting. The NIA shall have the right to reject any paint material supplied under these specifications which is found to be defective.

#### **b. Surface Preparation and Shop Painting**

Upon completion of fabrication and machining works but prior to application of coating materials, the Contractor shall notify NIA in writing that the surface preparation for

painting is in progress. Coating application shall commence only after the NIA or their duly authorized representatives have inspected and subsequently approved the surface preparation in accordance with these specifications.

NIA or their designated inspectors shall undertake from time to time, inspection of the painting works while it is in progress. NIA shall be at liberty to reject outright any deviation to material specifications and procedure noted during inspection.

Notwithstanding such inspection, the Contractor shall be held responsible for the acceptability of the finished work.

All oil, grease, soil and other contaminants shall be removed from steel and cast iron surfaces by the use of clean solvent, emulsion, cleaning compound or other methods which involve cleaning action.

Following the solvent, the surfaces shall be cleaned of all defective or damage areas of existing paint, and of all loose rust, loose mill scale and other foreign substance in accordance with the requirements for surface preparation as specified hereunder.

i. Immersed Steel

Except where otherwise specified, all steel surfaces and all parts of structures that have surfaces which are exposed and/or permanently immersed in water, shall be blast cleaned by commercial blast cleaning (SSPC-SP6) then painted with 2 coats of coal tar epoxy paint conforming to U.S. Military Specifications MIL-P23236 (Ships) Type I, Class 2 to produce a total dry film thickness of 400 microns (16 mils.),

ii. Steel Exposed to Atmosphere (Lifting Mechanism and Accessories including Enclosures)

Except where otherwise specified all steel and cast iron surfaces of lifting mechanism and accessories including its enclosure which are exposed to atmosphere shall be blast cleaned by commercial blast cleaning (SSPC-SP6) then applied with 1 coat of Alkyd Red Lead Primer. After proper drying time is attained apply 2 coats of Alkyd Enamel finish to attain a total dry film thickness of 175 microns (7 mils.).

iii. Embedded Steel Work

Where not otherwise specified, all steel surfaces which will be embedded or against which concrete will be placed shall be cleaned by power tool cleaning (SSPC-SP3) then painted with 1 coat of cement latex milk consisting of 10 parts of Portland Cement (by weight), 5 parts of water and 1 part modified latex emulsion.

iv. Repair of Paint Film

The Contractor shall retouch or repair areas of steel gates which maybe damaged during transit from shop to the site of delivery.

All paints shall be applied in conformity with SSPC-PAI Shop, Field and Maintenance Painting, by skilled personnel fully experienced in this type of work.

#### **C. Machine Surfaces**

All finished surfaces of ferrous metals that will be exposed during shipment or while awaiting installation shall be cleaned in accordance with a coating of heavy, gasoline rust preventive compound.

#### **D. Stainless Steel Surfaces**

No painting is required for finished or unfinished stainless steel parts.

### **3313 PREPARING FOR TRANSPORTATION**

- i) Shipment of fabricated works to the Project Office should be made only upon issuance of pre-delivery inspection and acceptance report to the fabricator/manufacturer by the NIA Office.
- ii) The Project Office reserves the right to conduct its own final inspection upon arrival at the project office before issuance of final acceptance report and any findings made thereat should be noted in the final inspection report for appropriate action by the Central Office.
- iii) All parts shall be prepared for transportation so that slings for handling maybe attached readily wherever the parts are to be moved. When it is unsafe to attach slings to the boxes/crates, boxed parts shall be packed with sling attached to the part and the slings shall project through the box or crate so that attachments can be made easily.
- iv) All exposed finished surfaces shall be adequately protected against abrasion and injury during transportation and all long and slender pieces shall be safely supported and blocked.
- v) Rubber seals shall be dismantled after shop assembly and shall be transported separately. They shall be so packed and protected that their size, shape and physical properties are not affected during transportation.
- vi) The gates shall be prepared for transportation as to involve the minimum amount of field assembly.

#### **a. Packing**

- i) The bid price shall include and provide for securely protecting and packing the equipment so as to avoid the damage during transport. All packing shall allow for easy removal and checking at site. Special precaution shall be taken to prevent rusting of the parts. Gas seals or other methods if proposed to be used shall have the approval of NIA. Each carton or package shall contain a packing memorandum mentioning the name of the Contractor, the number and date of the Contract and the name of the office placing the order.
- ii) The equipment shall be insured for loss or damage during transit to the field, the cost being borne by the Contractor.

- iii) Notwithstanding anything stated above, the Contractor shall be entirely responsible for loss, damage or depreciation to the equipment and materials.

b. Marking

Each part of gates, hoist and embedded parts which need to be transported from the shop to the field site as separate piece shall be marked to show the unit of which it is a part and match marked to show its relative position in the unit to facilitate assembly in the field. Unit marks and match marks shall be made with heavy steel stamps and paints. Each piece, sub-assembly or package to be transported separately shall be labeled or tagged with transportation designation consisting of the Specification number and the mark number of such piece or the number of parts grouped in such assemblies or package.

### **3314 ACCEPTANCE OF WORKS**

After the steel gates have been installed in the field, it will be operated and tested by the NIA and when so operated and tested it shall meet all the requirements of the specifications. The gates shall be raised and lowered several times for the full length of the travel. The primary requisite for acceptance shall be that each gate operates smooth and shall be watertight.

A. Tests

- i) The Contractor shall carry out such tests on the gates and hoist equipment as maybe required by the Engineer. Contractor shall be responsible for all modifications and adjustments required for the works as a result of such tests.
- ii) The test shall include:
  - a) operational tests in the dry
  - b) operational tests with fully hydrostatic load
  - c) leakage test
- iii) Test maybe repeated, if necessary, until they successfully carried out to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
- iv) The tests will be carried out at the convenience of the Engineer the cost thereof shall be borne by the Contractor.

B. Operational Tests in the Dry

Operational tests in the dry shall be carried out after completion of erection when all the power supply have been connected and adjusted. The tests shall include at least two complete traverses from the maximum raised position to the full seating position. Manual operation will also be similarly tested. All adjustments, clearances, brakes, motors and controls, etc. shall be checked for proper operation.

C. Operational Test under Hydrostatic Head

- i) These tests shall simulate the actual operating conditions as closely as possible.
- ii) At least one complete traverse will be made on the sluice and intake gates from the fully closed position to the normal raised position as follows:
  - a) With the gate initially in the fully closed position raise it to the normal open position until stopped by the limit switch;

- b) Lower the gate to the fully closed position;
- c) Ascertain proper operation against over-travel;
- d) Record and report fan speed, motor torque and current while raising and fan speed during closing;

#### **D. Leakage Tests**

Leakage test shall be carried out with the gate lowered on the sill. Before the observation for leakage, the gate shall be raised and lowered by about one meter, several times to dislodge any debris that might have lodged on the side seals. The leaking shall then be measured. Excessive leakage shall be rectified until it is reduced to 15 (fifteen) litres/minute/metre length of the seal.

### **3315 MANUALS**

The fabricator/manufacturer shall prepare and furnish NIA and the installation contractor's staff, the installation procedure, operation, and maintenance manuals for all of the works as provided for in the Contract Documents.

### **3316 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

Measurement for furnishing and installation of gates and stoplog will be made on the number of assemblies of the different classes and sizes acceptably installed and tested.

### **3317 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The cost for the supply and delivery of various steel gates will be paid at the contract unit price per assembly or the lump sum price whichever is stated in the Bill of Quantities, which shall include all equipment and materials prescribed in this section and directed by the Engineer.

The cost for the installation provided under this item will be paid at the contract unit price which shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, supplies and all incidentals and subsidiary works necessary for the successful completion of the works.

Payment for the work provided under this item will be made separately for the supply and delivery, and installation of various gates and lifting mechanism as follows:

#### **a) Supply and delivery**

For the supply and delivery of various gates and lifting mechanism, eighty percent (80%) of the respective unit price in the Bill of Quantities shall be paid upon delivery to the project site in accordance with this technical specification acceptable to NIA.

All equipment/materials delivered at the site, shall be kept by the Contractor and will be responsible for any loss or damage of the equipment/materials until they are installed. Any loss or damage to the equipment/materials shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.

Twenty percent (20%) shall be paid upon installation of the equipment and materials, and ready for operation as certified by the Engineer.

b) Installation

One hundred percent (100%) of the respective unit price of each installation works which shall include labor, consumable materials, subsidiary works and other incidentals required for the successful completion of the works shall be paid upon complete installation of the respective equipment/ materials all in accordance with the drawings and accepted by the Engineer.

## **SECTION XXVIII**

### **GRAVEL BLANKET**

#### **2801 SCOPE**

The work under this Section shall include furnishing, placing on approved subgrade and compacting the graded sand and gravel to the thickness indicated on the Drawings or as established by the Engineer.

If required on the drawings, the furnishing and installation of filter fabric shall also be included in this Section.

#### **2802 MATERIALS**

Materials for the gravel blanket shall meet all the requirements for 50 mm coarse aggregate specified in paragraph 1507.

#### **2803 PLACING**

The material shall be dumped on the prepared subgrade and spread in layers having an uncompacted thickness of not more than 25 centimeters. Each layer shall be compacted to achieve a relative density of 70% as determined by USBR Test E-12 by four complete passes of a vibratory compactor. The Contractor has the option to adopt any method of compacting the layers of materials approved by the Engineer.

If filter fabric is required on the drawings, the Contractor shall install or lay said fabric on prepared subgrade prior to dumping of materials.

#### **2804 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT**

Gravel Blanket will be measured by the cubic meter of materials acceptably placed and computed based on the neat lines and dimensions shown on the Drawings.

If materials placed by the contractor are more than what is required, the excess materials will not be measured for payment.

Filter fabric shall be measured separately and shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of Section XXIX, Filter Drain.

#### **2805 BASIS OF PAYMENT**

The volume measured as provided above shall be paid at the unit contract price per cubic meter, which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, supplies, labor, tools, equipment and all incidentals or subsidiary works necessary for the successful completion of the work described under this Section. Excavation involved under this Section is not considered a subsidiary work, hence it will not be measured for payment under this Section. Rather, it will be measured and paid for under Structure Excavation.



## SECTION XXXVI

### PAINTING METALWORK

#### 3601 GENERAL

Contractor shall clean all surfaces of metalworks and apply paint and protective coatings as hereinafter provided and shall furnish all the required materials. Surfaces not required to be painted or coated, but which are adjacent to surfaces to be cleaned and painted, shall be protected against contamination and damage during the cleaning and painting operations. Before proceeding with the painting or coating operations, Contractor shall clean and repair all shop applied paint which is defective or damaged. Materials which have been painted shall be handled with care and protected as necessary to preserve the coating in good condition. Temporary or permanent welding will not be permitted on areas where the welding will damage paint or other protective coatings unless the areas of coating which could be damaged thereby are accessible for repairing and inspection. Except where specified, Contractor will not be required to disassemble machinery, equipment or other metal work for the purpose of painting the interiors. Tinting where required for color contrast, shall be done by using not more than three ounces of tinting color per U.S. gallon of paint.

Items being delivered shop-coated with priming paint or standard shop coat will have coatings compatible with the types of paint indicated in the following schedule. Certain items will be furnished with a gasoline-soluble rust-preventive compound.

Contractor shall take care to procure the painting materials according to a schedule which will insure that paint will not be stored longer than the limits recommended by the manufacturers.

#### 3602 CLEANING AND PAINTING SCHEDULE

No.	I t e m	Method of Surface Preparation (*)	Paint or Coating Material	No. of Coats
1	Operating mechanisms; gate hoist; non-water bearing metal pipe and standard valves and fittings; pipe hangers and supports; handrails, stairs, walkways gratings unless galvanized, ladders; structural steel; hatch covers, hatch frames; base plates; & miscellaneous non-water bearing metal work to be subjected to ordinary atmospheric exposure and to public view but not including	B Damaged areas of shop-applied prime coats and any unpainted surfaces that require painting	Red-lead Priming paint, Type II	1
		A Damaged areas of shop applied prime coats and areas of field-applied prime coats that require cleaning except that clean surfaces prime coats will require no further surface preparation	Machinery paint or regular aluminum Paint, which ever is directed	2
		B		

	items otherwise tabulated.	Damage areas of items furnished completely painted	Damage areas shall be repaired to match existing surface	
2	Trashracks, guides, frames, stems, gates and any other metal-work not otherwise specifically tabulated, all of which will be intermittently submerged, or otherwise subjected to excessive spray or condensation	C Damaged areas of shop applied prime coat  A Undamaged areas of shop-applied prime coats and areas of field-applied prime coats that require cleaning except that clean surfaces of field-applied prime coats will require no further surface preparation	Self-curing in organic zinc prime coating (Equal to Dimetecote No. 4 Amercoat Corp., Brea, California) Coal tar-epoxy coating	1   2 or more to produce a minimum dry-film thickness of 16 mils
3	Upstream face of steel Gates	C see paragraph 3303 for letter identification	VR-6 vinyl resin paint	6
4	Exterior surfaces of: all ferrous non-galvanized surfaces of water-bearing valves; steel gates and any other metalwork w/c will be intermittently submerged or subjected to spray or condensation and which will be subject also to sunlight exposure or to public view	C For unpainted surfaces B For areas of Type IV re-lead shop coat	Red-lead priming paint type IV  Phenolicresin aluminum paint	1 2
5	Galvanized surfaces exposed to public view which are required to be painted for decorative purposes	A For galvanized surfaces	Zinc dust-zinc oxide priming paint machinery enamel semi-gloss enamel interior oil paint or regular aluminum paint whichever is directed	

6	Machined surfaces, steel cables and finished surfaces which will be in rolling or sliding contact and w/c are not required to be painted or lubricated	A	One heavy coat of gasoline soluble rust- preventive compound	1
7	Surfaces of metalwork which will be inaccessible after installation or assembly	B or C As specified for other surfaces of the metal work if furnished unpainted or A If furnished prime painted	Priming paint specified for other surfaces of the same metalwork  None	3
	Stainless steel; non-ferrous metalwork, galvanized metalwork w/c will be exposed outdoors; and surfaces of cast-iron which are to be buried or continuously subjected to moisture and not exposed to public view	Painting is not required unless other-wise tabulated	None	
	Interior surfaces of cast-iron pipe, valves, fittings	Painting is not required unless specifically listed elsewhere in this tabulation	None	
	Metal surfaces to be encased in concrete and which concrete is to be placed.	Painting is not required	None	

### **3603 PREPARATION OF SURFACES**

Surface preparation shall be in accordance with one of the following methods. The method to be used for each item is indicated in the painting tabulation. Weld spatter, burrs, or other objectionable surface irregularities shall be removed or repaired before cleaning. Any dirt or dust remaining from the cleaning operation shall be removed before the surfaces are painted. Cleaning solvent shall be mineral spirits or xylol except that xylol shall be used for surfaces which require coal tar coatings. In the event that rust forms or the surfaces becomes otherwise contaminated in the interval between cleaning and painting, or between coats of paints, recleaning will be required.

**Method A.** All oil, grease and dirt shall be removed by the use of clean solvent and clean wiping materials.

**Method B.** All oil, grease and dirt shall be removed by the use of clean solvent and clean wiping materials. Following the solvent cleaning, the surfaces to be painted shall be cleaned of all defective or damaged areas of existing paint, and of all loose rust, loose mil scale, and other foreign substances by scraping, chipping, blasting, power wire brushing or other effective means.

**Method C.** All oil, grease and dirt shall be removed by the use of clean solvent and clean wiping materials. Following the solvent cleaning, the surfaces to be painted shall be blast cleaned to base metal, using dry, hard, sharp sand or steel grit, to produce a gray-etched surface. The blasting material shall pass a No. 16 United States standard screen and at least 85 per cent shall be retained on a No. 50 United States standard screen.

### **3604    APPLICATION**

Materials shall be thoroughly mixed and surfaces shall be clean and free from moisture at the time of application. Effective means shall be provided for removing free oil and moisture from the air-supply lines of all spraying equipment. Nozzle pressure consistent with acceptable finish results shall be employed when spray painting. Each coat shall be free from runs, pinholes and sags. Each coat shall be allowed to dry or to harden before the succeeding coat is applied. Thicknesses specified in millimeters shall be measured by an approved dry-film thickness gage. Red-lead priming paint, regular or phenolicresin aluminum paint, and machinery paint may be thinned if necessary to permit satisfactory application, in which event mineral spirits shall be used and the amount of thinner shall be kept to a minimum and in no event shall it exceed 15 per cent of the paint. Thinning of other materials will be permitted only if approved by the Engineer. If necessary to improve application properties, cold-applied paints may be heated by means of a hot water to a temperature not exceeding 38 degree centigrade.

Application of specific materials shall be as follows:

- (a) Red-lead priming paint shall be applied at a maximum coverage of 12.5 square meters per liter per coat for type II and a maximum coverage of between 11 and 12.5 square meters per liter coat for Type IV. The first coat shall be applied by either brush or spray. Following the first coat, an additional tinted brush coat shall be applied over all rivets, welds, bolts, seams, sharp corners and edges before subsequent painting. Alternate coats shall be tinted for color contrast using IB black.
- (b) Aluminum paints (except aluminum paint for VR-6 vinyl- resin seal coats) shall be applied by spraying at a maximum coverage of 12.5 square meters per liter per coat for regular aluminum paint and a maximum coverage of 10 square meters per liter per coat for phenolic-resin Aluminum paint. The paint shall be prepared by mixing 240 grams of aluminum paste per liter of mixing varnish and only enough paint for each day's use shall be prepared at one time. The first coat shall be tinted for color contrast using 2A blue.
- (c) Machinery paint shall be applied at a maximum coverage of 12.5 square meter per liter per coat.

- (d) Rust-preventive compound shall be applied by any convenient method to insure a complete coverage with a heavy uniform coating.
- (e) Vinyl-resin paint VR-6

Coat	Alternate Colors of	Apply by	Maximum Coverage SQ.M-/liter	Minimum Drying Time
Prime	Dark Gray	Brush	6.2	4 hours
Body	3 or more coats alternated red, gray, red	Spray	3 each coat	12 hours each coat
Seal	2 or more aluminum pigmented			

Spray      5 each coat      12 hours between coats and at last 10 days placing in service

The minimum acceptable dry-film thickness for the completed system shall be 0.25 millimeter with 0.20 millimeter thickness through the last body coat.

Paint applied by brush shall be applied in generous brushfuls and quickly brushed out of smooth before significant evaporation of Solvents occur and before brush drag develops.

Pressure pot equipment shall be use for spray application and the equipment shall be capable of operating at atomization pressure up to 7 kilograms per square centimeter. Application shall be such as to avoid excessive loses of volatiles before the paint spray strikes the surface. Each stroke of the spray gun shall make lap over the previous stroke so that a continuous wet film is obtained on the surface. To prevent sagging and to insure the minimum dry-film thickness, it may be necessary to make repeated passes with the spray gun. Where this is necessary, each additional pass shall be by strokes at right angles to the previous pass.

Specific color matches will not be required except that all paint used for the last coat shall be uniform in color.

(f) Cold-applied coal-tar paint, CA-50, shall be applied at a coverage of approximately 3 square meters per liter per coat. It shall be applied by brushing. Thinning will not be permitted.

(g) Coal-tar epoxy coating shall be applied at a maximum coverage of 2.7 square meters per liter per coat. Alternate coats shall be of different colors and the final coat shall be a color other than black, the color being subject to the approval of the Engineer. Surface preparation, coating preparation, application and thinning shall all be done in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

### **3605 MATERIALS**

All pigmented paints and primers shall be purchased in sealed containers packaged by the manufacturer and shall be delivered with the seals unbroken. Colors of finish paints shall match color samples furnished by NIA unless color requirements are specifically stated otherwise. Materials shall be in accordance with the following specifications:

(a) U.S. Federal Specifications

1. Red-lead priming paint, TT-P-86c, Type II and Type IV.
2. Zinc-dust zinc oxide primer, TT-P64lb, Type II.
3. Mixing varnish for regular aluminum paint, TT-V-8lb, Type II, Class B
4. Mixing varnish for phenolic-resin aluminum paint, TT-V-119.
5. Aluminum paste, TT-A-320a, Type II, Class B.
6. Machinery enamel, TT-E-489b, Class A.
7. Pigment-in-oil (tinting colors) TT-P-38lb.
8. Mineral spirits, TT-T-29la, Grade I.

(b) U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Specification

1. Cold-applied, coal tar paint CA-50
2. Vinyl-resin paint, VR-6, aluminum paste and thinner.

(c) United States Maritime Administration Specification

Rust preventive compound, 52 MA-602a, type B, medium except that equally effective inhibitors, in suitable quantities may be used in lieu of the specified percentage of chromates.

(d) U.S. Military Specifications

Coal tar epoxy coating, MIL-P-23236, Type I, and II, Class 2.

(e) Certification, Sampling and Testing of Materials

Contractor shall furnish manufacturer's certificates of compliance with specifications for all paint materials being furnished.

Contractor shall conduct film thickness measurements and electrical inspection of the coated surfaces and shall recoat and repair defective work as necessary for compliance with the specifications. All test equipment shall be furnished by the Contractor. Contractor shall provide magnetic type dry film thickness gage for measuring paint thickness and a high voltage type detector for electrical inspection of coal tar epoxy resin coatings. All tests to be done shall be under the direction of the Engineer and testing equipment to be used shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

### **3606 COSTS**

No separate measurement and payment will be made for the above painting requirements and the cost for the painting and test shall be considered included in the various items in the Bill of Quantities for which painting is required.

## **SECTION XXXVI DEEPWELL**

### **3601 SCOPE**

The Contractor shall provide and operate sufficient drilling units required to complete the works. The Contractor shall furnish and install all materials, equipment, tools and labor and all other incidentals necessary for the completion of the works.

### **3602 CONSTRUCTION MEASUREMENT**

1. The drilling together with all auxiliary equipment and personnel shall be defined as the Drilling Unit.
2. The drilling diameter, the bit screens shall be good enough for the construction of deepwell.

### **3603 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT**

Measurement and payment for furnishing of all materials, equipment and labor for permanent structure shall be made at the lump sum price or lump sum bid price whichever is stated in the Bill of Quantities.

## **SECTION XLIV PIPELINE SYSTEM**

### **4401 SCOPE – ( March 18, 1998 )**

The work under this Section shall include furnishing all materials, supplies, tools and equipment; installation and laying of pipes and fittings including all necessary materials in accordance with the Drawings and these Specifications or as directed by Engineer.

### **4402 MATERIALS – ( March 18, 1998 )**

#### **1. UPVC (Unplasticized Polyvinyl Chloride) Pressure Pipes.**

All uPVC pipes to be furnished and installed shall be Class 150 (150 psi Nominal working Pressure) in standard 6.00 meter effective length per piece with an integral push-on bell complete with elastomeric rubber ring on one end and plain bevelled on the other end. Made basically form class 12454-A or 12454-B virgin PVC compound as defined in ASTM D1784. For connection with corresponding uPVC pressure pipes. Conforming to International Standard Organization(ISO), Philippine National Standards (PNS 65), LWUA and MWSS Specifications.

#### **2. UPVC (Unplasticized Polyvinyl Chloride) Fittings.**

All uPVC pipes to be furnished and installed shall be Class 150 (150 psi Nominal working Pressure) in standard 6.00 meter effective length per piece with an integral push-on bell complete with elastomeric rubber ring on one end and plain bevelled on the other end. Made basically form class 12454-A or 12454-B virgin PVC compound as defined in ASTM D1784. Conforming to International Standard Organization (ISO), Philippine National Standards (PNS 65), LWUA and MWSS Specifications.

#### **3. Cast Iron Fittings**

All cast iron fittings to be furnished and installed shall conform with ASTM A126 Class B. Exterior surfaces shall be painted with black coal tar enamel while interior surfaces shall be lined with 3mm cement as per AWWA C-104. Fitting surfaces that are directly in contact with pipes and gasket shall be machine finished. Gasket shall be natural vulcanized rubber, bolt and nut as per galvanized steel ASTM A-284.

#### **4. Galvanized Iron Pipes and Fittings**

All pipes and fitting to be furnished and installed by the contractor for galvanized pipes shall be Schedule 40, and shall be Conforming to International Standard Organization(ISO), Philippine National Standards (PNS 65), LWUA and MWSS Specifications. 84

### **4404 METHOD OF CONSTRUCTON – ( March 18, 1998 )**

#### **1. UPVC PIPES**

Pipes shall be embedded on the ground by about 30 cms. Depth of cover to avoid exposure to too much sunlight, and its susceptibility to damage by objects it will come in contact with. The pipes are all push-on types, therefore, personnel should see to it that o-ring is in place before



the pipes are pushed-on together. Laying of pipes shall follow a uniform slope on the ground or as specified in the plan and profile. No pipes shall be installed in a siphonic or sagging position.

## 2. G.I. PIPES

Pipes shall be embedded on the ground by about 30 cms. Depth of cover to avoid the possibility to damage by objects it will come in contact with. The pipes shall be threaded in both ends. Laying of pipes shall follow a uniform slope on the ground or as specified in the plan and profile. No pipes shall be installed in a siphonic or sagging position except for those locations where such positions cannot be avoided. However, elevations should be referred to the Project Engineer for evaluation and approval.

## 3. CAST IRON FITTINGS

Cast Iron Fittings are to be fitted on UPVC pipes joints with rubber o-ring and at least four (4) bolts and nut. Plumbers should see to it that rubber o-rings are put-on the pipes before tightening the bolts, otherwise, leaks will occur.

## 4. G.I. FITTINGS

G.I. pipes are fitted to each other using G.I. fittings. Pipes should be threaded properly to its desired depth and length, cleaned properly, and wrapped with teflon tape before being fitted into G.I. fittings.

### **4405 METHODS OF MEASUREMENT – ( March 18, 1998 )**

Pipes shall be measured by linear meter or by the number of lengths installed based on the layout as shown on the Drawings. Fittings shall be counted on the number installed and fitted into pipes as per plan and specifications.

### **4406 BASIS OF PAYMENT – ( March 18, 1998 )**

The quantity measured as provide above will be paid at the contract lump sum unit price per item, which price and payment shall constitute full compensation for furnishing all materials, supplies, labor, tools, equipment and all incidentals or subsidiary works necessary for the successful completion of the work described under this Section.

## **SOLAR DRIVEN-PUMP, SOLAR PANELS AND ACCESSORIES**

### **SOLAR PANEL MONOCRYSTALLINE**

No. of Cells	:	120
Minimum Power	:	550 W
Maximum Power	:	600 W
Max. Power Voltage (V <sub>mp</sub> )	:	34.60 V
Max. Power Current (I <sub>mp</sub> )	:	17.34 A
Open Circuit Voltage (V <sub>oc</sub> )	:	41.70 V
Short Circuit Current (I <sub>sc</sub> )	:	18.42 A
Module Efficiency	:	21.20%
Operating Temperature	:	40°C ~ 85°C
Max. System Voltage	:	1500V or 1000V
Module Fire Performance	:	Type 1 (UL 1703)
	:	Class C (IEC 61730)
Max. Series Fuse Rating	:	35 A
Application Classification	:	Class A
Power Tolerance	:	0+~5W
Dimensions/Measures	:	±120 x ±240 x ±4cm

### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (CIVIL WORKS)**

#### **1. STRUCTURE**

- a) The structure shall be made from prefabricated assemblies. There shall be no welding/cutting on site.
- b) All structure materials will be made of high-tensile steel (420 MPA and higher), pre-coated with anti-corrosion coating.
- c) All parts that are designated to be installed underground shall be coated with Hot Deep Galvanization in accordance with ASTM A123 Standard.
- d) All metal parts that are designed to be installed above ground shall be coated with ZAM-375 coating in accordance with ASTM A1046 standard.
- e) All bolts that are used to fix electrical components or hydraulic components shall be made from stainless steel 304.
- f) All bolts that are used to fix mechanical components shall be made from steel 8.8 or 10.4 and shall be coated with IRON ZINC coating.
- g) The structure shall include the foundation. Structure shall be designed to withstand winds with minimum of 280 kph (80 m/s) in accordance with Eurocode III. Bidder shall submit static wind calculation in STRAP (or equivalent) analysis software.
- h) Modules shall be mounted at height of no less than 2 meters above ground.

### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (GOODS/SUPPLY)**

#### **1. PUMP**

- a) For Solar Pump Fertigation System 15 has. Surface Water
  - i. Surface self-priming centrifugal pump
  - ii. Make and model

- iii. Country of origin
- iv. Capacity – 68 m<sup>3</sup>/hr (min.)
- v. Total dynamic head – 25meters (min.)
- vi. Efficiency – minimum 60 %
- vii. Speed RPM – 1450-2900
- viii. Impeller material-stainless steel or equivalent
- ix. Discharge size diameter in inches – 4”
- b) For Solar Pump Fertigation System 15 has. Submersible -10 m
  - i. Dynamic water level - 10 m. (min)
  - ii. Submersible borehole pump
  - iii. Make and model
  - iv. Country of origin
  - v. Capacity – 68 m<sup>3</sup>/hr. (min.)
  - vi. Pressure – 25meters above ground level
  - vii. Efficiency – minimum 60 %
  - viii. Speed RPM – 1450-2900
  - ix. Impeller material- pressed stainless steel
  - x. Discharge size diameter in inches-4”(min)
  - xi. Maximum pump/motor diameter – 6”
- c) For Solar Pump Fertigation System 15 Submersible -30
  - i. Dynamic water level – 30 m (min)
  - ii. Submersible borehole pump
  - iii. Make and model
  - iv. Country of origin
  - v. Capacity – 68 m<sup>3</sup>/hr. (min.)
  - vi. Pressure – 25meters above ground level
  - vii. Efficiency – minimum 60 %
  - viii. Speed RPM – 1450-2900
  - ix. Impeller material- pressed stainless steel
  - x. Discharge size diameter in inches-4” (min)
  - xi. Maximum pump/motor diameter -6”

## 2. WATER MEASUREMENT

- a) A water meter with a Data output will be installed downstream of the filter to monitor operations and accumulate the pumped water level for the duration of the growing season.

## 3. FERTILIZATION

- a) A fertilizer tank with a volume of 30 liters (minimum) will be installed downstream of the system. The tank will be operated by means of a choke body (Pressure Reducer) that reduce that produces a pressure difference when entering the boiler and existing it. The fertilizer is dissolves inside the tank by the water passing through it and injected into the irrigation line through a chemically durable PVC line.

## 4. WATER SUPPLY

- a) The water at the outlet of the head of the system will flow through a 110 mm (minimum) diameter LAYFLAT flexible pipe to the top of the area designed for flood irrigation

## 5. FLOOD POOL

- a) Filling the Flood pool with 2 LAYFLAT 51 mm diameter perforated secondary lines each 50 meter long, those will branch off from the central 102 mm diameter main pipes.

## 6. EQUIPMENT NEEDED

- a) Well pump
- b) Delivery pipe
- c) Water meter
- d) Fertilizer tank
- e) Delivery pipe valve
- f) 150m 4"/102mm Layflat pipe
- g) 100m of 3"/78mm Layflat pipe
- h) 100 m of 2"/51mm Layflat pipe with outlets for flooding
- i) Fittings and connectors for Layflat piping

## 7. MOTOR

- a) Make and Model
- b) Country of Origin
- c) Type
- d) Continuous HP rating at pump rated capacity and speed at least 20% above the maximum power requirement to drive the pump.
- e) Synchronous speed 1500-2900 RPM
- f) Variable frequency Hz
- g) Built-in thermal control automatic shut-off protection
- h) 40-meter-long suitable submersible power cable with connectors
- i) Adequate sealing
- j) Magnetic starter controls

## 8. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

- a) Solar Modules will be made of dual glass, bi-facial, using HJT technology with at least 15 years product warranty and 30 years output warranty.
- b) Solar modules will be from a manufacturer that is listed on Bloomberg Tier-1 list for at least 2 quarters before product submission and shall remain in Tier-1 for at least until the time of supply.
- c) Modules shall adhere to all applicable IEC standards including IEC-61215, IEC61730, IEC-60364.
- d) Module efficiency shall be no less than 22%.
- e) Total name plate capacity of the solar array shall be at least 200% of the name-plate power of the solar
- f) pump.
- g) Electrical distribution board shall be constructed from polyester and will have ingress protection level of IP-54 or higher. The electrical board shall have DC section and AC section, adequately separated, and clearly marked. The distribution board shall include water-proof SLD drawing.
- h) Solar pump shall be from designed working-point, considering water head, in-field required pressure, and other environmental
- i) Solar pump shall be designed such that the designed working point, considering water head in-field required pressure, and other environmental conditions, shall provide a flow of 1.6 l/s for each hectares of irrigation.

- j) Solar irrigation inverters shall be from reputable European supplier with at least 10 years' experience in the development, manufacturing and service of variable frequency irrigation inverters.
- k) The inverters' rated ambient temperature shall be -10 to 50 deg C and operating temp of -10 to 60 deg C.
- l) Ingress Protection degree shall be at least IP54.
- m) The Inverter shall have digital outputs, Motor run Signal, alarm, analog inputs (10 or 15 VDC). At least 4 digital inputs, configurable as N.O. or N.C. for motor run/stop.
- n) Communication MODBUS RTU Bluetooth Smart (4.0)

#### 9. DRAWINGS AND PERFORMANCE CURVES

- a) Cross Section Drawing
- b) Dimensional Drawing
- c) Performance Curve

Note:

"The Bidder shall supply with his bid the system and characteristics curves relating to pump head, capacity, efficiency and absorbed power."

#### 10. ACCESSORIES PER UNIT

- a) Systems supplied will include all parts material and accessories needed to reach full operation

#### 11. MOTOR CONTROLLER

- a) General Requirements
  - i. Made by approved manufacturer, by EU/UK/USA brand
  - ii. Country of Origin – EU/UK /USA
  - iii. Reduced voltage combination circuit breaker and magnetic starter assembly
  - iv. Three phases, 460V, 60Hz

#### 12. MANUALS/CATALOGS AND WARRANTY PER SER

- a) One set operation, maintenance and repair manual
- b) One set parts catalog
- c) Standard brochures showing pump Performance curves for head, Capacity, efficiency and power
- d) Warranty - 12 months/2,000 hours

#### 13. SATELLITE ASSISTED MONITORING SYSTEM

- a) A unique AI powered system using advanced algorithms will recommend methods of irrigation and fertigation, the system will analyze Data from climate sources, from satellites and daily water usage.
- b) Data integrated with proprietary dataset collected over 1500 growing seasons around the world to produce optimal recommendations.
- c) The system provides real time forecasted insights and fertigation recommendation based on plant stress, plant and fruit growth patterns, real time and forecasted weather conditions.

#### 14. TRAINING, SKILLS DEVELOPMENT AND CAPACITY BUILDING

- a) The bidder is required as part of the contract to supply a training and skills development package by an international training institution acceptable to NIA, that may include foreign AID, GOV development agency, in the fields of - water quality, plant nutrition, fertilizers, fertigation management etc.

## **OBLIGATIONS, DUTIES AND/OR FUNCTIONS OF THE CONTRACTOR**

1. The Contractor shall be accompanied and supervised by representatives from NIA during delivery and installation of all project components.
2. The Contractor shall carryout all the installation works for the project by furnishing all labors, materials, equipment and all other supplies necessary to complete the construction & installation works in accordance with the specifications.
3. The Contractor shall carryout the commissioning and testing of the project.
4. The Contractor shall provide technical personnel specialized in Solar Power Project.
5. The Contractor shall provide all user's operation manuals.
6. The Contractor shall supply complete sets of as-built documents, schematic diagrams with fully keyed descriptive parts lists for each type of equipment supplied including operation and maintenance manual.
7. The Contractor shall ensure that the system will run accordingly with the concept, and shall provide additional items/parts without additional charges.
8. The Contractor shall provide O&M Training to all End-Users.

## **TECHNICAL SUPPORT AND WARRANTY CONDITIONS**

1. There must be a three-year (3-year) service warranty for all installed hardware. Repair of the defective hardware shall be permitted provided that the repaired unit meets original specifications.
2. There must be a Maintenance, System Checking and Onsite Visitation twice a year for three (2) years.
3. There must be five-year (5-year) SLA for the Project.
4. There must be a technical support for troubleshooting over the phone or emails.

## **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

1. Authorized Distributor Certificate for PV panels and Inverter, Submersible Pump, AI Monitoring Equipment, Solar LED Street Lights and Valves.
2. Must provide a brochure for detailed evaluation.
3. Certificate from Manufacturer that spare parts are available in the next five years.
4. PCAB with special classification in Electrical and Mechanical Works.
5. AMTEC Certification
6. Certificate of Product Standard (DTI)
7. Certificate of Registration (BOC)



## ***Section VII. Drawings***

*(annexed in a separate folder)*

## ***Section VIII. Bill of Quantities***

## BILL OF QUANTITIES AND BID PRICES

Contract No.: **RIO-LMC-04-2025**

Description of Contract: **ESTABLISHMENT OF PUMP IRRIGATION PROJECTS**

Construction and Installation of Solar Powered Pump Irrigation Projects with AI Satellite-Assisted Monitoring and Fertigation System

Location: Benliw SRIS, Biabas Area, Ubay

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 1 (Php14,552,042.52)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Solar Powered Pump</i></b>				
C.1	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	Supply and Delivery	32.00	sets	P	P
C.1.b	Installation	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (15HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				
C.3.a	<i>Supply and Delivery</i>				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (15HP) complete with accessories	2.00	units	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	200.00	m	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	200.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	10.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	unit	P	P
<i>C.3.b</i>	<i>Installation</i>				
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (15 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (15KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</i></b>				
D.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
D.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>E</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</i></b>				
E.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
E.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P
E.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.52	kgs.	P	P
E.4	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.04	cu.m.	P	P
E.5	Metal Works (Hot Dip Galvanized)				
<i>E.5.a</i>	<i>Supply, Delivery and Fabrication</i>	1.00	lot	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<i>E.5.b</i>	<i>Installation</i>	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</i></b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>G</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</i></b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>H</b>	<b><i>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</i></b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	20.88	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.96	cu.m.	P	P
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,393.73	kgs.	P	P
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	set	P	P
H.8	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	ln.m	P	P
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	100.00	sq.m.	P	P
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk, 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Construction of Sumptank</b>				
I.1	Structure Common Excavation	113.34	cu.m.	P	P
I.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	6.98	cu.m.	P	P
I.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	21.86	cu.m.	P	P
I.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	1,073.25	kgs.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
I.5	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.72	cu.m.	P	P
I.6	Rubble Masonry with weepholes (50mm dia. PVS)	16.80	cu.m.	P	P
I.7	Ladder Rung	23.00	pcs.	P	P
I.8	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Trash Rack (2.4 x2.42 m)	1.00	set	P	P
I.9	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Gratings (1.0mx1.1m)	2.00	assy	P	P
<b>J</b>	<b><i>Irrigation Facilities</i></b>				
J.1	Distribution Pipes				
<b>J.1.a</b>	<b><i>Main Conveyance Pipe, Irrigation Pipeline 1,2 &amp; 3</i></b>				
J.1.a.1	Common Excavation	151.80	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	136.62	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 13				
J.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	200.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.3.b	Installation	200.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 3" SDR 21				
J.1.a.4.a	Supply Delivery	1,825.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4.b	Installation	1,825.00	m	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.1.a.5	Sand Blanket	60.75	m	P	P
J.2	Valves and Miscellaneous Items				
<b>J.2.a</b>	<b>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</b>				
J.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.3	G.I. Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.4	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
J.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P
J.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>J.2.b</b>	<b>Stilling Pool Drain</b>				
J.2.b.1	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.b.2	4" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 1.70m)	1.70	m	P	P
<b>J.2.c</b>	<b>Distribution Pipe</b>				
J.2.c.1	DN100 Gate Valve (3" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2.c.2	3" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.3	Supply, Delivery & Installation 3" Dia. G.I Pipe	2.00	m	P	P
<b>J.2.d</b>	<b>Pipeline 1,2 &amp; 3</b>				
J.2.d.1	G.I. Ball Valve (3")	18.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.2	HDPE Tee Joint (3")	19.00	pcs.	P	P
	<b>SUB - TOTAL (AREA 1) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 2 (Php14,550,548.40)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b>Solar Powered Pump</b>				
<b>C.1</b>	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	Supply and Delivery	32.00	sets	P	P
C.1.b	Installation	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (10HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3.a	Supply and Delivery				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (10HP) complete with accessories	2.00	units	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	142.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	142.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	7.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	unit	P	P
C.3.b	Installation				
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (10 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (10KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</i></b>				
D.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
D.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>E</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</i></b>				
E.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
E.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P
E.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.52	kgs.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
E.4	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.04	cu.m.	P	P
E.5	Metal Works (Hot Dip Galvanized)				
E.5.a	Supply, Delivery and Fabrication	1.00	lot	P	P
E.5.b	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</i></b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>G</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</i></b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>H</b>	<b><i>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</i></b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	20.88	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.96	cu.m.	P	P
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,393.73	kgs.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	sets	P	P
H.8	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	ln.m	P	P
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	100.00	sq.m.	P	P
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk. 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Construction of Sumptank</b>				
I.1	Structure Common Excavation	62.55	cu.m.	P	P
I.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.84	cu.m.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
I.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	14.50	cu.m.	P	P
I.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	784.86	kgs.	P	P
I.5	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.51	cu.m.	P	P
I.6	Rubble Masonry with weepholes (50mm dia. PVS)	8.75	cu.m.	P	P
I.7	Ladder Rung	23.00	pcs.	P	P
I.8	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Trash Rack (2.4 x2.42 m)	1.00	set	P	P
I.9	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Gratings (1.0mx1.1m)	2.00	assy	P	P
<b>J</b>	<b><i>Irrigation Facilities</i></b>				
J.1	Distribution Pipes				
J.1.a	Main Conveyance Pipe, Irrigation Pipeline 1,2 & 3				
J.1.a.1	Common Excavation	455.26	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	420.24	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 13				
J.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	142.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.3.b	Installation	142.00	m	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.1.a.4	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 3" SDR 21				
J.1.a.4.a	Supply Delivery	3,360.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4.b	Installation	3,360.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.5	Sand Blanket	105.06	m	P	P
J.2	Valves and Miscellaneous Items				
<b>2.a</b>	<b><i>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</i></b>				
J.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.3	G.I. Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.4	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
J.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P
J.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>J.2.b</b>	<b><i>Stilling Pool Drain</i></b>				
J.2.b.1	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2.b.2	4" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 1.70m)	1.70	m	P	P
<b>J.2.c</b>	<b><i>Distribution Pipe</i></b>				
J.2.c.1	DN100 Gate Valve (3" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.2	3" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.3	Supply, Delivery & Installation 3" Dia. G.I Pipe	2.00	m	P	P
<b>J.2.d</b>	<b><i>Pipeline 1,2 &amp; 3</i></b>				
J.2.d.1	G.I. Ball Valve (3")	22.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.2	HDPE Tee Joint (3")	11.00	pcs.	P	P
	<b>SUB- TOTAL (AREA 2) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 3 (Php14,550,000.00)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Solar Powered Pump</i></b>				
C.1	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	Supply and Delivery	32.00	sets	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.1.b	Installation	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (15HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				
C.3.a	Supply and Delivery				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (15HP) complete with accessories	2.00	units	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	115.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	115.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	6.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	unit	P	P
C.3.b	Installation				
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (15 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (15KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</i></b>				
D.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
D.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>E</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</i></b>				
E.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
E.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P
E.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.52	kgs.	P	P
E.4	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.036	cu.m.	P	P
E.5	Metal Works (Hot Dip Galvanized)				
E.5.a	Supply, Delivery and Fabrication	1.00	lot	P	P
E.5.b	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</i></b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>G</b>	<b><i>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</i></b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>H</b>	<b><i>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</i></b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	20.88	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.96	cu.m.	P	P
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,393.73	kgs.	P	P
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	set	P	P
H.8	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	ln.m	P	P
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	100.00	sq.m.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk, 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Construction of Sumptank</b>				
I.1	Structure Common Excavation	113.34	cu.m.	P	P
I.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	6.98	cu.m.	P	P
I.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	21.86	cu.m.	P	P
I.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	1,073.25	kgs.	P	P
I.5	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.72	cu.m.	P	P
I.6	Rubble Masonry with weepholes (50mm dia. PVS)	16.80	cu.m.	P	P
I.7	Ladder Rung	23.00	pcs.	P	P
I.8	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Trash Rack (2.4 x2.42 m)	1.00	set	P	P
I.9	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Gratings (1.0mx1.1m)	2.00	assy	P	P
<b>J</b>	<b>Irrigation Facilities</b>				
J.1	Distribution Pipes				
J.1.a	Main Conveyance Pipe, Irrigation Pipeline 1,2 & 3				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.1.a.1	Common Excavation	215.30	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	193.77	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 13				
J.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	115.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.3.b	Installation	115.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 3" SDR 21				
J.1.a.4.a	Supply Delivery	2,038.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4.b	Installation	2,038.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.5	Sand Blanket	64.59	m	P	P
J.2	Valves and Miscellaneous Items				
<b>J.2.a</b>	<b>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</b>				
J.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.3	G.I. Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.4	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
J.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P
J.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>J.2.b</b>	<b><i>Stilling Pool Drain</i></b>				
J.2.b.1	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.b.2	4" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 1.70m)	1.70	m	P	P
<b>J.2.c</b>	<b><i>Distribution Pipe</i></b>				
J.2.c.1	DN100 Gate Valve (3" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.2	3" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.3	Supply, Delivery & Installation 3" Dia. G.I Pipe	2.00	m	P	P
<b>J.2.d</b>	<b><i>Pipeline 1,2 &amp; 3</i></b>				
J.2.d.1	G.I. Ball Valve (3")	20.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.2	HDPE Tee Joint (3")	10.00	pcs.	P	P
	<b>SUB- TOTAL (AREA 3) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 4 (Php14,550,629.32)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Solar Powered Pump</i></b>				
C.1	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	<i>Supply and Delivery</i>	32.00	sets	P	P
C.1.b	<i>Installation</i>	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (10HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				
C.3.a	Supply and Delivery				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (10HP) complete with accessories	2.00	units	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	150.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	140.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	8.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	units	P	P
C.3.b	Installation				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (10 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (10KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</b>				
D.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
D.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>E</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</b>				
E.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
E.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P
E.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.52	kgs.	P	P
E.4	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.04	cu.m.	P	P
E.5	Metal Works ( Hot Dip Galvanized)				
E.5.a	Supply, Delivery and Fabrication	1.00	lot	P	P
E.5.b	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>G</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>H</b>	<b>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	20.88	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.92	cu.m.	P	P
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,289.57	kgs.	P	P
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	set	P	P
H.8	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	ln.m	P	P



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	114.51	sq.m.	P	P
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk, 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Construction of Sumptank</b>				
I.1	Structure Common Excavation	113.34	cu.m.	P	P
I.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	6.98	cu.m.	P	P
I.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm <sup>2</sup>	21.86	cu.m.	P	P
I.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	1,130.04	kgs.	P	P
I.5	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm <sup>2</sup>	0.72	cu.m.	P	P
I.6	Rubble Masonry with weepholes (50mm dia. PVS)	16.80	cu.m.	P	P
I.7	Ladder Rung	23.00	pcs.	P	P
I.8	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Trash Rack (2.4 x2.42 m)	1.00	set	P	P
I.9	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Gratings (1.0mx1.1m)	2.00	assy	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>J</b>	<b>Irrigation Facilities</b>				
J.1	Distribution Pipes				
J.1.a	Main Conveyance Pipe, Irrigation Pipeline 1,2 & 3				
J.1.a.1	Common Excavation	323.35	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	291.02	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 13				
J.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	435.00	m	P	P
j.1.a.3.b	Installation	435.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 3" SDR 21				
J.1.a.4.a	Supply Delivery	2,798.50	m	P	P
J.1.a.4.b	Installation	2,798.50	m	P	P
J.1.a.5	Sand Blanket	97.01	m	P	P
J.2	Valves and Miscellaneous Items				
<b>J.2.a</b>	<b>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</b>				
J.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.3	G.I. Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2.a.4	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
J.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P
J.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>J.2.b</b>	<b>Stilling Pool Drain</b>				
J.2.b.1	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.b.2	4" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 1.70m)	1.70	m	P	P
<b>J.2.c</b>	<b>Distribution Pipe</b>				
J.2.c.1	DN100 Gate Valve (3" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.2	3" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.3	Supply, Delivery & Installation 3" Dia. G.I Pipe	2.00	ln.m.	P	P
<b>J.2.d</b>	<b>Pipeline 1,2 &amp; 3</b>				
J.2.d.1	G.I. Ball Valve (3")	24.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.2	Hdpe Tee Joint (3")	12.00	pcs.	P	P
	<b>SUB- TOTAL (AREA 4) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 5 (Php14,550,047.05)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Solar Powered Pump</i></b>				
C.1	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	Supply and Delivery	32.00	sets	P	P
C.1.b	Installation	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (15HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				
C.3.a	Supply and Delivery				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (15HP) complete with accessories	2.00	units	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	255.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	245.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	8.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	unit	P	P
C.3.b	Installation				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (15 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (15KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</b>				
D.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
D.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>E</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</b>				
E.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
E.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P
E.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.40	kgs.	P	P
E.4	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.04	cu.m.	P	P
E.5	Metal Works (Hot Dip Galvanized)				
E.5.a	Supply, Delivery and Fabrication	1.00	lot	P	P
E.5.b	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>G</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>H</b>	<b>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	20.88	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.92	cu.m.	P	P
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,289.57	kgs.	P	P
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	set	P	P
H.8	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	ln.m	P	P
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	114.51	sq.m.	P	P
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk, 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Construction of Sumptank</b>				
I.1	Structure Common Excavation	113.34	cu.m.	P	P
I.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	6.98	cu.m.	P	P
I.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	21.86	cu.m.	P	P
I.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	1,130.04	kgs.	P	P
I.5	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.72	cu.m.	P	P
I.6	Rubble Masonry with weepholes (50mm dia. PVS)	16.80	cu.m.	P	P
I.7	Ladder Rung	23.00	pcs.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
I.8	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Trash Rack (2.4 x2.42 m)	1.00	set	P	P
I.9	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Gratings (1.0mx1.1m)	2.00	assy	P	P
<b>J</b>	<b>Irrigation Facilities</b>				
J.1	Distribution Pipes				
J.1.a	Main Conveyance Pipe, Irrigation Pipeline 1,2 & 3				
J.1.a.1	Common Excavation	105.70	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	95.13	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 11				
J.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	397.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.3.b	Installation	397.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.4	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 21				
J.1.a.4.a	Supply Delivery	463.50	m	P	P
J.1.a.4.b	Installation	463.50	m	P	P
J.1.a.5	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 3" SDR 21				
J.1.a.5.a	Supply Delivery	975.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.5.b	Installation	975.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.6	Sand Blanket	55.07	m	P	P



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2	Valves and Miscellaneous Items				
<b>J.2.a</b>	<b>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</b>				
J.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.3	G.I. Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.4	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
J.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P
J.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>J.2.b</b>	<b>Stilling Pool Drain</b>				
J.2.b.1	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.b.2	4" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 1.70m)	1.70	ln.m	P	P
<b>J.2.c</b>	<b>Distribution Pipe</b>				
J.2.c.1	DN100 Gate Valve (3" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.c.2	3" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2.c.3	Supply, Delivery & Installation 3" Dia. G.I Pipe	2.00	ln.m.	P	P
<b>J.2.d</b>	<b>Pipeline 1,2 &amp; 3</b>				
J.2.d.1	G.I. Ball Valve (3")	10.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.2	G.I. Ball Valve (4")	4.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.3	HDPE Tee Joint (3")	5.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.4	HDPE Tee Joint (4")	5.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.d.5	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
	<b>SUB- TOTAL (AREA 5) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 6 (Php14,563,030.37)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Solar Powered Pump</i></b>				
C.1	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	Supply and Delivery	32.00	sets	P	P
C.1.b	Installation	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (15HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				
C.3.a	Supply and Delivery				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (15HP) complete with accessories	1.00	unit	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	560.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	560.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	28.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	units	P	P
C.3.b	Installation				
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (15 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (15KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</b>				
C.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
C.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>E</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</b>				
C.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
C.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.52	kgs.	P	P
C.4	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.04	cu.m.	P	P
C.5	Metal Works (Hot Dip Galvanized)				
C.5.a	Supply, Delivery and Fabrication	1.00	lot	P	P
C.5.b	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>G</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>H</b>	<b>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	20.88	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.91	cu.m.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,228.67	kgs.	P	P
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	set	P	P
H.	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	l.m	P	P
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	100.00	sq.m.	P	P
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk. 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Irrigation Facilities</b>				
H.1	Distribution Pipes				
H.1.a	Main Conveyance Pipe, Irrigation Pipeline 1,2 & 3				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.1.a.1	Common Excavation	135.00	cu.m.	P	P
H.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	121.50	cu.m.	P	P
H.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 13				
H.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	2,000.00	m	P	P
H.1.a.3.b	Installation	2,000.00	m	P	P
H.1.a.4	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 21				
H.1.a.4.a	Supply Delivery	680.00	m	P	P
H.1.a.4.b	Installation	680.00	m	P	P
H.1.a.5	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 3" SDR 21				
H.1.a.5.a	Supply Delivery	660.00	m	P	P
H.1.a.5.b	Installation	660.00	m	P	P
H.1.a.6	Sand Blanket	122.40	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Valves and Miscellaneous Items				
<b>H.2.a</b>	<b>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</b>				
H.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.2.a.3	G.I. Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.a.4	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
H.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P
H.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>H.2.b</b>	<b>Stilling Pool Drain</b>				
H.2.b.1	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.b.2	4" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 1.70m)	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>H.2.c</b>	<b>Distribution Pipe</b>				
H.2.c.1	DN100 Gate Valve (3" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.c.2	3" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.c.3	3" Dia. G.I Pipe (L = 2.00m)	2.00	pcs.	P	P
<b>H.2.d</b>	<b>Pipeline 1 (4" Dia.)</b>				
H.2.d.1	Tee Joint (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.2.d.2	090 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.d.3	Ball Valve (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
H.2.d.4	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>H.2.e</b>	<b>Turnout (Main Pipe) 2 Locations</b>				
H.2.e.1	Tee Joint (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.e.2	090 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.e.3	Ball Valve (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.e.4	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	2.00	pcs.	P	P
<b>H.2.f</b>	<b>Pipeline 2 (3" Dia.)</b>				
H.2.f.1	Ball Valve (3")	8.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.f.2	Tee Joint (3")	4.00	pcs.	P	P
<b>H.2.g</b>	<b>Pipeline 2 (3" Dia.)</b>				
H.2.g.1	Ball Valve (3")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
H.2.g.2	Tee Joint (3")	1.00	pc.	P	P
	<b>SUB- TOTAL (AREA 6) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>BENLIW SRIS_BIABAS AREA 7 (Php9,708,853.17)</b>					
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Mobilization, Demobilization, Temporary Facilities &amp; Project Sign Board</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Construction Safety &amp; Health Program</i></b>	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Solar Powered Pump</i></b>				
C.1	Supply, Delivery and Installation of 600 PV Panels with Fittings & Complete Accessories				
C.1.a	Supply and Delivery	32.00	sets	P	P
C.1.b	Installation	32.00	sets	P	P
C.2	Pumping Test (Specification of pump to be procured is based on the result of pumping test)	1.00	l.s.	P	P
C.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of Submersible Pump (10HP) & Control Panel with Complete Wiring & Fixing Accessories				
C.3.a	Supply and Delivery				
C.3.a.1	Submersible Pump (10HP) complete with accessories	1.00	units	P	P
C.3.a.2	Submersible wire #4/3	50.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.3	1.5" HDPE (Encasement) complete with accessories	50.00	m	P	P
C.3.a.4	HDPE Coupling (1.5 " Dia.)	3.00	pcs.	P	P
C.3.a.5	Flow Meter	1.00	units	P	P
C.3.b	Installation				

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
C.3.b.1	Installation of submersible pump (10 HP), submersible wire, HDPE1.5 (Encasement) with complete accessories.	1.00	l.s	P	P
<b>D</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of Hybrid Inverter (15KW) and Control Panels with Fittings &amp; Complete Wiring &amp; Fixing Accessories</b>				
D.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
D.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>E</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of PV Mounting Structure</b>				
E.1	Structure Common Excavation	2.80	cu.m.	P	P
E.2	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	9.94	cu.m.	P	P
E.3	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	596.52	kgs.	P	P
E.3	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.04	cu.m.	P	P
E.5	Metal Works (Hot Dip Galvanized)				
E.5.a	Supply, Delivery and Fabrication	1.00	lot	P	P
E.5.b	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>F</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit AI Satellite Assisted Monitoring System</b>				
F.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
F.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>G</b>	<b>Supply, Delivery and Installation of One (1) Unit Fertigation System</b>				
G.1	Supply and Delivery	1.00	lot	P	P
G.2	Installation	1.00	lot	P	P
<b>H</b>	<b>Construction of Panel Room, Perimeter Fence, Stilling Pool and NIA Logo</b>				
H.1	Structure Common Excavation	18.28	cu.m.	P	P
H.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	5.15	cu.m.	P	P
H.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm2	20.91	cu.m.	P	P
H.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	2,289.67	kgs.	P	P
H.5	Gravel Bedding	3.34	cu.m.	P	P
H.6	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm2	0.58	cu.m.	P	P
H.7	Supply, delivery and Installation of Solar Led Streetlights system 200 Watts	4.00	set	P	P
H.8	Masonry Works				
H.8.a	4" thk. CHB (Laying & Plastering of Both Sides)	64.60	sq.m.	P	P
H.9	Metal Works				
H.9.a	Supply, delivery, fabrication and installation of metal fence and gate including 2" dia. GI pipe Sched 40 for the fence and solar light post, Ga. #8 Diamond shaped wire mesh 50 x 50 x 2.7mm and all necessary accessories to complete the work.	54.00	l.m	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
H.10	NIA Logo/ Signage	1.00	lot	P	P
H.11	Painting Works (Concrete Surface)	100.00	sq.m.	P	P
H.12	Supply, Delivery & Installation of Door (0.5m x 1.6m) # 8 DIAMOND SHAPE WIRE Mesh, 50x50mmx2.7mm THK and 2" dia. Sch 40 GI Pipe for Framing complete with all accessories to complete the work.	1.00	set	P	P
H.13	Graded Gravel Surfacing x 150mm thk, 3-5cm	27.00	cu.m.	P	P
<b>I</b>	<b>Construction of Sumptank</b>				
I.1	Structure Common Excavation	113.34	cu.m.	P	P
I.2	Structure Backfill w/ compaction	6.98	cu.m.	P	P
I.3	Concrete Class A, 211 kgs/cm <sup>2</sup>	21.86	cu.m.	P	P
I.4	Reinforcing Steel Bar, All Sizes (Grade 40)	1,130.04	kgs.	P	P
I.5	Lean Concrete, Class C, 70 kg/sq.cm <sup>2</sup>	0.72	cu.m.	P	P
I.6	Rubble Masonry with weepholes (50mm dia. PVS)	16.80	cu.m.	P	P
I.7	Ladder Rung	23.00	pcs.	P	P
I.8	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Trash Rack (2.4 x2.42 m)	1.00	sets	P	P
I9	Supply, Fabrication & Installation of Gratings (1.0mx1.1m)	2.00	assy	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
<b>J</b>	<b>Irrigation Facilities</b>				
J.1	Distribution Pipes				
J.1.a	Main Pipe Line				
J.1.a.1	Common Excavation	78.20	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.2	Backfill with Compaction	70.38	cu.m.	P	P
J.1.a.3	Supply, Delivery and Installation of HDPE 4" SDR 13				
J.1.a.3.a	Supply Delivery	763.00	m	P	P
J.1.a.3.b	Installation	763.00	m	P	P
J.2	Valves & Miscellaneous items				
<b>J.2.a</b>	<b>Main Pipelines (Sump Tank to Stilling Pool)</b>				
J.2.a.1	4" Dia. HDPE Coupler	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.2	4" Dia. Check Valve	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.3	Pipe Clamp	4.00	pcs.	P	P
J.	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.a.5	90 Deg. G.I Flange Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
J.2.a.6	Fixing Assembly	3.00	assy.	P	P
J.2.a.7	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	1.00	unit	P	P

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT	UNIT BID PRICE IN WORDS & IN FIGURES	TOTAL
J.2.a.8	45 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	1.00	pc.	P	P
<b>J.2.b</b>	<b>Turnout Line 1</b>				
J.2.b.1	Tee Joint (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.b.2	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.b.3	Ball Valve (4")	2.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.b.4	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	2.00	unit	P	P
<b>J.2.c</b>	<b>Turnout Line 2</b>				
J.2.c.1	Tee Joint (4")	3.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.c.2	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	3.00	pcs.	P	P
J.2.c.3	90 Deg. PE Elbow (4")	3.00	pcs.		P
J.2.c.4	DN100 Gate Valve (4" Dia.)	3.00	unit	P	P
	<b>SUB- TOTAL (AREA 7) AMT. OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				
	<b>TOTAL AMOUNT OF BIDS</b>				P
	<b>(In words and Figures)</b>				

The undersigned bidder hereby certifies that he has fully informed himself of all condition, local and otherwise affecting the carrying out of the Contract works and that his bid has been prepared in strict accordance with the terms and condition.

Name of Firm: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name in Print & Signature of Bidder

## ***Section IX. Checklist of Technical and Financial Documents***



## I. TECHNICAL COMPONENT ENVELOPE

### *Class “A” Documents*

#### Legal Documents

- ☐ (a) Valid PhilGEPS Registration Certificate (Platinum Membership) (all pages) in accordance with Section 8.5.2 of the IRR;

#### Technical Documents

- ☐ (b) Statement of the prospective bidder of all its ongoing government and private contracts, including contracts awarded but not yet started, if any, whether similar or not similar in nature and complexity to the contract to be bid; **and**
- ☐ (c) Statement of the bidder’s Single Largest Completed Contract (SLCC) similar to the contract to be bid, except under conditions provided under the rules; **and**
- ☐ (d) Special PCAB License in case of Joint Ventures **and** registration for the type and cost of the contract to be bid; **and**
- ☐ (e) Original copy of Bid Security. If in the form of a Surety Bond, submit also a certification issued by the Insurance Commission **or** original copy of Notarized Bid Securing Declaration; **and**
- ☐ (f) Project Requirements, which shall include the following:
  - ☐ a. Organizational chart for the contract to be bid;
  - ☐ b. List of contractor’s key personnel (*e.g.*, Project Manager, Project Engineers, Materials Engineers, and Foremen), to be assigned to the contract to be bid, with their complete qualification and experience data;
  - ☐ c. List of contractor’s major equipment units, which are owned, leased, and/or under purchase agreements, supported by proof of ownership or certification of availability of equipment from the equipment lessor/vendor for the duration of the project, as the case may be; **and**
- ☐ (g) Original duly signed Omnibus Sworn Statement (OSS) **and** if applicable, Original Notarized Secretary’s Certificate in case of a corporation, partnership, or cooperative; or Original Special Power of Attorney of all members of the joint venture giving full power and authority to its officer to sign the OSS and do acts to represent the Bidder.

#### Financial Documents

- ☐ (h) The prospective bidder’s computation of Net Financial Contracting Capacity (NFCC).

### *Class “B” Documents*

- ☐ (i) If applicable, duly signed joint venture agreement (JVA) in accordance with RA No. 4566 and its IRR in case the joint venture is already in existence **or**

duly notarized statements from all the potential joint venture partners stating that they will enter into and abide by the provisions of the JVA in the instance that the bid is successful.

## **II. FINANCIAL COMPONENT ENVELOPE**

- ☐ (j) Original of duly signed and accomplished Financial Bid Form; **and**

### **Other documentary requirements under RA No. 9184**

- ☐ (k) Original of duly signed Bid Prices in the Bill of Quantities; **and**
- ☐ (l) Duly accomplished Detailed Estimates Form, including a summary sheets indicating the unit prices of construction materials, labor rates, and equipment rentals used in coming up with the Bid; **and**
- ☐ (m) Cash Flow by Quarter.

## ***Section IX LOCAL CONDITION***

### **LC-01 PROJECT LOCATION**

The Establishment of Pump Irrigation Project is located at Benliw SRIS, Biabas Area Ubay, Bohol.

### **LC-02 ACCESS TO THE SITE**

The contract work is located at Ubay, Bohol. Passing through different service roads by fairly to well graveled road which may deteriorate if used during rainy days. Maintenance and repair of these service roads by the contractor is necessary if so used by them. The cost of maintenance and repair shall be included in the unit bid price of the contractor.

### **LC-03 FUEL AND POWER SUPPLIES**

The major fuel station outlets such as Petron, Caltex and Shell are found in the nearest city of the project and other surrounding municipalities.

The main source of energy is supplied by the National Grid Corporation of the Philippines (NGCP) and locally distributed by the respective electric cooperatives and is presently available at the above-stated address of the project site.

### **LC-04 CLIMATE AND HYDROLOGY**

Bohol belongs to the type IV climate zone of the Philippines. It has a characteristic that the rainfall distribution is fairly even throughout the year as seen in the climatic data, three months from March to May are comparatively dry. Heavy rains are always brought by typhoons. During the past twenty years two super-typhoon visited Bohol: Ining in November, 1964 (record rainfall typhoons were accompanied by big floods in Wahig River. The peak flood water level of Ining reached the hand rail of the national highway bridge over the Wahig river.

But most of the normal rainfalls are strong showers but short. Earth gets dry very quickly after rainfall. On this account considerable working days will be secured even in the wet season.

Rainfall summarized in the following table, but NIA will assume no responsibility whatsoever for the accuracy of these data. Any risk arising from the interpretation of such data is to be entirely borne by the Contractor.

## **CLIMATE**

<b>Month</b>	<b>Rainfall in BES/1 (mm)</b>	<b>Rainy Days BES/2</b>
Jan.	199.40	10
Feb.	170.50	8
March	127.40	8
April	90.06	5
May	178.30	7
June	174.03	8
July	142.65	9
Aug.	163.00	10
Sept.	165.25	8
Oct.	196.00	8
Nov.	212.30	9
Dec.	164.60	9
Total	2049.6	

*/1: BES is the rainfall station close to the project area*

*/2: Daily rainfall less than 5 mm is deemed zero and not counted as rainy day.*

### **LC-05 BANKING FACILITIES**

Most rural banks are available at nearby of the project area while major banking facilities are found in Tagbilaran City like; Development Bank of the Philippines, Land Bank of the Philippines, Philippine National Bank and other private banks.

### **LC-06 COMMUNITY AND FIRST AID FACILITIES**

The Contractor is advised that the NIA will take no direct part in providing community facilities such as churches, shops, community center and recreation facilities for Contractor's employees. The Contractor shall make his own arrangements for such as he considers being necessary for the approval of the NIA and shall meet all codes or regulations in effect. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to furnish and operate first aid for his personnel. Such facilities may be integrated with the NIA facilities, if any, upon mutual agreement.

### **LC-07 CONTRACTOR'S WORKING AREA AND SITE OFFICE**

The Contractor shall, at his own expense, be responsible for housing, feeding and accommodation of all his employees for the execution of the Contract Work. Construction equipment, materials, tools, supplies, and other incidentals, and all cost incurred for the protection and safety shall be borne by him.

### **LC-08 WATER SUPPLY**

The Contractor shall, at his own expense, be responsible for the provision or installation, operation and maintenance of a safe, adequate and temporary supply of drinking and domestic water, and the adequate water supply for his construction purposes.

**LC-09 RIGHT OF WAY**

The NIA will provide all right of way, free of charge to the contractor, which, in the opinion of the Regional Manager, necessary for carrying out the contract work.

**LC-10 SITE INVESTIGATION**

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to visit the work site to make their own investigation to satisfy themselves as to the existing conditions affecting the work to be done under these Specifications.

The Contractor shall assume all responsibilities for deduction and conclusions that he may obtain or arrive at from the site inspection.

## INFORMATION AND DATA REFERRED TO IN THESE BID DOCUMENTS

### PROJECT: ESTABLISHMENT OF PUMP IRRIGATION PROJECTS

Construction and Installation of Solar Powered Pump Irrigation Projects with AI  
Satellite-Assisted Monitoring and Fertigation System

#### Site Visit and Inspection

Register at NIA, Regional Office No.7, Dao District, Tagbilaran City, Bohol

1. Wet Season Period, Article LC-04
2. Contract Duration - 180 calendar days
3. List of Officers/Offices to be furnished correspondence from the Contractor

The Regional Manager  
NIA Regional Office 7  
Dao District, Tagbilaran City

4. Minimum Equipment Requirement for the Contract:

	Equipment	Capacity	Number of Units
1.	Cargo/Dump truck	4 cu.m.	3
2.	Concrete Mixer	1 Bagger	7
3.	Welding Machine	300A	7
4.	Bar cutter (manual or cut-off)		4
5.	Concrete Vibrator		7
6.	Vibratory Plate/Rammer Compactor		7
7.	Survey Instrument (Automatic Level/Total Station)	set	2
8.	Concrete Cylinder Molds *Note: 1 set = 3cylinder molds	sets	4
9	Water Pump	10Hp	7
10.	Backhoe (hydraulic)	0.40 cu.m.	2
11.	Electrical Tools (set)	set	7
12.	Plumbing Tools (set)	set	7
13.	Butt Fusion Machine	set	1
14.	Compressor	(160cfm)	1
15.	Generator Set	(≥ 25 kVA)	1
16.	Submersible Pump (for pump testing)	10HP/15HP	1
17.	Cut-off Machine	14" diameter	3

5. List of Initial Equipment required to be mobilized within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed

	Equipment	Capacity	Number of Units
1.	Cargo/Dump truck	4 cu.m.	2
2.	Concrete Mixer	1 Bagger	4
3.	Welding Machine	300A	4
4.	Bar cutter		2
5.	Concrete Vibrator		4
6.	Survey Instrument (Automatic Level/Total Station)	set	1
7.	Concrete Cylinder Molds *Note: 1 set = 3cylinder molds	sets	2
8.	Water Pump	10Hp	4
9.	Backhoe (hydraulic)	0.40 cu.m.	1
10.	Compressor	(160cfm)	1
11.	Generator Set	( $\geq 25$ kVA)	1
12.	Submersible Pump (for pump testing)	10HP/15HP	1
13.	Cut-off Machine	14" diameter	1



## **Section X. BIDDING FORMS**

**STATEMENT OF THE BIDDERS OF ALL ITS ONGOING GOVERNMENT & PRIVATE  
CONTRACTS INCLUDING CONTRACTS AWARDED BUT NOT YET STARTED**

Business Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Business Address : \_\_\_\_\_

NAME OF CONTRACT	CONTRACT DATE	CONTRACT PERIOD	CONTRACT AMOUNT	Amount or Value of Outstanding Works or Unperformed Portion
<u>Government</u>				
<u>Private</u>				

Submitted by : \_\_\_\_\_  
(Printed Name & Signature)

Designation : \_\_\_\_\_

Date : \_\_\_\_\_

National Irrigation Administration  
Region 7

**STATEMENT OF THE BIDDER'S SINGLE LARGEST COMPLETED CONTRACTS (SLCC) SIMILAR TO  
THE CONTRACT TO BE BID**

Business Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Business Address : \_\_\_\_\_

NAME OF COMPLETED CONTRACT	DATE OF CONTRACT	CONTRACT DURATION	CONTRACT AMOUNT
<u>Government</u>			
<u>Private</u>			

Note: This statement shall be supported with:

Owner's Certificate of Final Acceptance or a final rating of at least Satisfactory in the CPES

Submitted by : \_\_\_\_\_

(Printed Name & Signature)

Designation : \_\_\_\_\_

Date : \_\_\_\_\_

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)  
CITY OF \_\_\_\_\_) S.S.

**BID SECURING DECLARATION**  
Project Identification No.: RIO-LMC-04-2025

To: [Insert name and address of the Procuring Entity]

I/We, the undersigned, declare that:

1. I/We understand that, according to your conditions, bids must be supported by a Bid Security, which may be in the form of a Bid Securing Declaration.
2. I/We accept that: (a) I/we will be automatically disqualified from bidding for any procurement contract with any procuring entity for a period of two (2) years upon receipt of your Blacklisting Order; and, (b) I/we will pay the applicable fine provided under Section 6 of the Guidelines on the Use of Bid Securing Declaration, within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the written demand by the procuring entity for the commission of acts resulting to the enforcement of the bid securing declaration under Sections 23.1(b), 34.2, 40.1 and 69.1, except 69.1(f), of the IRR of RA No. 9184; without prejudice to other legal action the government may undertake.
3. I/We understand that this Bid Securing Declaration shall cease to be valid on the following circumstances:
  - a. Upon expiration of the bid validity period, or any extension thereof pursuant to your request;
  - b. I am/we are declared ineligible or post-disqualified upon receipt of your notice to such effect, and (i) I/we failed to timely file a request for reconsideration or (ii) I/we filed a waiver to avail of said right; and
  - c. I am/we are declared the bidder with the Lowest Calculated Responsive Bid, and I/we have furnished the performance security and signed the Contract.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I/We have hereunto set my/our hand/s this \_\_\_\_day of [month]  
[year] at [place of execution].

[Insert NAME OF BIDDER OR ITS AUTHORIZED  
REPRESENTATIVE]  
[Insert signatory's legal capacity]  
Affiant

***[Jurat]***

*[Format shall be based on the latest Rules on Notarial Practice]*



## Omnibus Sworn Statement

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REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
CITY/MUNICIPALITY OF \_\_\_\_\_) S.S.

### AFFIDAVIT

I, [Name of Affiant], of legal age, [Civil Status], [Nationality], and residing at [Address of Affiant], after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, do hereby depose and state that:

1. [Select one, delete the other:]

[If a sole proprietorship:] I am the sole proprietor or authorized representative of [Name of Bidder] with office address at [address of Bidder];

[If a partnership, corporation, cooperative, or joint venture:] I am the duly authorized and designated representative of [Name of Bidder] with office address at [address of Bidder];

2. [Select one, delete the other:]

[If a sole proprietorship:] As the owner and sole proprietor, or authorized representative of [Name of Bidder], I have full power and authority to do, execute and perform any and all acts necessary to participate, submit the bid, and to sign and execute the ensuing contract for [Name of the Project] of the [Name of the Procuring Entity], as shown in the attached duly notarized Special Power of Attorney;

[If a partnership, corporation, cooperative, or joint venture:] I am granted full power and authority to do, execute and perform any and all acts necessary to participate, submit the bid, and to sign and execute the ensuing contract for [Name of the Project] of the [Name of the Procuring Entity], as shown in the attached [state title of attached document showing proof of authorization (e.g., duly notarized Secretary's Certificate, Board/Partnership Resolution, or Special Power of Attorney, whichever is applicable)];

3. [Name of Bidder] is not "blacklisted" or barred from bidding by the Government of the Philippines or any of its agencies, offices, corporations, or Local Government Units, foreign government/foreign or international financing institution whose blacklisting rules have been recognized by the Government Procurement Policy Board, **by itself or by relation, membership, association, affiliation, or controlling interest with another blacklisted person or entity as defined and provided for in the Uniform Guidelines on Blacklisting;**

4. Each of the documents submitted in satisfaction of the bidding requirements is an authentic copy of the original, complete, and all statements and information provided therein are true and correct;

5. [Name of Bidder] is authorizing the Head of the Procuring Entity or its duly authorized representative(s) to verify all the documents submitted;

6. [Select one, delete the rest:]

[If a sole proprietorship:] The owner or sole proprietor is not related to the Head of the Procuring Entity, members of the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC), the Technical Working Group, and the BAC Secretariat, the head of the Project Management Office or the end-user unit, and the project consultants by consanguinity or affinity up to the third civil degree;

[If a partnership or cooperative:] None of the officers and members of [Name of Bidder] is related to the Head of the Procuring Entity, members of the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC), the Technical Working Group, and the BAC Secretariat, the head of the Project Management Office or the end-user unit, and the project consultants by consanguinity or affinity up to the third civil degree;

[If a corporation or joint venture:] None of the officers, directors, and controlling stockholders of [Name of Bidder] is related to the Head of the Procuring Entity, members of the Bids and Awards Committee (BAC), the Technical Working Group, and the BAC Secretariat, the head of the Project Management Office or the end-user unit, and the project consultants by consanguinity or affinity up to the third civil degree;

7. [Name of Bidder] complies with existing labor laws and standards; and
8. [Name of Bidder] is aware of and has undertaken the responsibilities as a Bidder in compliance with the Philippine Bidding Documents, which includes:
  - a. Carefully examining all of the Bidding Documents;
  - b. Acknowledging all conditions, local or otherwise, affecting the implementation of the Contract;
  - c. Making an estimate of the facilities available and needed for the contract to be bid, if any; and
  - d. Inquiring or securing Supplemental/Bid Bulletin(s) issued for the [Name of the Project].
9. [Name of Bidder] did not give or pay directly or indirectly, any commission, amount, fee, or any form of consideration, pecuniary or otherwise, to any person or official, personnel or representative of the government in relation to any procurement project or activity.
10. **In case advance payment was made or given, failure to perform or deliver any of the obligations and undertakings in the contract shall be sufficient grounds to constitute criminal liability for Swindling (Estafa) or the commission of fraud with unfaithfulness or abuse of confidence through misappropriating or converting any payment received by a person or entity under an obligation involving the duty to deliver certain goods or services, to the prejudice of the public and the government of the Philippines pursuant to Article 315 of Act No. 3815 s. 1930, as amended, or the Revised Penal Code.**

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this \_\_ day of \_\_, 20\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_, Philippines.

[Insert NAME OF BIDDER OR ITS AUTHORIZED  
REPRESENTATIVE]  
[Insert signatory's legal capacity]  
Affiant

***[Jurat]***

*[Format shall be based on the latest Rules on Notarial Practice]*



## BID FORM

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Identification No.: RIO-LMC-04-2025

To: [name and address of Procuring Entity]

Having examined the Philippine Bidding Documents (PBDs) including the Supplemental or Bid Bulletin Numbers [insert numbers], the receipt of which is hereby duly acknowledged, we, the undersigned, declare that:

- a. We have no reservation to the PBDs, including the Supplemental or Bid Bulletins, for the Procurement Project: [insert name of contract];
- b. We offer to execute the Works for this Contract in accordance with the PBDs;
- c. The total price of our Bid in words and figures, excluding any discounts offered below is: [insert information];
- d. The discounts offered and the methodology for their application are: [insert information];
- e. The total bid price includes the cost of all taxes, such as, but not limited to: [specify the applicable taxes, e.g. (i) value added tax (VAT), (ii) income tax, (iii) local taxes, and (iv) other fiscal levies and duties], which are itemized herein and reflected in the detailed estimates,
- f. Our Bid shall be valid within the a period stated in the PBDs, and it shall remain binding upon us at any time before the expiration of that period;
- g. If our Bid is accepted, we commit to obtain a Performance Security in the amount of [insert percentage amount] percent of the Contract Price for the due performance of the Contract, or a Performance Securing Declaration in lieu of the the allowable forms of Performance Security, subject to the terms and conditions of issued GPPB guidelines<sup>12</sup> for this purpose;
- h. We are not participating, as Bidders, in more than one Bid in this bidding process, other than alternative offers in accordance with the Bidding Documents;
- i. We understand that this Bid, together with your written acceptance thereof included in your notification of award, shall constitute a binding contract between us, until a formal Contract is prepared and executed; and
- j. We understand that you are not bound to accept the Lowest Calculated Bid or any other Bid that you may receive.
- k. We likewise certify/confirm that the undersigned, is the duly authorized representative of the bidder, and granted full power and authority to do, execute and perform any and

all acts necessary to participate, submit the bid, and to sign and execute the ensuing contract for the [Name of Project] of the [Name of the Procuring Entity].

1. We acknowledge that failure to sign each and every page of this Bid Form, including the Bill of Quantities, shall be a ground for the rejection of our bid.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Legal Capacity: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Duly authorized to sign the Bid for and behalf of: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## DETAILED COST ESTIMATE

Contract No. :

Name of Project :

DERIVATION OF UNIT COST			Unit	
			Quantity	
Item No. : _____				
Work Description : _____				
DESCRIPTION	QTY	UNIT	UNIT COST	AMOUNT
<b>A. ESTIMATED DIRECT COST (EDC)</b>				
1. MATERIAL COST				
<i>TOTAL MATERIAL COST:</i>				
2. LABOR COST				
<i>TOTAL LABOR COST:</i>				
3. EQUIPMENT COST				
<i>TOTAL EQUIPMENT COST:</i>				
<b>TOTAL A (Estimated Direct Cost):</b>				
<b>B. MARK - UPS</b>				
OCM _____				
Contractor's Profit _____				
<b>TOTAL B (OCM and Contractor's Profit):</b>				
<b>C. VALUE ADDED TAX (VAT)</b>				
<b>TOTAL C (VAT ) (12% of A and B):</b>				
<b>TOTAL COST OF WORK ITEM (Sum of A, B and C)</b>				
<b>UNIT COST (Total Cost of Work Item/Quantity)</b>				

**GUIDELINES IN COMPUTING THE OVERHEAD, CONTINGENCIES AND MISCELLANEOUS (OCM) AND PROFIT**

ESTIMATED DIRECT COST (EDC)	INDIRECT COST % FOR OCM AND PROFIT		TOTAL INDIRECT COST % FOR OCM AND PROFIT
	OCM ( % OF EDC)	PROFIT ( % OF EDC)	
Up to Php 5 Million	15	10	25
Above Php 5M up to Php 50M	12	8	20
Above Php 50M up to Php 150M	10	8	18
Above Php 150M	8	8	16

**OCM** - Overhead, Contingencies and Miscellaneous

VAT COMPONENT - shall be **12%** of the sum of EDC, OCM and Profit



Regional Irrigation Office 7  
National Irrigation Administration

Contract No. :  
Name of Contract :  
Address :  
Calendar Days :

CASH FLOW AND PAYMENT SCHEDULE

PARTICULAR	% WT.	QTR	1st QUARTER			2ND QUARTER			3RD QUARTER			4TH QUARTER		
		MO.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		CD	30	60	90	120	150	180	210	240	270	300	330	360
ACCOMPLISHMENT (%)														
CASH FLOW (P)														
CUMULATIVE ACCOMPLISHMENT (%)														
CUMULATIVE CASH FLOW (P)														

Submitted by:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name and Signature

Date:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Firm

